

50 من الأصل

All the News  
is Fit to Print

# The New York Times

LATE CITY EDITION

Weather: Sunny, warm today; cool tonight. Chance of rain tomorrow. Temperature range: today 45-70; Friday 36-68. Details on page 54.

XV... No. 43,155

© 1976 The New York Times Company

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1976

25 cents beyond 35-mile zone from New York City, except Long Island, higher in air delivery cities.

20 CENTS



Margaret with her son, Viscount Linley, leaving her home in Kensington Palace after announcement

## Margaret and Snowdon Agree to Separate



Snowdon at airport in Sydney, Australia

**By BERNARD WEINRAUB**  
Special to The New York Times

LONDON, March 19—Princess Margaret and the Earl of Snowdon are separating after 16 years of marriage, it was announced today.

A brief statement from Kensington Palace, the home of the 45-year-old Princess, said: "Her royal highness, the Princess Margaret, Countess of Snowdon, and the Earl of Snowdon have mutually agreed to live apart. The Princess will carry out her public duties and functions unaccompanied by Lord Snowdon. There are no plans for divorce proceedings."

The development, which followed nearly a week of newspaper speculation and persistent rumors of marital strain, is part of the gravest crisis in the royal family since Margaret's uncle, King Edward VIII, abdicated in 1936 to marry a divorced woman, Wallis Warfield Simpson.

Immediately after the statement, a spokesman for Queen Elizabeth II said: "The Queen is naturally very sad at what has happened."

Alluding to reports that the Queen had sought to persuade the couple not to divorce, the spokesman said: "There has been no pressure from the Queen on either Princess Margaret or Lord Snowdon to take any particular course."

The marriage, which started as a romantic idyll with a trace of bohemianism, has reportedly been in difficulty for years as the couple led virtually separate lives. Lord Snowdon continued in his career as a photographer; Princess Margaret was often seen without him at restaurants and parties, and made frequent visits to the

Continued on Page 5, Column 3

## 2 RHODESIAN SIDES BREAK OFF TALKS, APPEAL TO BRITAIN

Impasse Ascribed by Black to Whites' insistence on Decade of Transition

**By HENRY KAMM**  
Special to The New York Times

JOHANNESBURG, March 19—Negotiations between the Rhodesian Government and black nationalists were broken off today and both sides called on Britain to resolve their dispute.

In a joint statement at Salisbury, the Rhodesian capital, Prime Minister Ian D. Smith and Joshua Nkomo, leader of a faction of the divided African National Council, declared that the break had been agreed on "to provide an opportunity for consultation and reconsideration."

Each side blamed the other for the failure to achieve a constitutional agreement in the talks, which began last December. Mr. Nkomo couched his comments with a suggestion for increased guerrilla action.

Nkomo Assails Smith Regime

Speaking of the Smith Government, he said: "These people have refused to remove the cause of war. It is obvious that they have said they are prepared for war. They have done it, not us."

Talking to journalists, Mr. Nkomo said that the impasse had been reached because the Government insisted on a transition period of 10 to 15 years before majority rule. Rhodesia has 6.1 million black citizens and 278,000 whites and an all-white Government.

Mr. Smith advanced two reasons for the breakoff. The first he cited was that Mr. Nkomo had demanded the immediate resignation of the Government and dissolution of Parliament, in which 16 black members sit alongside 50 whites, all belonging to Mr. Smith's Rhodesian Front Party.

Interim Council Proposed

The black leader, according to the Prime Minister, wanted the present government bodies replaced by an interim council headed by a British-appointed chairman and composed of an equal number of Government and African National Council members.

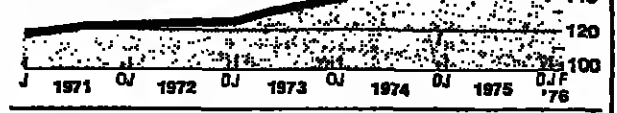
The second reason offered by Mr. Smith was Mr. Nkomo's insistence on a lowering of the franchise qualifications that would result to a black parliamentary majority in the first election.

Mr. Nkomo has consistently said in private that he would accept nothing short of majority rule. Under the present franchise requirements—property, earnings and education—about 80,000 whites and 8,000

Continued on Page 3, Column 1

## Consumer Price Index 1967=100

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



United States	Index	Percentage change from	Point change from
		Jan. 1976	Jan. 1976
All Items	137.1	+0.1	+0.4
Food	178.4	-1.0	-1.8
Housing	173.9	+0.3	+0.8
Transportation	196.9	+0.5	+1.3
Health and Recreation	159.7	+0.1	+1.1

## February Level of Prices Almost Stable in City Area

Consumer prices in the New York-Northeast New Jersey area displayed in February a stability not seen in years, with food prices recording the smallest overall rise in four years, the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics reported yesterday.

New York-Northeast New Jersey	Index	Percentage change from	Point change from
		Jan. 1976	Jan. 1976
All Items	173.5	-0.1	+0.8
Food	199.5	-0.5	-1.8
Housing	173.9	+0.5	+0.8
Transportation	171.1	+0.1	+0.2
Health and Recreation	163.9	+0.5	+1.3

Not seasonally adjusted. The New York Times/March 20, 1976

## PRICE INDEX IS UP SMALLEST AMOUNT IN OVER 4 YEARS

February Increase of 0.1% Confirms Earlier Signals of Slowing Inflation

## FOOD COSTS DOWN 1.5%

Overall Increase is Now at Rate of 4.4% a Year—Gain for Ford Hinted

**By EDWIN L. DALE JR.**  
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, March 19—Consumer prices rose in February by the smallest amount for any month in more than four years, the Labor Department reported today.

The rise in the Consumer Price Index of only one-tenth of 1 percent reflected mainly a drop in meat prices, which may not continue.

Almost no economists, in or out of government, expect the nation's inflation to continue at the negligible February pace, meaning that future months will not show quite such good news. Still, today's report was further evidence of a very real slackening of inflation, confirming earlier signals from the Wholesale Price Index. In the last three months, consumer prices have risen at an annual rate of 4.4 percent, a vast improvement from the "double-digit" inflation of late 1973 and all of 1974.

## Other Optimistic Notes

In another economic development, Frank G. Zarb, the Federal energy administrator, was reported close to a change in energy regulations that would raise heavy fuel oil prices on the East Coast. [Details on Page 30.]

Food prices, the key factor in the February Consumer Price Index report, continued to reflect in part last year's bountiful harvest. The index for food purchased in stores dropped by 1.5 percent, the largest decline for a month since 1952. Beef led the way with a drop of 5.9 percent, and there were also declines in pork, poultry, fresh fruit, fresh vegetables, sugar and dairy products. Coffee prices, gradually reflecting last summer's freeze in Brazil, went up.

The consumer Price Index for February was 167.1, with 1967 prices taken as a base of 100. This means that prices of the "market basket" of goods and services included in the index have gone up by about two-thirds since the 1967 base period.

The rise in the Consumer Price Index of one-tenth of 1 percent was after adjustment,

## INQUIRY ORDERED

First Report on Mishandling of Inadequate

## CREWDSON

New York Times

March 19—The Justice Department has ordered an inquiry into alleged instances of racial discrimination in the Federal investigation, acknowledged officials.

The target of these officials is Mohr, the bureau's division, who was approving all equipment.

Mr. Hearst, who is president of The San Francisco Examiner and chairman of the Hearst Corporation, told reporters that as the trial's end approached his wife had been unable to

## Hearst Jury Deliberates 6 Hours in First Session

By WALLACE TURNER

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19—The jury in Patricia Hearst's bank robbery trial began deliberations shortly before 11 A.M. today, trying to decide whether she willingly participated in a holdup or acted under coercion and in fear of death.

The seven women and five men on the panel received the case after Federal District Judge Oliver J. Carter instructed them for about an hour.

The jurors ended their first day of deliberations—the 39th day of the trial—at 5 P.M. They will resume at 9 A.M. tomorrow.

As the judge was delivering his charge, the 22-year-old defendant's mother, Catherine Hearst, left the courtroom weeping. The doors had been locked so that the audience would remain during his remarks, but they were opened to allow Mrs. Hearst to leave. She had been crying from the moment she came into court.

"I guess I chickened out," she said as she was helped into an elevator before being taken to the apartment where she and her husband, Randolph A. Hearst, live on Nob Hill.

Mr. Hearst, who is president of The San Francisco Examiner and chairman of the Hearst Corporation, told reporters that as the trial's end approached his wife had been unable to

## COURT BACKS CURB ON GASOLINE LEAD

Decision Appears to Uphold E.P.A. Right to Head Off Potential Health Peril

By The Associated Press

WASHINGTON, March 19—In a major environmental decision, the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia ruled today that the Environmental Protection Agency may order reductions of lead in gasoline to head off potential but not fully proved public health hazards.

The court's attitude appeared to uphold the agency's authority to regulate a broad range of environmental issues where danger to human health seemed likely, even though danger had not been scientifically proved.

The decision cited as similar examples such recent environmental controversies as the discharge of asbestos fibers into water, occupational exposures to vinyl chloride and the banned use of such pesticides as DDT, aldrin and dieldrin.

**5-to-4 Decision**

Reviewed by all nine appellate court judges, the 5-to-4 decision authorized the environmental agency to enforce regulations first issued in 1973, requiring the staged reduction of lead in gasoline over five years.

The agency's schedule called for reductions starting this year and increasing through 1979.

The majority decision agreed with the environmental agency that lead emitted by automobile exhaust was absorbed by human beings from the air they breathed and, added to lead from other sources, could build up poisonous levels of lead in the body.

In small amounts, lead can cause brain damage, in large

Continued on Page 13, Column 1

## Carbide, 3,500 on Staff, to Quit City

**By MEL STIERNE**

Carbide Corporation's second largest manufacturer, announced yesterday that it was giving up its space in the Look Building on Madison Avenue and relocating its headquarters staff of 25 in Daytona Beach, Fla.

"While we recognize that New York City does have many advantages," a letter to Carbide employees said, "the long-term quality of life needs of our headquarters employees were the overriding factor in arriving at this conclusion."

A company spokesman said the principal problem Carbide had in New York was its inability to get middle managers, technicians, engineers and others to come to the city to work and be trained for senior management posts.

Their reluctance was a compound of fear of crime, distaste for dirt and congestion, weak public schools and high living costs in the city, and the remoteness and high commuting expense from suburbs they could afford.

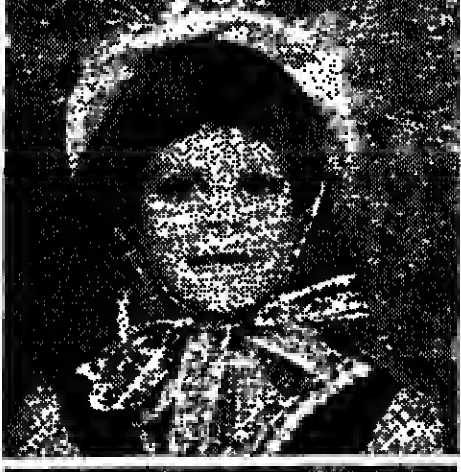
The company last week took title to a 144-acre plot on Ridgebury Road in Danbury and has options and contracts to buy 500 acres more in 10 adjoining plots. If satisfactory arrangements can be made with Danbury and state officials for road, sewer and water supply

## NEWS INDEX

Page	Page
Antiques ..... 21	Man in the News ..... 5
Art ..... 14-19	Movies ..... 32-34
Books ..... 25	Music ..... 32-34
Bridge ..... 24	Notes on People ..... 17
Business ..... 38-41	Obituaries ..... 39
Churches ..... 34	Op-Ed ..... 27
Crossword ..... 25	Society ..... 17
Editorials ..... 26	Sports ..... 21-24
Family/Society ..... 16	Theater ..... 33-34
Financial ..... 35-43	Transportation ..... 54
Going Out Guide ..... 32	TV and Radio ..... 35-38
Letters ..... 26	Weather ..... 54

News Summary and Index, Page 29

## 2 Mellon Children Abducted Here in Custody Battle



Constance Elizabeth Mellon, 5, top, and her sister, Catherine Leigh, 7, shown in party dress recently.

**By FRED FERRETTI**

The two young daughters of Seward Prosser Mellon, the Pittsburgh banker who is an heir to the Mellon empire, were abducted by three men yesterday morning as the girls left their Brooklyn home for school with their bodyguard.

Catherine Leigh Mellon, 7 years old, and Constance Elizabeth Mellon, 5, subjects of a continuing custody battle between Mr. Mellon and his former wife, Karen Leigh Boyd Mellon, were reported to be somewhere in Pennsylvania.

"The children are safe with me," Mr. Mellon said late yesterday in an out-of-state telephone call, but he declined to say where they were.

Mrs. Mellon had been living with her daughters in the top-floor apartment of an attached two-family house in the middle-class Bath Beach area of Brooklyn since December. The youngsters were allegedly abducted by agents acting for the mother while visiting her in Durham, N.C., three months ago.

Mrs. Mellon was awarded custody of the girls last month by a New York State Supreme Court justice, a judgment that Mr. Mellon refused to regard as legal. Two years ago, Mr. Mellon was awarded custody of



Karen Leigh Boyd Mellon, carrying a stuffed dog belonging to one of her daughters, leaving the 62d Precinct.

CALL FOR THE FREE NUMBER FROM HOME DELIVERY OF THE NEW YORK TIMES TELEPHONE 992-4100



South Korean Labor Benefits Little in Boom

By RICHARD HALLORAN Special to The New York Times

SEOUL, South Korea, March 13—The 59-year-old machinist leaned against his lathe, the stub of a cigarette between his grimy fingers, and said: "I was like this five years ago and I'll be like this five years from now."

Theo the machinist, Pak Tae Sun, thought about it a minute. "No," he said slowly, "in terms of my income, I'd say I'm getting less today than I used to. The price of rice, clothes, everything has just gone up too much."

The name of Pak Tae Sun and those of other workers interviewed in the article are fictitious. The South Korean authorities often harass or punish citizens who tell foreign reporters what they think of political or economic conditions here.

Kim Ho Sang is a wiry 27-year-old who drives a dump truck for a big construction company. During a break at the job site, Mr. Kim told a visitor, "My life hasn't gotten much better—my salary has not risen as fast as the price of rice."

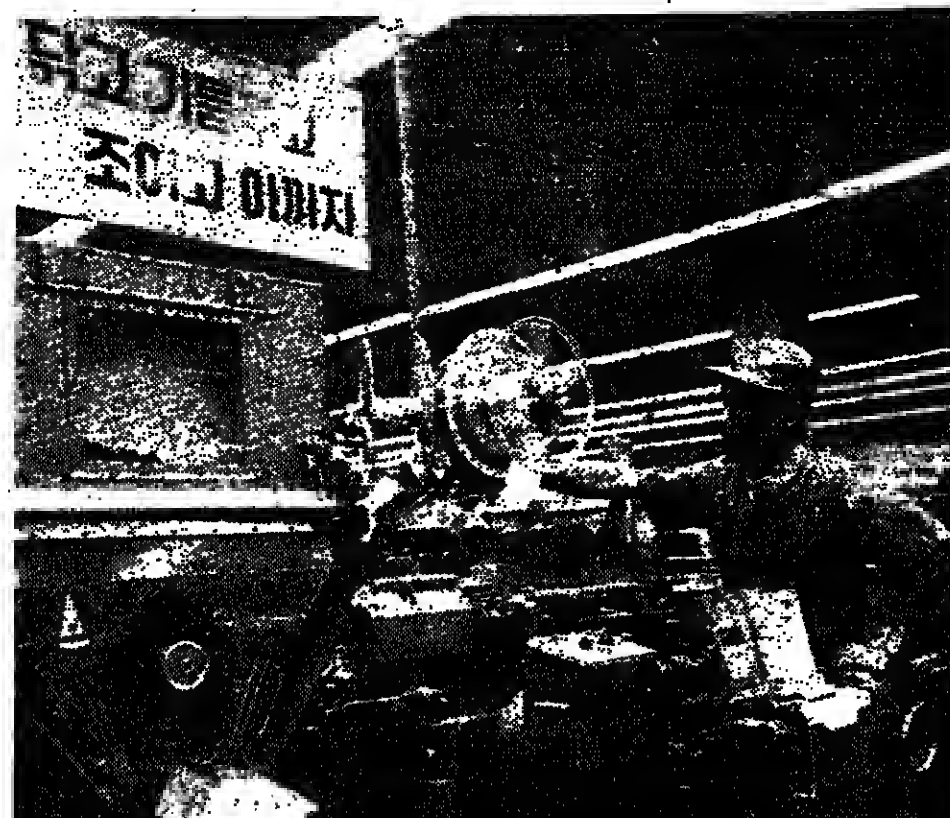
A textile worker, Lee Mi Wha, is 19 and works 12 hours a day, seven days a week, tending five machines in a deafening mill. For that she gets \$65 a month and is trying desperately to save \$1,000 for a dowry so she can quit and find a husband.

These three are among 14 million members of the hard-working labor force that has sweated away years to bring off an economic leap forward here.

Nationwide Wage Survey. They are succeeding, as the surge in economic growth rates shows. But by all accounts, they have not benefited much from that progress.

Besides suffering the ravages of inflation, South Korean workers are still paid at strikingly low rates. The scale is so low and the market is so tight that it is becoming so audible that President Park Chung Hee has ordered a nationwide investigation. He underscored that this week when he ordered businessmen to improve the welfare of workers.

The Office of Labor Affairs reported last week that the average wage here was \$93 a month, well below the \$142 a month that the Economic Planning Board has



South Korean worker at a tobacco plant in Sintanjin. Wages and working conditions have not kept pace with the expanding economy in South Korea.

lagging wage rates, the Federation of Korean Trade Unions has demanded a 50 percent increase in wages this year, with some unions, in textile and chemical works, asking up to 60 percent.

But in a nation in which strikes are forbidden, where Government controls on labor are strict and where the unemployment rate is at least 7 percent, labor is likely to get closer to the 15 percent wage rise that employers are offering.

Exploitation Is Charged. Beyond the workers themselves, the low wage scale has led to some grumbling that foreign companies, encouraged by preferential Government treatment to make investments here, have exploited cheap labor.

During a recent seminar on foreign investment, Prof. Baik Jee Bong of Korea University was reported to have asserted that "in Korea, multinational enterprises receive special favors in tax payments and labor laws despite the fact that such favors very much affect the basic rights of Korean laborers."

Mr. Choi said that no thought was being given to adopting a minimum wage. He also indicated that employers would not be compelled to raise low wages, but said he hoped that "the average wage and employers will solve the question by themselves."

Because of inflation end

fic in this city is not easy." Four years ago, when Mr. Kim started driving, he received only \$50 a month.

"But I was a bachelor then and prices were cheaper, so I could get along," he said. He is married now, with two babies, living in one room, and scraping by on \$165 a month.

"We have meat once a week," he said, "because I am in a hard job." They have a radio, but no television set, which Mr. Kim's wife wants badly. "But that will cost \$270 and we'll never have that money," her husband points out.

What they want most is their own home. "We live in somebody else's house," he said, "without complaint, but we want a house of our own." Since he is unable to save enough money even for a small bank account, that is for the moment a dream.

Mr. Kim also said he had been lucky in not having any major accidents at the construction sites. The accident rate among construction workers is reportedly high here, as it is among shipyard workers, because companies avoid safety measures to cut costs.

Life in a Textile Mill. Miss Lee is also fortunate, at least in one sense, since she works in a textile mill that is considered better than most. An American businessman here described the working conditions in many Korean factories as "appalling."

She said it took her a week to get used to the noise of the machinery, over which one must shout. She said a friend works in an electronic plant and is having trouble with her eyes from the close work.

Miss Lee works a 12-hour shift, rather than the 14- to 16-hour shifts worked in other mills. If she wants a day off, she has to earn it by working a 24-hour shift.

Along with other young women, Miss Lee lives in a company dormitory. Only rarely are the young women allowed to go out. "After work," she said, "the foreman gets after us to get to sleep, get to sleep! He wants us to be alert for the next shift."

Miss Lee, who came to Seoul from a farm in the south, said she was happy not to be a burden on her father, who has two other children to raise. But she said, "I'll be even happier when I can leave this place and get married."

THE NEW YORK TIMES 225 West 43rd St. N.Y. 10014

Published daily, except on Sunday, at New York, N.Y., and at additional offices in other cities.

Subscription rates: 1 year, \$10.00; 6 months, \$5.50; 3 months, \$3.00. Single copies, 15¢.

Advertising rates: Call 212-850-3000 for rates and conditions. Classified ads: Call 212-850-3000.

Copyright © 1975 by The New York Times Company. Printed in the United States of America.

Special Advertising Section: Call 212-850-3000.

Executive Editor: Milton G. Eisenhower. Publisher: Arthur Ochs Sulzberger Jr.

Managing Editor: William Bradford Huie. Deputy Managing Editor: Robert S. Levine.

News Editor: Charles R. Holt. Deputy News Editor: John J. Harbo.

Business Editor: John J. Harbo. Deputy Business Editor: Charles R. Holt.

City Editor: Charles R. Holt. Deputy City Editor: John J. Harbo.

Special Advertising Editor: Robert S. Levine. Deputy Special Advertising Editor: Charles R. Holt.

Production Editor: John J. Harbo. Deputy Production Editor: Charles R. Holt.

Circulation Manager: Charles R. Holt. Deputy Circulation Manager: John J. Harbo.

Kidnapping of Basque Renews Warfare of Extremists in Spain

By HENRY GINIGER Special to The New York Times

MADRID, March 19—A 56-year-old Basque industrialist was presumed today to have been kidnapped by the Basque nationalist organization, E.T.A., whose members continue to defy all efforts by the Madrid Government to stamp out terrorism.

Angel Berazindin Urbe, who runs a plant that makes sewing machines and other machinery in Elgoibar near San Sebastián, disappeared after leaving work in his car early last evening. The car was later found near Irún, close to the French border, and the police began a search in the area. It was believed to be the second kidnapping of a Basque nationalist leader in a series of violent acts, including killings, that E.T.A. has carried out in recent months.

The latest incident reminded Spaniards that beneath a more or less open political battle over the Government's program of change, a clandestine struggle is being waged by fringe elements of the extreme left and right, for whom violence is the principal weapon. On the extreme left, E.T.A. is seeking an independent Basque nation that would eliminate capitalism in what is one of Spain's most highly industrialized regions.

12 Americans Are Freed in Lebanese Jail Attacks

BEIRUT, Lebanon, March 19 (Reuters)—Twelve Americans who were among hundreds of prisoners freed by gunmen from Lebanese jails this week are returning home, United States consular officials here said today.

They declined to give names of those freed, but a United States official said the 10 men and two women had been jailed on drug charges.

Some of the Americans had been due for amnesty, but the detainees setting them free had not been signed because of the civil war in the country for nearly a year.

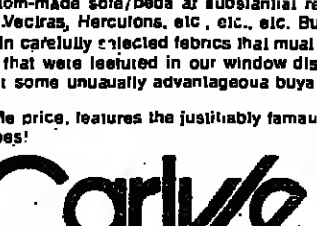
Almost 1,000 prisoners were set free Tuesday when gunmen opened up two big jails and a women's prison in the Beirut area.

Clearance Sale FLOOR MODELS DRastically REDUCED

No "special merchandise" offerings—the real thing. Floor models for immediate delivery PLUS 7000 yards of fabrics available on custom-made sofa/beds at substantial reductions. Choose from velvets, linens, prints, corduroys, denims, Velvets, Heretics, etc., etc. But choose now!

The truth is we have floor models in carefully selected fabrics that make the way for new convertibles. We have designer-look sofa/beds that were featured in our window displays. And because we want to clear the decks, you are in line for some unusually advantageous buys and some never before Carlyle savings.

Every convertible, regardless of sale price, features the justifiably famous Carlyle mattress. So, act now, before the convertible you covet goes!



Manhattan, 1056 Third Ave. near 82nd St. (212) 625-1253 Open Mon & Thurs 10 to 9, Open Tues., Wed., Fri. Sat. 10 to 5. SCARSDALE, N. Y. 395 Central Ave. 1914 724-6868 Open Mon, thru Fri. 10 to 9, Open Sat. 10 to 5. PARAMOUNT, N.J.: 165 Route 17, 1 mile north of Route 4 going south. (201) 861-4222. Open Mon thru Fri. 10 to 9, Open Sat. 10 to 5. FAIRFIELD, N.J.: 330 Route 45, 2 miles west of Wall-to-Wall Mail going east. (201) 315-5250. Open Mon, thru Fri. 10 to 9, Open Sat. 10 to 5.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS CASH & CARRY SALE SATURDAY & MONDAY ONLY

Table with columns for item name, quantity, and price. Includes items like TI-59, TI-58, TI-57, TI-56, TI-55, TI-54, TI-53, TI-52, TI-51, TI-50, TI-49, TI-48, TI-47, TI-46, TI-45, TI-44, TI-43, TI-42, TI-41, TI-40, TI-39, TI-38, TI-37, TI-36, TI-35, TI-34, TI-33, TI-32, TI-31, TI-30, TI-29, TI-28, TI-27, TI-26, TI-25, TI-24, TI-23, TI-22, TI-21, TI-20, TI-19, TI-18, TI-17, TI-16, TI-15, TI-14, TI-13, TI-12, TI-11, TI-10, TI-9, TI-8, TI-7, TI-6, TI-5, TI-4, TI-3, TI-2, TI-1.

HAIR! SAVE MONEY! BUY BRUSHES!

WILLIAM RADOFF The Largest Selection of Quality Hair Brushes in Town. 835 Lexington Ave., N.Y. 10021. (Area 62 Store)

Old & New Prints SIGNED GRAPHICS

AMERICAN CURTAIN & LINES, Views, Legal, College, Golf, Medical, Maps, Audubon, McGinnis & Ray/Harm Birds. Publishers: Dan Graphics, Dan Color Art, \$1.80, Foreign \$3.80. Phylian East Gallery, OLD PRINT CENTER, 981 2nd Ave. 152 St., N.Y.C. 10022. Hours: 9:30 to 6 P.M. Tues. thru Sat. Closed Mondays. PL 8119. CREATIVE FRAMING

William Radoff

Clearance Sale

exotic marketing inc.

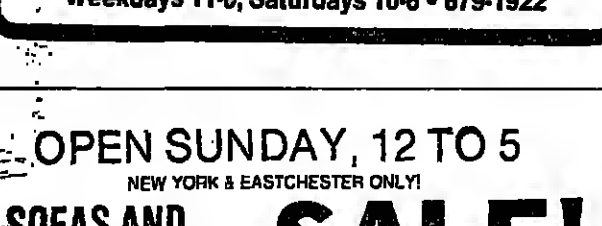
We proudly present these extraordinary values.



Rosewood inlaid dining table 42" round. Usually \$250. Now \$69.50. Open Sunday (some as is).



Glass and Chrome Dining Table, 36x60" Now only \$199.

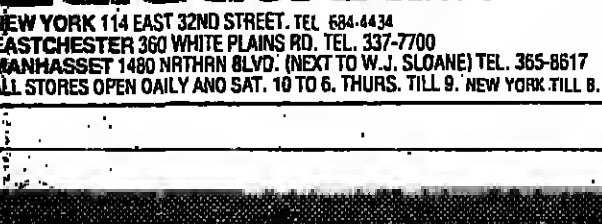


Imported bentwood rocker, Walnut and cane. Reg. \$119. This week \$89. We have a magnificent collection of fine leather and suede sofas, love-seats and chairs, also many Scandinavian imports.

and much, much more! Immediate delivery on all items. Open Sunday 11-5. Some items (as is). 191 Lexington Avenue (32nd St.), N.Y.C. Weekdays 11-8; Saturdays 10-6 • 679-1922

OPEN SUNDAY, 12 TO 5 NEW YORK & EASTCHESTER ONLY!

SOFAS AND CONVERTIBLES SALE!



\$349 Reduced from \$479, sofa. \$329 Reduced from \$550, convertible full size. \$319 Reduced from \$450, convertible full size, (hide back). In 100% cotton velvet. Single additional charge if delivery wanted.

Eclectic FURNITURE CENTER

NEW YORK 114 EAST 32ND STREET, TEL. 694-4434. EASTCHESTER 350 WHITE PLAINS RD., TEL. 337-7700. MANHASSET 1480 NORTHERN BLVD., (NEXT TO W.J. SLOANE) TEL. 363-8617. ALL STORES OPEN ONLY ON SAT. 10 TO 6. THURS. TILL 9. NEW YORK, TILL 8.

WINE CLEARANCE SALE

Table with columns for wine name, quantity, and price. Includes items like 1966 Lafite Rothschild, 1961 Chateau Blanc, 1967 Haut Blon, 1973 La Fava Blanc, 1970 La Tache (Romanee Conti), 1970 Riccabourg (Romanee Conti), 1970 Grande Echezeaux (Romanee Conti), 1970 Beausane Les Eponeilles (Parrot), 1967/70/71 Ch. Giot.

D. SOKOLIN CO.

178 Madison Ave. (33-34 St.), NYC IMMEDIATE ORDER AND INQUIRY. LE 2-5893, MU 4-3828.

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS CASH & CARRY SALE SATURDAY & MONDAY ONLY

Table with columns for item name, quantity, and price. Includes items like TI-59, TI-58, TI-57, TI-56, TI-55, TI-54, TI-53, TI-52, TI-51, TI-50, TI-49, TI-48, TI-47, TI-46, TI-45, TI-44, TI-43, TI-42, TI-41, TI-40, TI-39, TI-38, TI-37, TI-36, TI-35, TI-34, TI-33, TI-32, TI-31, TI-30, TI-29, TI-28, TI-27, TI-26, TI-25, TI-24, TI-23, TI-22, TI-21, TI-20, TI-19, TI-18, TI-17, TI-16, TI-15, TI-14, TI-13, TI-12, TI-11, TI-10, TI-9, TI-8, TI-7, TI-6, TI-5, TI-4, TI-3, TI-2, TI-1.

LONGACRE OFFICE MACHINES

30 East 40th St. New York, N.Y. 10018. (212) 684-2471.

SMASHING EASTER-PASSOVER'S DISCOUNTS 20% - 50% ON MANY...

TOP NAME BRAND CONVERTIBLES CHESAPEAKE • ECLIPSE • SIMMONS • SEAL SOFA BEDS—LOVE SEATS—SECTIC



BERK/HIRE HOUSE CONVERT

Owned by Norbert FLAHS NOT CONNECTED WITH ANY OTHER STORE. 19 West 45th St., N.Y. City (212) 24

OPEN SUNDAY 11-5

Daily 10 am to 8 pm, Thurs 12-8 (CLOSED SAT. AMERICAN EXPRESS • BANK AMERICANA • MASTER CHARGE •

ONE HOUR DELIVER

on stock pieces—reasonable distance. 6 WRITE-UPS IN N.Y. MAGAZIN

ORIENTAL RUG

First Day of Spring Sale! Early Bird Special! Antique MAHAL Carpet-Ground filled with abstract floral baskets... Surrounded by a crab and leaf border—13.9 x 17.8.

Antique LAVAR KIRMAN\*—Prime Condition 5.5 x 3.8

Antique SHIRVAN\*—Crisp in Color and Design as if made Yesterday—5.7 x 4. ....

Antique DAGHESTAN\*—(9.9 x 3.4) .....

Semi-Antique ISFAHAN\*—(11.5 x 8) .....

Many Tapestry Weave KELIMS e.g. OLD PERSIAN KELIM—Earth Tones—9.10 x 5.2

JOSAN SAROUK All over Garden Design in Exquisite pastel colors (unusual)—12.4 x 8.9

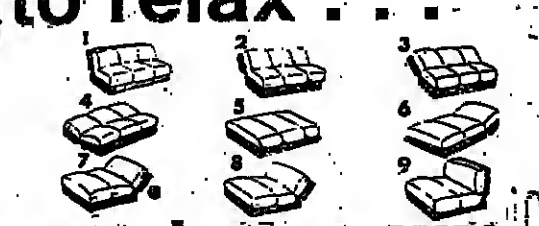
Palace TABRIZ (15.9 x 10.9) .....

\* Estate Purchases—Partial listing—mint condition. All services related to Oriental Rugs available at-

Alexander

THE ORIGINAL ALEXANDER—SINCE 1937. 410 COLUMBUS AVENUE 19th Fl. 79-80 St. 1 N.Y.C. 10022. 212-724-8500. OPEN SUNDAY 11 to 5.

Nine ways to relax...



one incredible sofa

Ideal for small apartments or den. Made of choice of designer fabrics. From \$375. See this unusual sofa at the Chelsea Couch Co. 525 W 26 St. to Fr. 404 E 89 St. Tues. to Sat. 12 to 7. 879-1665, Master

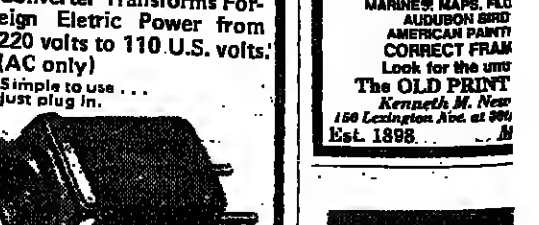
\$200 CONVERTIBLE



New York City's largest selection of \$200 convertible sofas/beds. Values to \$1,000. JENNIFER HOUSE, 404 Park Ave. S. (near 28th St.) Open daily 10-7 PM. Sunday 12-5 PM. Phone: LE 2-4697.

dinoffer

A MUST FOR OVERSEAS TRAVELLERS. The New FRANZUS Mini Converter Transforms Foreign Electric Power from 220 volts to 110 U.S. volts! (AC only). Simple to use... Just plug in...



Now you can travel overseas and use your hair styler/ dryer, coffee cup heater, hair curler/ setter, electric razor, strobe, cassette and many, many more. Model FB/21 for all heating appliances up to 1000 watts: weight 3oz., \$12.95. Model F-11 for all motor appliances up to 50 watts: \$12.95. Mail Order: Add tax & \$0.45 shipping. dinoffer: 24 West 37th Street, N.Y.C. 10019. JU 6-2256. Jed: 1420 Ave. of Americas at 58th Street PL 2-8251.

1,000,000 OLD!

VIEWS, COLLECTOR'S MARKS, PLO, AUDUBON BIRD, AMERICAN HAWK, CORNBELT FRAM. Look for the sun! The OLD PRINT, Kenneth G. Row, 180 Lexington Ave. at 90th. Est. 1898.

Europec Furniture & Lighting

Superb models from Italy & France. Brillo systems, sofas, dining. For home & office. Imports, 45 E. 32 St. 889-3382.



# Argentina Is at the Crisis Point

By JUAN de ONIS  
Special to The New York Times

BUENOS AIRES, March 19—President Isabel Martínez de Perón has managed to cling to office in Argentina's mounting political crisis by a combination of sheer determination, last-minute concessions and fear on the part of others as to what might happen to the country if she is removed from office.

Mrs. Perón has proved far tougher than her many political adversaries and critics imagined possible during her 21 months in office.

But most political and business sources in Argentina now believe that maneuvers and concessions cannot hold off for much longer a military coup.

Mrs. Perón's tenacity in clinging to the office she inherited from her late husband, Juan Domingo Perón, has not produced an effective answer to the inflation that is ravaging the Argentine economy, where prices are rising 20 percent a month.

Left-wing guerrillas have killed six policemen and right-wing terrorists have killed 28 people generally described as left-wing students and union delegates, during the last week, in a sharp intensification of political violence.

A last-ditch attempt to form a front of civilian political forces against a military coup has been launched by Ricardo Balbín, leader of the Radical Party, the main centrist opposition force, who is negotiating with Mrs. Perón's Peronist party advisers on a plan to hold general elections in December.

Such an agreement could broaden the political base of support of the Government, which has shrunk to a narrow group of Peronist "loyalists" who support Mrs. Perón.

But the political and business sources who are predicting a military coup said that it was too late for such an agreement to shore up the Government, which has remained in power until now largely because of the fear of different sectors over the uncertain consequences of the forcible removal of Mrs. Perón.

The Peronist "loyalists," including many top labor leaders and a group of provincial governors, continue to support her because they are afraid of losing their jobs and influence. The President made this point clearly during a na-

tional Peronist Party congress that re-elected her last week as the party chief after the credentials committee excluded dissident delegates.

"What some people don't understand is that if my head rolls, they will then cut the heads off those who come behind," Mrs. Perón said, in a demand for unity behind her.

Lorenzo Miguel, the chief of the powerful Metalworkers Union, who has emerged as Mrs. Perón's strongest backer, evidently shares this view. He has argued effectively with other, wavering labor leaders that there is no guarantee that a military coup will not occur anyway.

Magic in a Name  
Many rank-and-file Peronists, nurtured on a doctrine of "loyalty" to General Perón, who died in July, 1974, at 78 years of age, cannot imagine their movement without someone hearing that name at its head.

They fear that the movement will break up without Mrs. Perón to continue the tradition. This party mystique is employed by the "loyalists" against dissidents who push their differences with Mrs. Perón and her circle of advisers too far.

This is backed up by the right-wing gunmen, armed by funds from the Ministry of Social Welfare, who have assassinated many left-wing Peronists who oppose the official leadership.

The opposition parties, which suffer from no inhibitions of Peronist "loyalty," have wrestled with the political dilemma of trying to impeach Mrs. Perón or declare her, by a majority vote of Congress, "unfit" to hold the presidency.

Impeachment has proved impossible since the dissident Peronist bloc in Congress has refused to join the opposition in such a drastic action. And so this precludes the necessary two-thirds majority.

The plan to declare Mrs. Perón unfit, originally sponsored by the Radical Party, the main opposition group, has no constitutional precedent and could not be enforced by Congress alone. But such a vote could be exploited by supporters of a military coup, which the Radicals and other center parties

say they oppose. They are afraid that the armed forces would close Congress and cancel the national elections that are now scheduled for Dec. 12.

Why Attacks Are Cautious  
This fear tempers the attacks by the opposition on Mrs. Perón. Its members want to be aggressive enough to win votes if there is an election in December but not so aggressive that they will provoke a military takeover.

The leaders of the armed forces, in which the Peronists have no strength, make no secret of their view that the Government under Mrs. Perón has failed to provide an effective national leadership at a moment when the military are fighting extensive subversive movements by left-wing guerrillas who are allied to extremists in the labor movement.

For the last three months, generals and admirals have held meetings to analyze the economic crisis, the social and political violence and corruption in the Government. They consider these factors encouraging subversive actions.

Some military commanders have argued that a military takeover is necessary now before the general situation gets worse.

Rise of the Guerrillas  
But there has also been fear among the more politically prudent commanders that an overthrow of Mrs. Perón's Government would force many Peronists into opposition to a military government and into sympathy with the guerrillas, who are led by left-wing Peronists, as well as Marxist revolutionaries.

When General Perón returned to Argentina after 18 years in exile and was elected President in 1973, democratic government was restored after a six-year period of military rule. It was then that the guerrilla movement developed.

The view of the armed forces, led by Lieut. Gen. Jorge Rafael Videla, Commander in Chief of the Army, has become more unified in the last two weeks around the idea that Mrs. Perón's Government is a liability in this conflict.



BANCE IN SOUTH AFRICA: A Johannesburg policeman arrests a demonstrator. A group of blacks rioted outside the Supreme Court building. Inside, seven blacks were being tried under the anti-terrorism act. One policeman was hurt.

## s on Rhodesia Are Broken Off

From Page 1, Col. 5  
d in the last elec-

part," Mr. Smith offered far-reaching proposals involving power-sharing and embodying constitutional advantages for the people. These proposals were rejected by the British Government, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

responsibility, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible, which should no longer be responsible.

regime have left it to the people themselves.

Rhodesia unilaterally declared itself independent from the colonial power in 1965, when Britain insisted on a majority rule before granting independence. Negotiations between British Prime Ministers and Mr. Smith have failed to resolve the conflict.

The breakdown of the negotiations is believed to have brought Mr. Nkomo to a crucial point in his long career as Rhodesia's principal black leader. Strongly criticized by the more militant faction of the nationalist movement, he fled from exile in Mozambique to Bishop Abel Muzorewa.

Mr. Nkomo appeared to have staked his leadership role on success in the negotiations.

If the deadlock is followed by intensified border warfare conducted largely by the Muzorewa group, that group is likely to become identified among blacks as the active representative of their interests.

Of the four black African leaders who have acted as sponsors of the effort to reach a political solution, two—President Julius Nyerere of Tanzania and President Samora Machel of Mozambique—had earlier made plain their belief that the talks would fail and had withdrawn their support

from Mr. Nkomo.

The failure of the negotiations will make it difficult for the other two—President Kenneth D. Kaunda of Zambia and Sir Seretse Khama, President of Botswana—to continue their backing of Mr. Nkomo.

Kaunda Calls for Struggle  
LUSAKA, Zambia, March 19 (Reuters)—President Kenneth D. Kaunda of Zambia said tonight that Africa had no option but to help intensify the armed struggle in Rhodesia, "which is now in full swing."

Commenting on the failure of the constitutional talks in Salisbury today, Mr. Kaunda said this was "the gravest hour in the history of our subcontinent."

and the talks broke down. The single and fundamental of majority rule.

regime was not contemplated, save at a time and when satisfied that it earned it," Mr. Smith said.

"I don't know. We might as well try to reject a contemptuous political solution, two—also appealed to the goal of Britain to her country. If she failed to play her part, Britain and the

had withdrawn their support

had withdrawn their support

had withdrawn their support

had withdrawn their support

had withdrawn their support

had withdrawn their support

had withdrawn their support

**IT'S THE REAL THING!**

**OUR COMPACT EXPLORER'S BAG IS HERE!**

Smaller version of the famous bag that accompanies explorers, fishermen, photographers, fliers, hunters, adventurers the world over.

One of the world's most copied bags. The authentic originals are still made exclusively for us, by our meticulous craftsmen in France. Why settle for less than the best?

Big zippered main compartment, zippered front pouch, big back pocket, adjustable shoulder strap, removable waist strap. About 13" x 9" x 6".

WATERPROOF FABRICS—GENUINE LEATHER TRIM ORIGINAL LETHERUX® Chocolate Brown Scotch-grained leather-like vinylized canvas, almost "everything proof" — #6049—\$110

TRIPLEX waterproof canvas: Beige or Brown — #6007—\$100

Add \$2 Each on Mail Orders. N.Y. Res. Add Tax

SEND \$2 to Dept. T-10 (add to First Purchase) FOR COLOR-FILLED 116-PAGE CATALOG

Open Mon. thru Sat. 10-6

**HUNTING WORLD®**  
16 EAST 53RD STREET, NEW YORK, N.Y. 10022

**WIM & KAREN**

Denish dining tables in Teak, Oak or Rosewood square, round or oval—most models available for immediate delivery. Also chairs to match.

**WIM & KAREN SCANDINAVIAN FURNITURE INC.**

1 331 E. 28TH ST. 2 148 E. 53RD ST.  
ent. St. between 1st Ave. between Lenx 3 & 4  
686-5075 3rd fl. 758-4207

HOURS: 10-6, THURS. 10-7:30, SAT. 10-5  
We show a complete selection of Scandinavian Furniture.

All the rich subtleties and refinements of appearance...

**TRENCHCOAT by Burberry's**

Like London's Big Ben it has the ring and tick of authentic Britishry. This bluff and hardy coat confronts all weather with resolute sturdiness. Cotton Gabardine, in the original Tan shade. 210.

With wool/camel cloth liner, complete with attachable collar (unbuttons and reverses into a robe). 280.

Ladies' Trench Coat. 165,

**BRITISH AMERICAN HOUSE**  
488 Madison Avenue at 51st, New York City 10022 • PL 2-5880

Nine ways to relax... one incredible sofa

**RSK is closing out these pure wool Rya Rugs**

8'2" x 11' Orig. \$249

**\$179**

Rush in for these beautiful Scandinavian ryas in pure wool. The deep pile is woven through to the back for the same handcrafted look found in rugs that cost far more. Choose bright-to-brilliant orange/gold or rich, subtle shadings of brown.

Label	Orig.	Sale
8'2" x 11'	\$249	\$179
6' x 8'2"	149	99
4' x 6'	79	49
3'11" x 5'3"	49	39
2'4" x 3'7"	39	29

Many unadvertised specials—so hurry in!

**Open this Sunday March 21 11 a.m. to 6 p.m.**

**IMMEDIATE DELIVERY**

all and phone orders (Dept. 320), N.Y. residents please correct sales tax. No CODs. Major credit cards, hon. Delivery extra or pick up at store. All sales final.

**NORSK**  
4 East 57th Street (bet. Park and Lenx.), New York 10022  
(212) PL 2-3111 • Daily till 6, Thurs. till 8

JEWELRY • CRYSTAL • PORCELAIN • PEWTER • YOGS. • FURNITURE.

witness the wedge...

A great-looking wooden one. With just enough of a lift to step up your perspective—classic tassel details and the most easy-going leather in town. Peoples does them in black, navy and brown, 35.00. And with that perfect touch of leisure class, these shoes were made for walking. Softly. Into the Men's Store, Main Level, New York, Fresh Meadows, Stomford, Short Hills, Bergen County, Garden City and White Plains.

**bloomingdale's the men's store**  
1000 Third Avenue, New York 355-5900. Open late Monday and Thursday evenings.

It's when I feel like being really colorful that I especially like my Guatemalan-style cotton jacket. I put it on over my solid tops and then I'm layered. Everybody's dressing that way and, with this jacket, it's sensational. In multi black, orange, turquoise, green, white, and purple, small, medium and large sizes, \$25. Young Circle Sportswear Collections, Second Floor. Call (212) PL 3-4000. Add sales tax on mail and phone, 1.25 handling beyond our regular delivery area.

I've got a lot of spirit, and my Guatemalan-style jacket lets me show it. And it's from

**Saks Fifth Avenue**

NEW YORK • WHITE PLAINS • SPRINGFIELD • GARDEN CITY



# last day today!

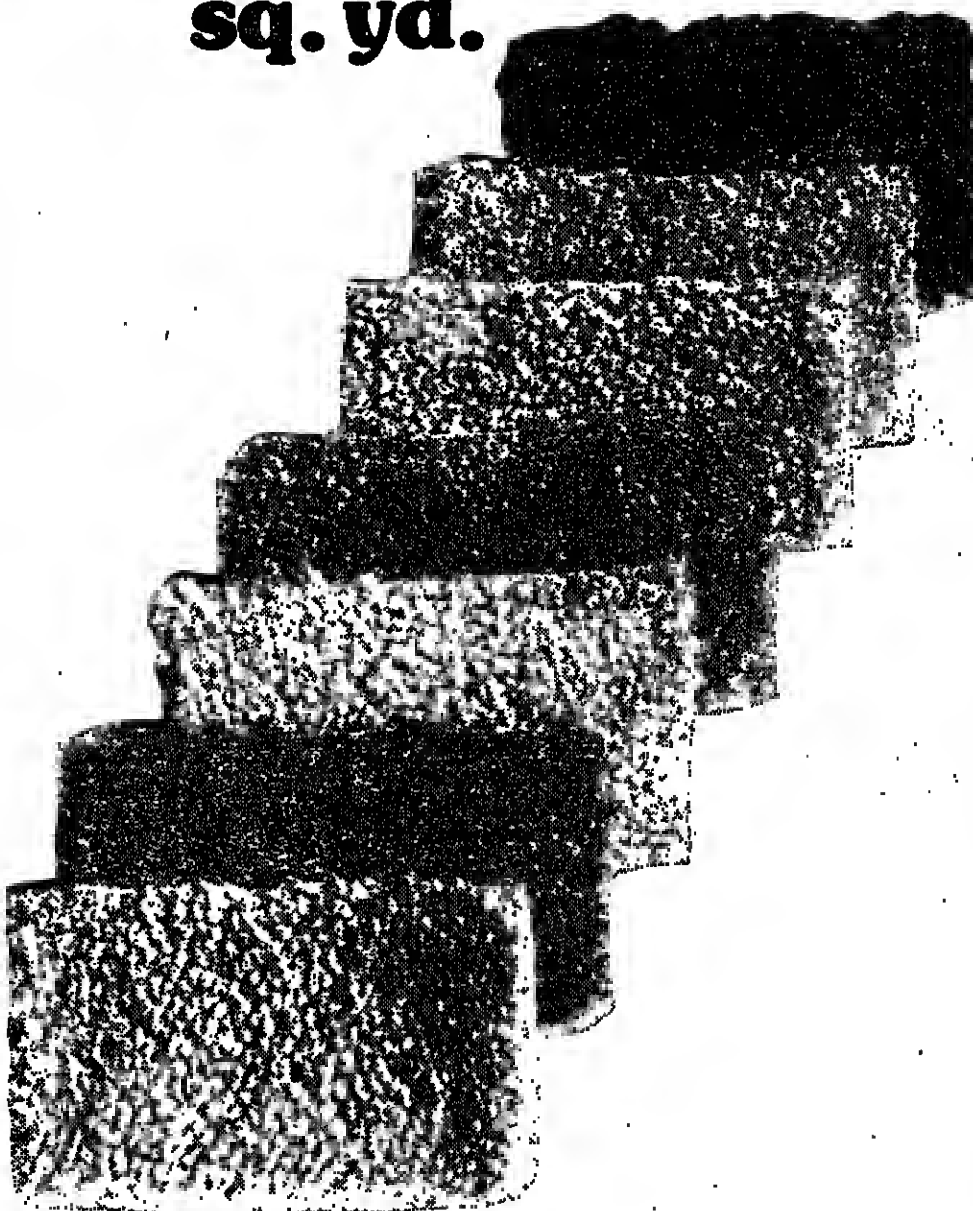
save 4.25 a sq. yd.

installed\*

"Madison" plush broadloom

now

13.75 sq. yd.



Reg. 18.00. **Trevira® Star** polyester fiber makes this one of our most durable and handsome broadlooms. Come see how it shimmers with highlights. See the 15 imaginative colors, for every room setting. Colors like cadet red, castile moss, wheat sheaf, tobacco, camel beige, Federal blue, and others equally rich and clear. All 12' wide.

**Come in today, March 20th.** Don't miss this limited-time opportunity for big wall-to-wall savings.

\*installed smooth-edge method over our rubberized waffle pad or "Soft Touch" sponge lining on normal flat surfaces. Fifth floor, Fifth Avenue and branches.

## B Altman & Co

### BOGOTA TIGHTENS SECURITY CONTROL

Acts to Curb Rising Unrest Among Students and Labor

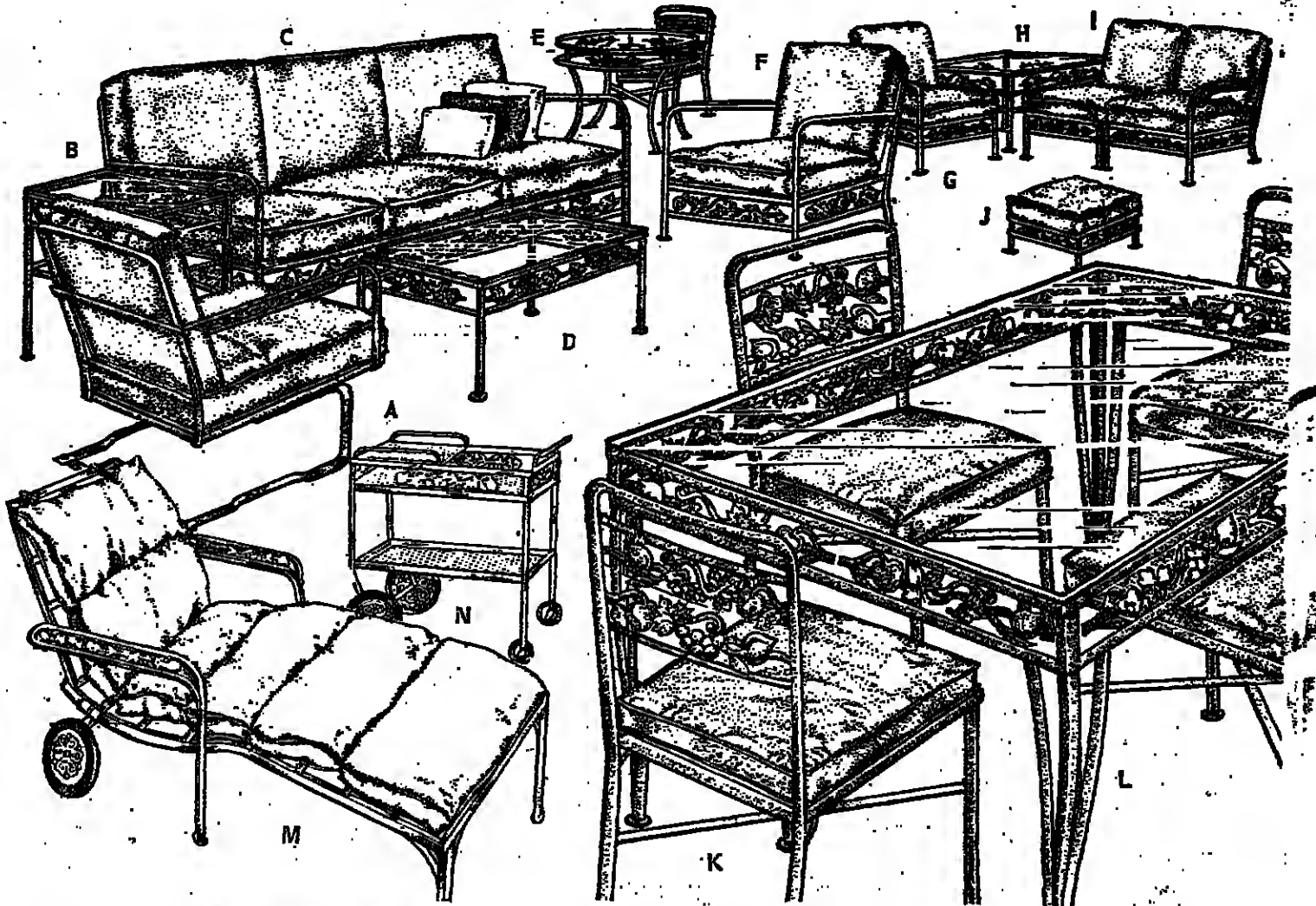
BOGOTA, Colombia, March 19 (AP) — President Alfonso López Michelsen authorized strict measures today to counter growing student and labor unrest in which four students and one worker have died. The measures include suspension of students from classes and workers from their jobs;

arrest and confinement for up to 180 days without trial of persons disturbing public order and continuation of summary military trials. The Government has charged that the unrest is caused by the radical left in an attempt to disrupt provincial and municipal elections scheduled for April 7. The measures are aimed particularly at wildcat strikes in various industries, two state-run banks, one major hospital in Bogota, and scheduled strikes next week by 120,000 teachers in state schools and clerks of the social security system. The state-owned communications monopoly and the elec-

torial office in charge of the April election are also threatened with arrest and confinement for up to 180 days without trial of persons disturbing public order and continuation of summary military trials. The Government has charged that the unrest is caused by the radical left in an attempt to disrupt provincial and municipal elections scheduled for April 7. The measures are aimed particularly at wildcat strikes in various industries, two state-run banks, one major hospital in Bogota, and scheduled strikes next week by 120,000 teachers in state schools and clerks of the social security system. The state-owned communications monopoly and the elec-

troups in the last four weeks of almost daily violence in all major towns. An estimated 300 policemen and students have been injured. Labor leaders have blamed the Government for not dealing with chronic problems, including the rising inflation, 10 percent unemployment and low wages. The student front has complained of repressive campus policies. An apathetic campaign for the April 18 election has been restricted mainly to squabbles within the ruling coalition of Liberals and Conservatives. President López, a Liberal, was elected for a 4-year term in 1974. With his popularity at a new low, he is split within his own liberals and Conservatives in a bitter campaign. Some political analysts predict that the radical won only 3 percent in 1974, could gain 10 percent in the 1978 elections.

## Hammacher Schlemmer PRE-SEASON SALE LAST 10 DAYS



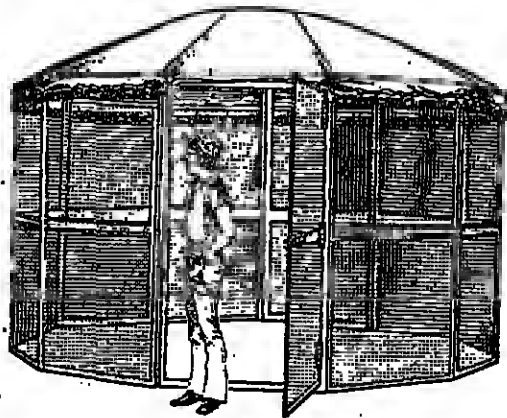
### SAVE 20% ON ALUMALOY By MOLLA

PRE-SEASON SALE. SPRING IS AROUND THE CORNER! IT ISN'T TOO EARLY TO ORDER YOUR SUMMER OUTDOOR FURNITURE NOW, ESPECIALLY WHEN YOU CAN TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THESE REDUCTIONS. WE WILL EVEN SHIP YOUR ORDER LATER IN THE SPRING IF YOU WISH, TO ELIMINATE YOUR STORAGE PROBLEM.

Sculptured Alumaloy by Molla. Lightweight metal that has all the beauty, indoor, outdoor longevity of wrought iron without cumbersome weight. Won't rust ever. Choose from Brewster, white, or 12 other colors. Upholstered in printed or solid fabrics. Colors and swatches available on request.

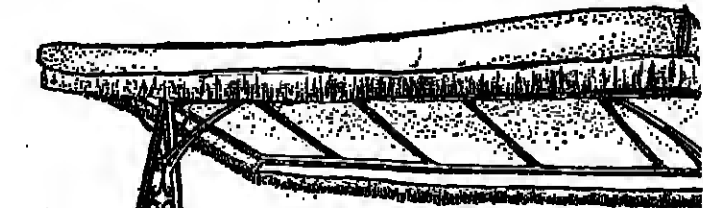
	Reg.	Save	Now		Reg.	Save	Now		Reg.	Save	Now
A. Spring Chair	215.00	43.00	172.00	G. Single Sectional with Arm, left or right	200.00	40.00	160.00	Arm Chair (Not Shown)	96.00	15.00	81.00
B. End Table, 16x24"	89.00	17.80	71.20	H. Lamp Table, 30x30"	140.00	28.00	112.00	L. Table, 48x32"	206.00	41.00	165.00
C. Sofa	511.00	102.20	408.80	I. Center Sectional	192.00	38.40	153.60	Table, 66x32"	255.00	51.00	204.00
D. Coffee Table, 32x24"	125.00	25.00	100.00	J. Ottoman	116.00	23.20	92.80	M. Chaise	351.00	70.00	281.00
E. Round Table, 42"	268.00	53.60	214.40	K. Side Chair	86.00	17.20	68.80	N. Hostess Bar Cart	196.00	39.00	157.00
F. Easy Chair	205.00	41.00	164.00								

Instant Phone Orders: (212) 937-8181 or (914) 946-77  
YOU MAY CHARGE TO YOUR AMERICAN EXPRESS, MASTER CHARGE, DINER'S CLUB OR BANK AMERICARD



### SAVE UP TO \$80.00 Screen House

Our 11 sided 12'2" diameter, spacious screen house is a delightful portable room. Protects you from flying insects, sun and rain. It's prefabricated, made of rustproof aluminum and fiberglass screening. Hinged door, cover in yellow with fringe edge. It comes ready to set up, folds away for easy storing. Reg. 399.50 Sale 319.50 10'3" diameter, 9 sided model Reg. 299.50 Sale 239.50



### SAVE \$119.50 Marquee

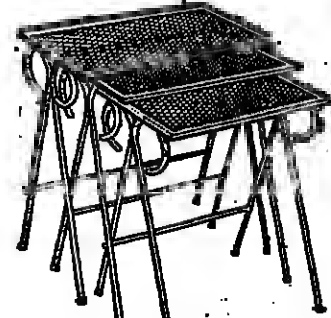
Our large fashionably colorful awning, a light airy retreat, a cover for your lawn entertainments. Use it on terrace, patio or 12 ft. x 8 ft. high, protects you and your furnishings. White or Br (dark green) wrought iron frames. Solid top, avocado, yellow, or auge. Regularly 699.50 Sale 580.00 Save 119.50



### SAVE UP TO \$22.00 Garden Umbrella

When you look, there's an efflorescent canopy to perk up garden, terrace, patio. The double-cut vinyl umbrella is solid-color top, your choice of aqua, citron or fern exteriors, floral interiors. This umbrella comes in two sizes, both with easy-to-work hand crank action and automatic tilt.

7 1/2 feet, 8 ribs. Regularly 89.50 Sale 71.50 Save 18.00  
8 1/2 feet, 12 ribs. Regularly 109.50 Sale 87.50 Save 22.00



### Nest of Tables

Three wrought iron tables that take the space of one. They nest. Each one, a sturdy, mesh-topped, handy, all-weather piece. The largest is 18x12x20" high. Choose a handsome white, black or jade green finish. Nest of 3 Reg. 34.95 Save 7.00 Now 27.95



### Lily Pad Tab

A nest of two tables whose stems are like waterlily lily and handy by their side, on porch. Sturdy wrought iron x11" tops, 22" high. Please white or black. Reg. 19.95 Save 4.00 Now 15.95

## Hammacher Schlemmer

147 East 57th St., New York, N.Y. 10022  
Instant Phone Orders: (212) 937-8181 or (914) 946-7725  
N.Y.C. Add 8% sales tax. Elsewhere N.Y. State as applicable.



Ch'ge My H.S. Acct.  
 Check  
 Amer. Exp. #

Name

Address

Master Ch'ge #   
Diners #   
Americard #

150 من الالمن



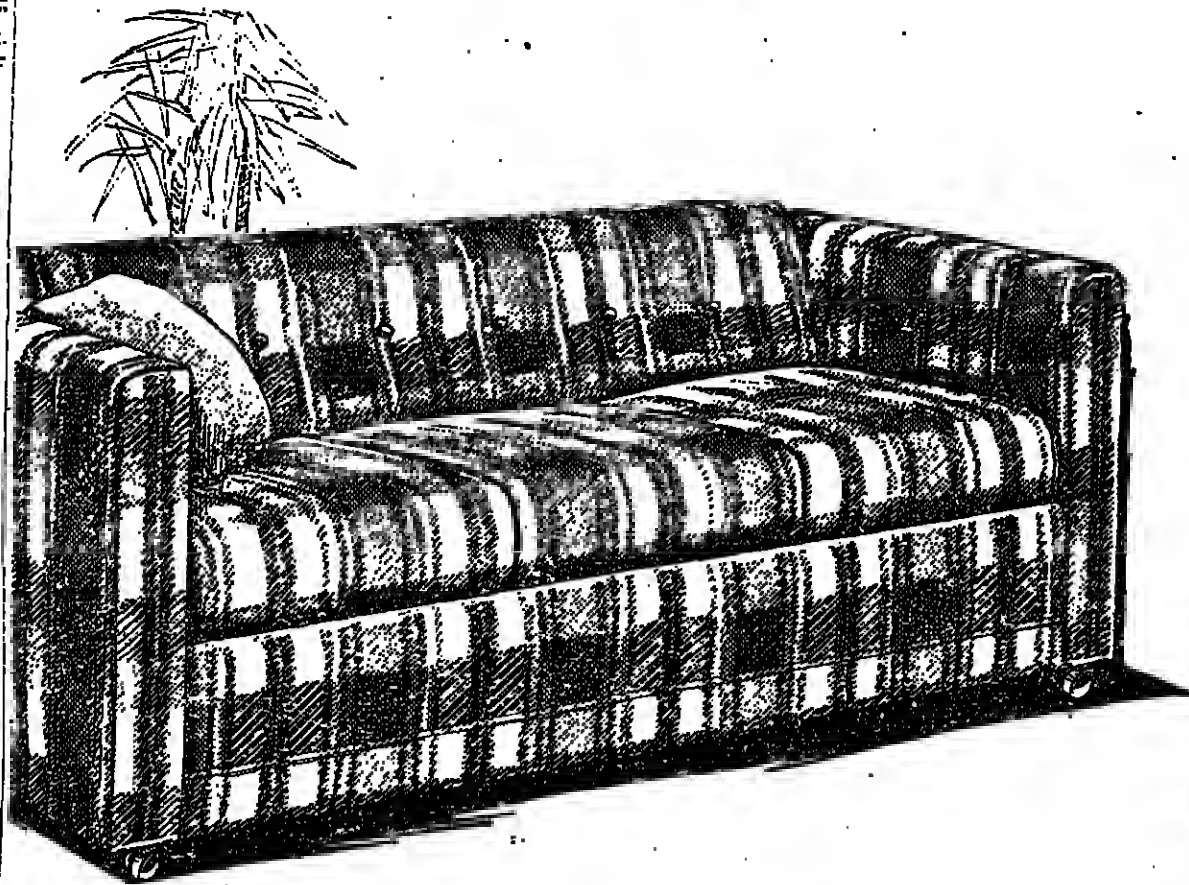
on, at U.N., Doubts Need  
S.-Third World Face-Off

Special to The New York Times  
NATIONS, N. Y., he added: "I am not the same  
The new American kind of person."  
at the United States. While denying there were  
any disagreements between  
himself and Mr. Moynihan on  
fundamental American policies,  
and later told Mr. Scranton that he had  
the confidence that there was a basic  
need for what has been char-  
acterized as Mr. Moynihan's  
confrontational strategy at the  
United Nations.  
Mr. Scranton said that the  
United States had "the right"  
to examine other countries'  
voting record in United Nations  
bodies before determining its  
attitude toward them, par-  
ticularly in allocating foreign  
aid. However, he stressed, this  
"only one of many  
factors" considered in formu-  
lating American policies.  
A questioner recalled Mr.  
Scranton's advocacy of an  
"evenhanded" United States  
policy in dealings with Israel  
and Arab countries. Mr. Scranton  
pointed out that he had  
used the phrase in 1968 when  
Soviet influence was dominant  
in several Arab countries, and  
he pointed to "major changes"  
that he said had occurred in  
the area since then.  
Such changes, he explained,  
had been brought about by  
American efforts, especially  
those of Secretary of State  
Henry A. Kissinger. Mr. Scranton  
strongly backed  
"step-by-step"  
diplomacy in the Middle East.

THE TAKE-IT-WITH-YOU-STORES™  
**FURNITURE CLEARANCE CENTERS**  
A DIVISION OF W & J SLOANE

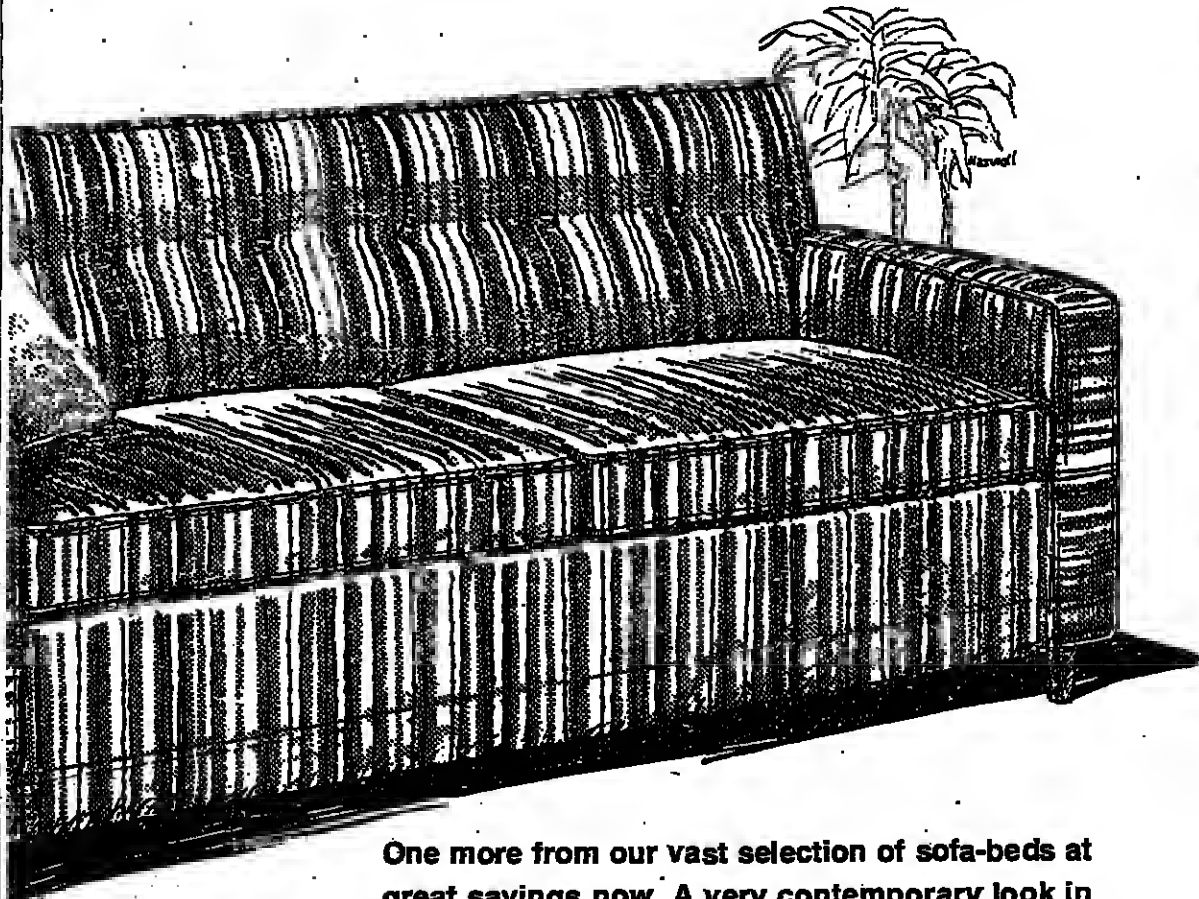
sale of  
**SOFA BEDS**  
299.

**CHAIR  
SALE**  
40% to 50%  
off original prices



What a value! Here is a really beautiful buy in a  
double-duty sofa-bed that provides handsome seating  
by day . . . marvelous sleeping comfort at night. Choose  
a striking plaid in the new natural earthtones or  
rust on long-wearing Herculon® olefin fabric. The  
styling is crisp contemporary on mobile ball casters.

*Henredon  
Baker  
Selig  
Flair  
Sherrill*  
floor samples  
from our  
**W & J Sloane stores**



One more from our vast selection of sofa-beds at  
great savings now. A very contemporary look in  
blue or gold plaid of Herculon® olefin . . . or go ele-  
gant with a plush brown velvet cover. Hurry in, see  
them all . . . superb traditional and modern styles in  
prints, solids and velvets . . . for living room, guest  
room, studio, den.

a fabulous selection of  
finest quality upholstered  
chairs . . . all the styles  
you want at sensational  
savings now . . . in beautiful  
covers specially selected  
for today's life styles!

© 1976, Furniture Clearance Centers

**Cork & Bottle**  
has just received a new  
shipment of superb value:

**VILLA  
BANFI**  
ROMAN RED AND WHITE  
DRY WINES  
**\$2.99** 50 Oz.  
Bottle  
CASE OF 9—\$24.25  
Served as house wines in New  
York's finest restaurants, these  
outstandingly smooth and velvety  
dry wines possess a value and  
integrity that will amaze you.

**SPECIAL OFFERING**

69 Chateau Greyac (Medoc)	\$36.00
97 Chateau Belgrave (Haut Medoc)	\$33.00
36 Chateau de Maille (Sauternes)	\$6.00

**STANDING VALUES!**  
ELECTION—AT THE SPECIAL 3 CASE PRICE

Case Price	3 Case Price
au Carbonnieux (Red Graves)	\$ 53.90
au Margaux (Margaux)	270.00
au Hauton Segle (Margaux)	83.06
au Lafour (Pauillac)	270.00
au Pichon Lalande (Pauillac)	94.50
au Vieux Certan (Pomerol)	86.30
au Canon La Gaffeliere	72.90
au Cheval Blanc (St. Emilion)	243.00
au Clos Fourtet (St. Emilion)	77.65
au La Gaffeliere (St. Emilion)	94.50
au Pavie Macquin (St. Emilion)	51.75
au Montrose (St. Estephe)	99.89
au Boycheville (St. Julien)	97.20
au Ducru Beaucaillou (St. Julien)	113.40
au Leoville Poyferre (St. Julien)	97.20
au Chasse Spleen (Moulis)	46.80
au Lynch Bages	50.00
au Gloria	66.00

**SAVE \$1.50** 6-Case Price  
**\$19.00** per case  
**WINES FROM ITALY**  
4 Pettemella Bardolino—A clear red wine  
4 Pettemella Soave—A dry white wine  
4 Pettemella Valpolicella—A ruby red wine

**SPECIAL BONUS**  
10 a case if picked up at our store  
(except for Villa Banfi, above)  
**FREE:** Frank Schoonmaker's Almanac  
Come in, anytime, for your free copy.  
no mail or phone requests.

**FREE DELIVERY** anywhere in  
Westchester, L.I., most parts of Orange &  
Suffolk counties on any order over \$25 (under  
\$50).

**Cork & Bottle LTD.**  
First Avenue at 63rd-64th Sts.  
**212-838-5300**  
**FREE PARKING**  
Price Subject to Change Without Notice

**DAN LEE FAUST**  
SPECIALTY  
**ARDENING**  
SPECIAL FOR YOU IN  
**New York Times**

TERMS: CASH AND CARRY . . . CREDIT AND DELIVERY CAN BE ARRANGED . . . MASTER CHARGE ACCEPTED

OPEN WEEKDAYS 9:30 TO 9:30, OPEN SATURDAY 9:30 TO 5:30  
(SALVAGE CENTER: DAILY 4 TO 9:30 . . . SATURDAY 9:30 TO 5:30)

- |   |  |   |   |  |   |   |
|---|--|---|---|--|---|---|
| <b>MANHATTAN EAST</b><br>163 E. 84th between Lex. & Third | <b>RIVERDALE</b><br>5845 Broadway at 238th | <b>FOREST HILLS</b><br>108-48 Queens Blvd. at 71st Road | <b>WHITE PLAINS</b><br>29 West Post Road          | <b>CARLE PLACE</b><br>214 Glen Cove Road | <b>HAUPPAUGE PLAZA</b><br>379 Nesconset Highway | <b>SALVAGE CENTER</b><br>Route 17 at DuBois Avenue<br>East Rutherford, N.J. |
| <b>FLAGSHIP</b><br>Route 22, Union, N.J.                  | <b>RIDGEWOOD</b><br>41 Oak St., N.J.       | <b>WESTPORT</b><br>125 Main St., Conn.                  | <b>STAMFORD</b><br>Elm Street at Hawthorne, Conn. | <b>HAMDEN</b><br>Hamden Plaza, Conn.     |   |   |

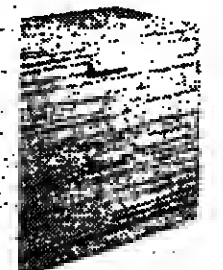






egan

Director of Files  
Home Office



American walnut washable  
Adaptable heavy duty  
locks on both drawers with  
lid walnut handles. Holds  
ter folders. Finished back  
in 30" x 19 1/2".  
\$135  
Regan  
CORPORATION  
1000 Ave. of the Americas, 10016  
MU 3-8990  
Money Order enclosed  
New York, N.Y.  
Cal. 9 A.M. - 5 P.M.

Issue and Debate

Administration Decision to End Arms Embargo on Egypt by Sale of C-130's

By BERNARD GWERTZMAN  
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, March 19—President Ford is expected to give formal approval to the sale of six C-130 Hercules military transport planes to Egypt.

The decision—in effect ending a 20-year embargo on military sales to Egypt—will be made in the face of opposition from Israel, American Jews and pro-Israeli members of Congress.

But the Administration, seeking to encourage President Anwar el-Sadat of Egypt along a pro-Western path, has refused to be deterred by the possibility of a major fight in Congress or of Jewish disaffection during the election year.

planes, valued at \$40 million, be sold commercially.

This would avoid a sharp fight and reduce the symbolic importance of the deal, they said. But the Administration has just about decided not to accept this compromise.

The Background

United States relations with Egypt were strained ever since the Eisenhower Administration broke a pledge in 1955 to build the Aswan Dam, eventually constructed by the Soviet Union.

Beginning in 1955, the Egyptians turned to the Soviet bloc for their military equipment, and the United States, which along with France and West Germany was a principal arms supplier to Israel, adopted a policy of not selling military equipment to Egypt.

lary men brought into Egypt by Mr. Nasser.

But relations with the United States began to improve noticeably only after the October 1973 war, when Mr. Sadat indicated that he wanted to work through Washington in trying to get a permanent settlement and recovery of Arab lands taken by Israel in the 1967 war.

In addition to accepting two separate agreements with Israel worked out by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger, Mr. Sadat approved a number of political and economic measures that moved Egypt steadily away from the Soviet orbit and toward the West.

The Russians retaliated, according to Mr. Sadat, by sharply curtailing arms shipments to Egypt and insisting on Egypt's repayment of its debts.

On a personal level, Mr. Sadat not only received former President Richard M. Nixon in 1974 but also visited the United States last fall.

Meanwhile, the United States has become the virtual sole foreign supplier of military equipment to Israel. Because of spiraling costs, American aid to Israel will be more than \$2 billion this year, most of it

in the form of military credits.

Mr. Sadat in 1974 announced that he was ending his dependence on Soviet arms, and he began seeking to buy arms from the United States.

Administration's View

Throughout the intensive Middle East diplomacy of 1974 and 1975, Mr. Sadat pressed for assurances that he would receive American military help. President Ford in September 1975, a month before Mr. Sadat's visit to the United States, told an interviewer that by swinging his country to the West and relying on American diplomatic initiatives, Mr. Sadat had earned an "implicit commitment" from this country in the military field.

But the Administration has always been aware that it made no sense to appear to be arming both sides of a potential conflict and explained to Congress that the decision to sell the C-130's was a political and psychological one—to demonstrate that Mr. Sadat could get some military equipment as part of his reliance on the United States.

privately that Mr. Sadat's armed forces might turn against him and seek oew ties with Moscow if Egypt could not find an adequate substitute in the West for the arms lost. Egypt is also planning to buy from West European countries.

The Administration view is that by gradually selling military equipment to Egypt, starting with the matériel that is not for direct use in combat, the United States gives Mr. Sadat some political support and buys additional time for negotiations.

Mr. Sadat is described by Mr. Ford as a "moderate" and as a "courageous" leader who has dared to become a friend of the United States even though Washington has remained Israel's chief supporter.

Opposing View

Opponents of the sale—principally the Israeli Government, American Jewish organizations and pro-Israeli members of Congress—have acknowledged that the sale of C-130's will not affect Israel's security. But they have expressed concern about the long-range implications. They argue that the C-130 sale will inevitably

be followed by a gradual escalation until Egypt receives arms such as modern jet fighters.

Moreover, they fear that the Arabs may interpret an end to the arms embargo against Egypt as a sign that the oil embargo and other pressure tactics on the United States had succeeded in driving a wedge between the United States and Israel. This could in turn lead to renewed warfare in the Middle East, they assert.

The Outlook

The debate will probably continue for some time. The United States seems committed to improving ties with Egypt and other Arab nations while continuing to support Israel. But the Israelis will probably object strongly to any military sales to Egypt, and the Arabs will not drop their objections to military support given to Israel.

The mood on Capitol Hill is to avoid a bitter fight over the sale of the C-130's, and so the momentum is for a deal based on a pledge that nothing other than the C-130's will be provided this year. But the dispute will probably arise as soon as a new line of equipment is offered.

BETTER THAN A PILLOW! RESULTS WILL AMAZE YOU!

EASES YOUR TENSIONS, BELIEVES YOUR "NERVES," RELAXES YOUR NECK!



Introducing New "Comfort Cradle" Supports, Tranquelize Vital Cervical Area! ONLY \$3.99

will you have to resort to an ordinary pillow to relax, ease neck tightness or relieve tensions or jangled nerves. Be it last, the Neck Relaxer is here... a simple device specifically designed to head and neck in luxurious comfort you have ever experienced before! down, then rest your head and neck on fully supported foam rubber cradle of "Almost immediately, you'll feel tension ease, taut nerves start to unwind... relaxing feeling will start to take because the Neck Relaxer supports the delicate cervical area which extends base of your skull to the top of your neck. Relaxer at home... take it along on vacation or travel. You'll be amazed how you feel! Only \$3.99. Mail risk-free order now!

90-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE Use the Neck Relaxer for 90 days. You must be absolutely delighted with results or return for prompt refund of purchase price.

Form with fields for Name, Address, City, State, ZIP, and a section for 'BUY WITH CONFIDENCE—ORDER TODAY!' containing contact information for JAY NORRIS Warehouse Outlet.

NORRIS WAREHOUSE OUTLET 25 W. Merrick Rd., Freeport, N.Y. 11521

OPEN TO PUBLIC SATURDAY, SUNDAY & MONDAY ONLY! FINE FURNITURE CLEARANCE entire showroom stock -for IMMEDIATE DELIVERY



20% to 50% off This is your greatest opportunity to purchase designer-inspired Contemporary and Traditional furniture sold previously only to decorators. NOW... our doors are open to the public for three days only. We have on display in our spacious showrooms a large variety of all new, famous name brand Bedrooms, Living Rooms, Dining Rooms, Occasional Tables, Sofa Beds, Lamps, Bedding, Accessories. Custom-made and imported one-of-a-kind items. It's all here waiting for you—at prices you won't believe. IN THE FURNITURE MART BUILDING Craftsman FURNITURE GALLERIES, INC. 192 LEXINGTON AVENUE (212) 689-5000 New York City ENTIRE 12th FLOOR ONLY!

Advertisement for BFO (Best Fashion Old) clothing. Features the BFO logo, address (149 Fifth Avenue at 21st Street, Manhattan), phone number (212) 254-0059-0060, and a list of clothing items with prices: Suits (None higher than \$75), Sport Coats (None higher than \$45), Slacks (None higher than \$20), Leisure Suits (None higher than \$45), and All Weather Coats, Leathers & Suedes. Includes a photo of a man in a suit and a 'bfo' logo.



# Announcement by Margaret's Palace Says Princess and Snowdon Are Separated

Continued From Page 1, Col. 4

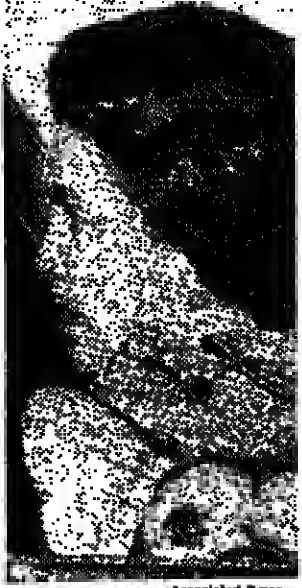
tiny island of Mustique in the Caribbean, where she maintained a home. What spurred the separation at this time was Princess Margaret's highly publicized friendship with Roderick Llewellyn, the 28-year-old son of Col. Harry Llewellyn, a socially prominent horseman and brewer. The two were photographed at Mustique, and seen at a secluded 47-acre farm in North Wilshire, Mr. Llewellyn, who went to Eton and sometimes wears a silver earring, shares the sandstone farmhouse on a commune basis with seven others.

**Princess Goes to the Movies**  
Princess Margaret, appearing strained, went to a film in the Mayfair section last night, accompanied by her lady-in-waiting and a middle-aged man. She made no comment. Lord Snowdon, who is in Australia for an exhibition of his work, told reporters at Sydney airport: "For the last 15 years I haven't discussed my private life and at the moment I'm not going to break that rule."

Major Griffin added: "A separation had been a possibility for some time to come and once the final decision had been reached it was obviously best to implement it straight away."

A spokeswoman at Kensington Palace said that Princess Margaret would continue to live there with the children and to carry out her official engagements. Lord Snowdon is known to be making arrangements to find another home in London.

It was known that divorce had been considered by the couple, but that legal separation was finally agreed to. One of the advantages to Princess Margaret of a legal separation,



Queen Elizabeth II leaving palace in London for a weekend at Windsor Castle. One of her dogs looks out car window.

rather than a divorce, is that there will be less pressure on her to renounce her title—she is fifth in line to the throne. Were she to renounce the title she would lose her \$70,000 state allowance as well as numerous privileges. Divorce was also ruled out because it would place the Queen in an embarrassing position as "Supreme Head on Earth," which frowns on divorce.

**Advice From Solicitors**  
The separation agreement was worked out with the advice of lawyers, but it is a private one that does not require any action in the courts. Its effect is to regulate the agreement between them in a precise and written form. The fine details of the agreement has not been made known and is unlikely to be disclosed in the future. Princess Margaret was advised by solicitors Farrer and Company of Lincoln Inn Fields in London. A spokesman

for them said: "We have nothing to say. We do not discuss our clients' affairs." The firm also acts for the Queen.

Lord Snowdon has been advised by Lord Goodman, one of Britain's most prominent lawyers and an associate of Prime Minister Harold Wilson. They can be divorced after two years with the consent of the partners. After five years they can be divorced without consent.

Just over 20 years ago Princess Margaret, then 25, stirred the imagination and sympathy of the nation when she announced that she could not marry a divorced man, Group Capt. Peter Townsend, a World War II pilot who joined the royal household in 1944.

**A Secret Courtship**  
At the time, Princess Margaret said: "Mindful of the church's teaching, that Christian marriage is indissoluble, and conscious of my duty to the Commonwealth, I have resolved to put these considerations before any others."

On May 6, 1960, she married Lord Snowdon, then Antony Armstrong-Jones, a Cambridge-educated photographer who carried on a secret courtship with Princess Margaret at his dockside studio over a warehouse in East London's dock district. Lord Snowdon, whose parents were divorced, was somewhat socially prominent. He is the son of Ronald Owen Lloyd Armstrong-Jones, who died in 1966, and of the Countess of Kesse. Since his marriage to Princess Margaret, Lord Snowdon has served as an artistic adviser to The Sunday Times and quietly continued his work as a photographer.

thinks he's exploited his position and, in fact, being married to Margaret may have limited his assignments. He started the hard way—he took pictures of Fleet Street and a lot of people on Fleet Street know him pretty well."

**Trips to Caribbean**  
Reports that the marriage was in difficulty began appearing in 1967, following a trip by Lord Snowdon to Japan. Gossip about their public arguments appeared in the press. There were some reports that Prince Philip favored divorce but that his wife, the Queen, and sister of Princess Margaret, disagreed and urged them to seek to live in the palace, but live separate lives.

Princess Margaret did not attend her husband's birthday parties in 1973 and 1974. Instead, she left her children behind and headed for Mustique. Princess Margaret and Lord Snowdon first went to the island in May 1960 on their honeymoon. There she was given a plot of land there as a wedding present by a friend, Colin Teonan, who owns the island. But Lord Snowdon never returned to it.

The Princess built a Georgian-style colonial villa there. It has three bedrooms and a sitting room. It is tended by a permanent staff of three. She once described the island as "the only place in the world where I can truly relax."

In recent years Princess Margaret and Lord Snowdon have emerged as oddy contrasting public figures. Their associates have said that Lord Snowdon is a reserved, private and friendly figure who has sought to avoid parties. Princess Margaret, on the other hand, is known as a lively, peripatetic and moody woman, suffering from migraines, who is often seen at trendy restaurants in Chelsea and Knightsbridge with a wide variety of escorts—Pete Sellers, Lord Lichfield, a photographer, and now Roddy Llewellyn.

**Friction Over Photograph**  
The Daily Express reported yesterday that a widely published photograph of Princess Margaret, Mr. Llewellyn and a friend, in bathing suits on a sun deck, had proved "unbearably embarrassing" for Lord Snowdon. Lord Snowdon's woman friends to recent years have received maximum publicity—Lady Pamela Colin, who worked for the American Vogue magazine and later married Lord Harlech; Gayle Hunnicutt a film actress and Lady Jacqueline Rufus Isaacs, daughter of the Marquess of Reading. Possibly because the rift in the marriage was so well known, public and church reaction has been muted. The Archbishop of Canterbury, Dr. Donald Coggan, resting in Trinidad before a meeting of the Anglican Consultative Council,

said that the church was one of "deep with people who runs into difficulty particularly with the break-

**Detailed Family**  
In London a spokesman for the Archbishop-Bishop for the Church of England—said the church decided to live apart. Although there were discussions within the family about the rift it is known that the Archbishop consulted the church leader.

There was scathing criticism. Patrick Macdonald, one of Britain's best on royalty and a breton's, the who's a barrister and knight don't think there public reaction as has been general for some time that was not happy. And The Guardian newspaper, said it up of any marriage occasion, including. But it added: "The force the continuing would be hard to daya. To do so would be concerned are ar ripheral would be disadvantageously ludicrous."

There was scathing criticism. Patrick Macdonald, one of Britain's best on royalty and a breton's, the who's a barrister and knight don't think there public reaction as has been general for some time that was not happy. And The Guardian newspaper, said it up of any marriage occasion, including. But it added: "The force the continuing would be hard to daya. To do so would be concerned are ar ripheral would be disadvantageously ludicrous."

There was scathing criticism. Patrick Macdonald, one of Britain's best on royalty and a breton's, the who's a barrister and knight don't think there public reaction as has been general for some time that was not happy. And The Guardian newspaper, said it up of any marriage occasion, including. But it added: "The force the continuing would be hard to daya. To do so would be concerned are ar ripheral would be disadvantageously ludicrous."

There was scathing criticism. Patrick Macdonald, one of Britain's best on royalty and a breton's, the who's a barrister and knight don't think there public reaction as has been general for some time that was not happy. And The Guardian newspaper, said it up of any marriage occasion, including. But it added: "The force the continuing would be hard to daya. To do so would be concerned are ar ripheral would be disadvantageously ludicrous."



## Big, Firm, Comfortable

You'll find full sleeping comfort in Loftcraft's Platform Bed design. Your mattress rests on a strong solid deck, supporting your back firmly and evenly. No lumps, bumps, or sags. Just comfort. But Loftcraft offers you more: a graceful floating design crafted by hand out of fine, richly-grained hardwoods. Practical features, too, like a built-in storage drawer, a reclining back for reading, or matching headboard and endtables. Available in hand rubbed birch, oak, or walnut in nine different styles.

## Loftcraft

**Downtown** 171 Seventh Ave. (20th) (212) 255-9048 Open 10-8, Sunday 11-5 Easy Parking  
**Uptown** 1031 Third Ave. (60-51st) New York 10021 (212) 753-3367 Open Mon-Wed. 10-8 Thurs-Sat. 10-10 Sunday 11-7

### MOLYNEUX "THE STATESMAN"

The elegance of the late 18th century interpreted in a George II design of solid ash and fine carpenation. This exquisitely proportioned cabinet is hand rubbed with Goddard's imported cabinet wax and is painted in hand-blown German glass in lead mullions on three sides allowing the most beautiful view of Germany's finest movement. The triple chime row movement is by Ursus of West Germany and is featured on Symphonica Chimezone Rods. It is also available with five tubular bell movement. The beautiful engraved dial includes a hand painted moving moon phase. Hinged access panels on the sides and a removable top allow for easy access to the movement. An extra thick sounding board and extra heavy sound blocks assure the most deep, resonant intensification and prolongation of chimes.

**BICENTENNIAL CELEBRATION SALE 10% OFF ON ALL NEW CLOCKS IN STOCK—OR ON SPECIAL ORDER.**

**\$1800 1855** Shipped Express Collect N.Y.S. Res. Add Tax

**Antique Clock Inc.**  
476 Bedford Rd., Pleasantville, N.Y. 10578-914 RO 9-4158  
Bedford Rd. East—Saw Mill Park, 45 Minutes from Manhattan  
P.M. STOLZE, Craft Member, D.N.I.  
EXPERT REPAIR ON ALL CLOCKS AND WATCHES Closed Wednesdays BANK AMERICAN MASTER CHARGE  
We Guarantee New & Heirloom Clocks 1 Year  
NOW ON DISPLAY: 26 Models of New Colonial Grandmother, Grandfather wall and Schoolhouse clocks. Also on display over 350 antiques and unusual heirloom clocks and watches.

## SPACE-AGE WRAPAROUND SUNGLASSES MAKE ALL OTHERS OBSOLETE!

**FIT COMFORTABLY OVER YOUR OWN GLASSES!**

**Space-Age Wraparounds—with the Toughest, Safest, Longest Lasting Lenses Ever Made!**

Now... from the world's strongest plastic, developed to protect the astronauts—as windows in their space capsules and face shields in their moon-walk space suits—comes Space-Age Wraparound Sunglasses! Made of GE's LEXAN® Resin—the strong-as-metal clear-as-glass plastic that withstands the most shattering impact without a dent, and is unaffected by the most intense heat... the most frigid sub-zero weather!

This is the extraordinary protection Space-Age Wraparound Sunglasses give you! They're the safest-against-impact sunglasses you can buy. Won't chip, crack or shatter! In fact, their impact resistance is fifty times greater than federal regulation standards for safety glass! And the space-age design gives you wraparound protection from the sun's harsh glare. The Side-And-Top Shield Construction surrounds your eyes in glare-free comfort! For added safety against the sun, the exclusive optometrist-designed Solar-Tone® Coloring screens out all full 86% of all dangerous ultra-violet and infrared rays that can damage your eyes and cause fretting strains. The color-faded blue-green lenses won't fade!

Space-Age Wraparounds are glamorous, cool! Their streamlined, futuristic design gives both men and women a peacocking, jet-set look! And they're light as a feather... you'll hardly know you're wearing them. Outdoor sports lovers love them for everything from skiing to backpacking to hunting!

They're large enough to fit comfortably over regular eyeglasses, doing away with clumsy clip-ons! And contact-lens wearers get an extra safety bonus—because Space-Age Wraparounds do an unshakable job of safeguarding eyes from wind-blown dust and grit.

Don't trust your precious eyes to ordinary sunglasses! Protect them with the super-strength plastic developed for the astronauts... in glasses made from GE LEXAN® Resin! One size fits all. Space-Age Wraparound Sunglasses are only \$9.99—order now!

**JAY NORRIS** 21 W. Merrick Rd., Freeport, N.Y. 11521  
**WAREHOUSE OUTLET** 25 W. Merrick Rd., Dept. AA-504, Freeport, N.Y. 11521  
Serving Satisfied Customers for over 25 Years  
90 DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE!  
Wear a Pair of Space-Age Wraparound Glasses 90 Days. If not completely satisfied—return for a refund of your purchase price.  
PLEASE RUSH ME:  a pair of SPACE-AGE WRAPAROUND SUNGLASSES (#R934) @ \$9.99 purchase price per pair plus 90¢ shipping and handling.  SAVE! Order TWO Pairs for only \$17.99 purchase price plus \$1.25 shipping and handling.  
Enclosed is  check or  money order for \$\_\_\_\_\_. Sorry, no C.O.D.'s—(N.Y. residents add sales tax.)  
PLEASE PRINT NAME \_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_ CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
Canadian Residents please send orders to: JAY NORRIS CAN LTD, P.O. Box 1000, Dept. AA-504 Montreal North, Quebec H1H 5M9

## Simple Addition

Start with one super-comfortable living unit. Add another, you have a seat. One more, a sofa. Add arms you will, and ottomans as you create your own grouping or section pit. Covered in easy-care, washable nubby fabric with chrome Single unit 69.00. Ottoman 55.00 arms 35.00. Corner 25.00. Cc packaging makes it easy to carry

Master Charge—BankAmericard Accepted

## West Town House

Mon.-Sat. 10:30-6:30 Sun. (71 St. only) 12-5  
2047 Broadway (at 71st) (787-5550)  
260 West 86 Street (877-0888)

## \$179 THE BED OF THE MONTH... \$179

For \$179 you get a 54" x 75" x 5" foam mattress; a clear pine, Platform Bed; TWO huge drawers; an adjustable recliner. (60" x 80" bed for \$20 more.)

We also make a full line Trundle beds  
143 West 20th St. New York, N.Y. 10011 Tel. 243-6315  
Hours: Mon. thru Sat. 9 am. to 7 pm., Open SUN. 12 to 4

## BED BEDDER

## Danish teak BOOK CASE \$99

A great home for your books—34"x71" high and a roomy 11" deep. Genuine Bangkok veneers, hand-rubbed oil finish! Pick it up, assemble it yourself and save! Only \$30 more for sliding door unit.

**the international home** new york-roslyn open Sunday 11-5

NEW YORK 440 Park Ave. So. (30th/58th) 1155 Thurs. to 8 P.M.  
PARANLIS 712 N. 7th St., Jackson CA 92101-447-4433 Mon. and Thurs. to 9 P.M. Closed Tuesday  
ROSLYN 190 Minolta Ave./Jct. 37 L.I.E. one block N. 37th/516-484-4414

## THIS MOON MISSION BLANKET Will "TOAST" you to a delicious

Special Insulating Material Developed For NASA/APOLLO Makes Incredible

# SUNTAN BLANKET

ONLY \$299 2 for \$5.50

NASA/APOLLO Missions help you get the most glorious tan you've ever had in your life! The experts for these programs originally designed a Moon Mission Blanket with reflective qualities which will bounce back 90% of your body's heat. Now you can use this miracle material as a space sun reflector you take to the beach or spread out in the back yard... capture even the weakest rays... and turn it all into a marvelous sun-deck that will last you golden brown long before summer's even with us!

Keep A Florida Tan Six to Eight Months A Year

Just think, the Moon Mission Blanket spreads out to a space of 55" x 54", 32 feet of glowing warmth!—big enough to accommodate two or more avid sun worshippers. You can spread it out on the beach... in your back yard... long before the sun's rays are too hot and uncomfortable to stay under. This miraculous blanket weighs only a few ounces, and folds to fit into a purse pocket or traveling bag... Take it out on ski slopes... use it anywhere and look like you've been spending the biggest part of the year in your own island in the sun! So look your best the better part of the year, order now... Moon Mission Blanket (similar in function to blanket selling for 4 times this amount) is yours for just \$2.99... for \$5.50.

**JAY NORRIS** 21 W. Merrick Rd., Freeport, N.Y. 11521  
**WAREHOUSE OUTLET** 25 W. Merrick Rd., Dept. AA-504, Freeport, N.Y. 11521  
Serving Satisfied Customers for over 25 Years  
Canadian Residents please send orders to: JAY NORRIS CAN LTD, P.O. Box 1000, Dept. AA-504 Montreal North, Quebec H1H 5M9

**90-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE!**  
Try Moon Mission Blanket for 90 days. If not completely satisfied return for prompt refund of price.

Please rush me one Moon Mission Blanket @ \$2.99 purchase price plus shipping and handling.  
SAVE! Order TWO for only \$5.50 purchase price plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.  
SAVE MORE! Order SIX for \$15.00 purchase price plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.  
Enclosed is  check or  money order for \$\_\_\_\_\_. (N.Y. residents add sales tax.)  
PLEASE PRINT NAME \_\_\_\_\_ ADDRESS \_\_\_\_\_ CITY \_\_\_\_\_ STATE \_\_\_\_\_ ZIP \_\_\_\_\_  
© Jay Norris Corp., 1976

## FILE TWICE AS MUCH... in 1/2 THE SPACE... at 1/2 THE PRICE of a 2-DRAWER FILE!

**tidi lateral files** only \$24.90 complete with 12 walnut grained Tidi-Files

Tidi Lateral Files... units that provide fast and simple filing, organization and storage of Correspondence, Magazines, Pamphlets, Reference Materials, Invoices, etc. Their file concept provides easy access and retrieval. Great for schools, homes, schools, libraries, hospitals, etc. These shell lateral files are made of sturdy steel with handsome walnut-grained vinyl with 12 letter-size vertical Tidi-Files (5 1/2" x 11") which are constructed of heavy-duty hardwood. Lateral file necessary 30" H x 30" W x 10" D, and holds up to 22 Tidi-Files. Stack-on lecture allows easy expansion. Assembled with just a screwdriver.

**TIDI LATERAL FILE W/12 TIDI-FILES \$24.90** Add \$1.25 for Postage & Handling N.Y.S. Residents—Add Sales Tax  
Additional Walnut Tidi-Files available: 5 for \$8.95, 12 for \$17.95

FRANK EASTERN CO., Dept. T-220, 625 Broadway, N.Y., N.Y. 10012 • (212) 477-1160

## Observing... the quality you'll find in Russell Baker's

satire-filled column in The New York Times. Opposite the Editorial Page every Tuesday and Saturday. And on Sundays in The New York Times Magazine. Read Russell, Right! Right in The Times.

150 ن الال



# New Man in Peking

Thomas S. Gates Jr.

WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—The most American-earred that China intervene in the Vietnam, Thomas S. Gates Jr., Defense Secretary and then a banking executive, some friends by advocating that the United States associations with Peking advice went not at the time. Today, Ford named Mr. Gates as the special rank ambassador. Mr. Gates a chance to see can do about in the Chinese more in stream of world af-



His background will help him in Peking.

resident, with Mr. ting next to him in Office, told report- he had known Mr. rince the two men cers aboard the air- rier Monterey in the 1943. ow that he did a ve job in the Pen- President said. "He a good friend ever id I am delighted if you are undertak- extremely important ility." Thomas Sovereign Gates Jr., was born in Philadelphia on April 10, 1906, to Thomas Sovereign Gates, a lawyer and investment banker, and the former Marie Rogers. His mother died in childbirth. Young Gates attended the Chestnut Hill Academy, and in 1928 was graduated with a B.A. from the University of Pennsylvania, where he was a member of Phi Beta Kappa. He then joined his father's investment-banking firm, Drexel and Company. In the mid-1930's Mr. Gates, a Philadelphia Maio Liner, came to New York to spend two years with the J.P. Morgan & Company, which was closely connected with Drexel. In 1940, he was made a Drexel partner. He entered the Navy in 1942 and, after serving on the Monterey, participated in the invasion of Southern France. In 1945, he was in the Philippine, Iwo Jima and Okinawa campaigns. He was a captain at war's end, when he returned to banking and other businesses in Philadelphia. In 1953 he was named Under Secretary of the Navy and in 1957 secretary. He became Deputy Defense Secretary in 1959 and succeeded Neil McElroy as Defense Secretary later that year. After the Democratic administration of John F. Kennedy took office, Mr. Gates, a Republican, returned to banking—with the Morgan Guaranty Trust Company, the nation's fifth largest bank. In 1965 he became its chairman and chief executive officer, continuing in that post until 1968. He was a director of the bank until last week when he retired because of his impending 70th birthday.

George Bush's reassignment as director of Central Intelligence. Mrs. Gates, the former Millicent Anne Brengle, said in a telephone conversation from their home in Devon, Pa., today that she was very excited about the assignment. Their three daughters are married and the Gateses have nine grandchildren. A son died in a fire at a Canadian ski lodge in 1956. A Native of Philadelphia, Thomas Sovereign Gates Jr., was born in Philadelphia on April 10, 1906, to Thomas Sovereign Gates, a lawyer and investment banker, and the former Marie Rogers. His mother died in childbirth. Young Gates attended the Chestnut Hill Academy, and in 1928 was graduated with a B.A. from the University of Pennsylvania, where he was a member of Phi Beta Kappa. He then joined his father's investment-banking firm, Drexel and Company. In the mid-1930's Mr. Gates, a Philadelphia Maio Liner, came to New York to spend two years with the J.P. Morgan & Company, which was closely connected with Drexel. In 1940, he was made a Drexel partner. He entered the Navy in 1942 and, after serving on the Monterey, participated in the invasion of Southern France. In 1945, he was in the Philippine, Iwo Jima and Okinawa campaigns. He was a captain at war's end, when he returned to banking and other businesses in Philadelphia. In 1953 he was named Under Secretary of the Navy and in 1957 secretary. He became Deputy Defense Secretary in 1959 and succeeded Neil McElroy as Defense Secretary later that year. After the Democratic administration of John F. Kennedy took office, Mr. Gates, a Republican, returned to banking—with the Morgan Guaranty Trust Company, the nation's fifth largest bank. In 1965 he became its chairman and chief executive officer, continuing in that post until 1968. He was a director of the bank until last week when he retired because of his impending 70th birthday.

# U.S. WOULD OFFSET MOZAMBIQUE LOSS

WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—A high State Department official said today that the United States was prepared to help Mozambique offset the losses it was incurring by installing its borders to the illegal, white-dominated regime in Rhodesia. William E. Schaufele Jr., Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs, said that the United States also was prepared to send aid to the black majority Government of Zambia de-

spite certain of its votes in the United Nations, and to send food aid to Tanzania. Mr. Schaufele told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that the United States was maintaining contact with nationalist groups in southern Africa who are working for the installation of black majority governments in Rhodesia, South-West Africa and South Africa. He declined to say what the reaction of the United States would be if Cuban troops backed by the Soviet Union intervened to install such governments by force of arms.

# House Coal Inquiry Slated

WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Representative John W. Jenrette Jr., Democrat of South Carolina, said today that a House Commerce subcommittee had been directed to begin an investigation into the coal industry. The study to begin by April 1, will include a look into coal prices and their effect on utility rates as well as the possibility of price fixing and other unfair anticompetitive actions within the coal industry.

OPEN SUN. 10-5

105 5th AVE. 7th FLOOR 924-7902

# Squires

WAREHOUSE DEPOT

## buy where retailers buy

open to the public... 10,000 sq. ft. of wall-to-wall mens wear... shipped to you... SQUIRES from manufacturers & retailers throughout the country... you choose from these same 1st quality garments that retailers select from... because we'd rather sell than re-ship.

## all our stock near or below original wholesale

ORIGINAL TICKETS ON AT TWICE THE PRICE!

# SUITS \$39<sup>90</sup>

FROM A FAMOUS MANUFACTURER

PLAIDS • SOLIDS • SEERSUCKER LOOKS

SUITS \$49<sup>90</sup> \$59<sup>90</sup> \$69<sup>90</sup> \$79<sup>90</sup> RAINCOATS \$29<sup>90</sup> \$39<sup>90</sup> \$49<sup>90</sup> SPORTCOATS \$29<sup>90</sup> \$39<sup>90</sup> \$49<sup>90</sup> LEISURE SUITS \$29<sup>90</sup> \$39<sup>90</sup> \$49<sup>90</sup> SLACKS \$7 \$10 \$12 \$15 charge!! master charge bankAmericard

WAREHOUSE DEPOT 105 5th AVE. 7th FLOOR between 17th & 18th Street DAILY & SAT. 9 to 7 OPEN SUN. 10-5

Shop Mon., Thurs., Fri., 'til 9:30 Other days 'til 6

PARKING rear of store

# Schlesinger's Sporting Elan

NO Sales Tax on Clothing in N.J.

(212) 564-6933 (201) 854-1500

Schlesinger Charges invited, all major Credit Cards honored

Enjoy Schlesinger's hand-basted custom fitting service.

## Sophisticated Sportsman

For a superb fashion synchronization of sports jacket and slacks, our elegant Sports Duo - the "Counier" - by LOUIS ROTH. Impressively hand-tailored in finest pure wool. Cool & summery jacket with bold window panes, matching solid slacks. Choose from blue panes on white (with blue slacks), or brown on white (with brown slacks). Sizes 36 to 50. R-S-L. Schlesinger value priced. Jacket \$245, Slacks \$95

Other Louis Roth Sports Coats from \$199 to \$275

*Schlesinger's* Genuine at 50th WEST NEW YORK, N.J.

# Ins Quit Peking With Pact on China Vientiane Role

By FOX BUTTERFIELD Special to The New York Times

By the prominent role played during the Laotians' trip by Yao Wen-yuan, a leading radical politician. Mr. Yao, who is a member of the party Politburo but not a member of the Politburo Standing Committee, accompanied the Laotians throughout their five-day stay in Peking. He took part in all the official negotiations with them, along with the Acting Prime Minister, Hua Kuo-feng, and joined their meeting with Chairman Mao Tse-tung, also along with Mr. Hua. In fact, the analysts noted, Mr. Yao seemed to be acting as a kind of co-host together with Mr. Hua. The analysts were unsure whether this meant that Mr. Hua was still something of a figurehead Prime Minister, or that Mr. Yao and other radicals had made real gains in power because of the current attacks on the alleged rightists, led by senior Deputy Prime Minister Teng Hsiao-ping. Mr. Hua, a relatively lesser known official at the time he was unexpectedly named to his new post, appeared to have been a compromise choice. He was not known to have a power base of his own, and was not closely identified with either the so-called radical or moderate factions. Analysts who scanned the Chinese treatment of their Laotian guests for clues to the controversy in China, also noted that Li Hsien-mo, a Deputy Prime Minister in charge of economic affairs, did not appear despite the talks on aid. Mr. Li, an economic planner aligned with Mr. Teng, has not been seen since memorial services for Mr. Chou on Jan. 15. That was also the last time Mr. Teng appeared in public. In another development, it appeared that Chairman Mao's death in 1976, who in various interviews with foreign leaders to help interpret his impaired speech, had not been present for the meeting with Mr. Kayson Phomvihane. Analysts could not recall her absence from any other meeting in years.

# Throw Away Dangerous Sprays! No Dangerous Insecticides!

## NOW! NATURE'S HERO "EATS UP" DESTRUCTIVE INSECTS IN YOUR GARDEN

Amazing! This remarkable Praying Mantis helps eliminate destructive insects and the need for dangerous insecticides. Actual size ranges from 3" to 5". The mighty Mantis devours thousands of times its own weight in harmful insects such as aphids, tomato worms, lace bugs, caterpillars, borers, mites, maggots, flies, ants. Now you can help control these insects that ravage your lovely plants, flowers, vegetables, fruits, shrubs and trees and give your garden that unkempt, ugly look.

Helps Eliminate These INSECT PESTS!

- Little black ant
- Long horned sawfly
- White grub
- Spider mite
- Leaf miner
- Scale
- Carpet beetle
- Japanese beetle

World Art & Gift 606 E. State St. Westport, Conn.

WORLD ART & GIFT 606 E. STATE ST., WESTPORT, CONN. 06591

Phone 861-1111

Shipping and handling charges extra. Please allow 2-3 weeks for delivery. Payment in advance. Cash, check, money order, or VISA, MasterCard, Discover, American Express, and Interbank.

# ELECTROCUTE BUGS INSTANTLY!

## Colonial Style Lantern Attracts and Kills Flies, Mosquitoes, Gnats—ON CONTACT!

- Works continuously—round the clock—indoors or outdoors.
- No chemicals, no poisons, no messy tapes or strips.
- No sprays, no fumes, no odors.
- Absolutely safe for people, pets and birds.

Never again will you have to risk using poisonous pesticides, potentially dangerous chemicals, evil-smelling sprays that could blow back in your face, or sticky hanging tapes and strips—or shell out money for refills!

Now, at last, there's a safe, poison-free way to destroy pesky, glass-carrying flying insects once and for all! Now, at last, you can kill flying insects easily, effectively, automatically! This simple efficient Night-and-Day Electronic Bug-Killer Lantern gives you protection and comfort you want and need. At first glance, it looks just like a beautiful, decorative-designed, Colonial style lantern. But look again—because hidden away inside is a remarkable electronic device that kills flying insects like a power-packed magnet—these kills them instantly, on contact!

90-DAY MONEY-BACK GUARANTEE! Use Bug-Killer Lantern for 90 days. You must be absolutely delighted with it—or return for prompt refund of purchase price.

BUY WITH CONFIDENCE—ORDER TODAY!

JAY MORRIS Warehouse Outlet, 25 W. Merrick Rd., Dept. A-506 Freeport, N.Y. 11521

Please rush me one Electronic Bug-Killer Lantern for \$29.99 at purchase price of \$9.99 plus \$1.00 shipping and handling.

SAVE! Order TWO for purchase price of only \$18.99 plus \$1.50 shipping and handling.

Enclosed is [ ] check or [ ] money order for \$... Sorry, no C.O.D.'s—N.Y. residents add sales tax.

PLEASE PRINT: NAME ADDRESS CITY STATE ZIP

Incidentally easy to use! Just hang your lantern by its goldtone chain and plug it into any household electrical outlet. That's all there is to it! Lantern measures 7 1/2" x 4 1/2" x 4 1/2". Across all these is 70. ONLY \$9.99... two for just \$18.99. Order yours now!

JAY MORRIS WAREHOUSE OUTLET 25 W. Merrick Rd., Freeport, N.Y. 11521

Open 10:00 AM - 5:00 PM, Sun. 10:00 AM - 4:00 PM

Canada: Reorder please 100¢ extra in JAY MORRIS Cash LTD. P.O. Box 1007, Dorset, N.S. 90 Montreal North, Quebec H2H 1P6

Simple Addition

West Town

MOON MISSION

"TOAST" YOU TO A

SUN

\$2.99



**BANDY LEGS**

\$25.00 VALUE

**NOW \$11.99**

The following lamp that goes from 22" to 54" in height. Swivels to any angle. Energy saving, portable, collapsible. Takes small table, 23W reflector, 120W regular bulb. On chrome plated stand. In Black, Brown or White shade. Add \$2.00 for mailing & handling. Includes appropriate Sales Tax.

ALSO TRACK LIGHTING AT GIVE AWAY PRICES

**LAMPLAND**

599 5th Ave., N.Y. 10011  
11th Fl., Tel: 1701-7664-6-6823  
AUSTIN ST. MANHATTAN

**BETWEEN SEASONS**

The fur'n leather jacket is the answer for Winter-into-Spring... exciting new ideas in all the fashionable furs including mink.

Illustrated ranch mink criss-crossed with leather, with natural mink collar. \$485. (reg. \$895.)

We will restyle your dated fur into a ladies or man's topcoat. We add fur collars to men's coats, too.

all furs labeled as to country of origin

**Quint Shoney**

138-40 E. Putnam Avenue GREENWICH, CONN. 06030  
OPEN SATURDAYS

203 9-9-0112 • PARKING IN REAR, Exit 3, Connecticut Turnpike.

**New French Cut**

Higher armhole  
Tapered sleeves  
Fitted waist

**Very virile**

Custom made \$15.00 to \$26.50  
Custom minimum: any four

NEW!  
Custom Made Slacks  
Imported fabrics \$45 to \$59.50.  
Cut and styled to your  
Individual measurements  
American Express/Master Charge

**The Custom Shop**

Telephone 582-4388  
100 W. 57th St., New York, N.Y. 10019  
Mac. Car. 440-77th St. 360-115 Bway

**I.R. FOX**

of Seventh Avenue

Creator of fur masterpieces, presents the newest in fur design.

Luxury furs - FOX, PERIAN, MAGGON, MINSKAT - direct from our factory showrooms. At factory discount prices.

Your dealer, State or local furrier, remounted, cleaned, shined, 1976 garment. Low factory prices. Write for free style book.

I.R. FOX  
330 Seventh Ave Dept L1852  
New York, N.Y. 10001  
1-800-FUR-1234

## Mellon Family Millions And Role of the Father

By MICHAEL C. JENSEN

Five years ago, following the death of his father, 28-year-old Seward Prosser Mellon suddenly became an overseer of one of the nation's largest private fortunes—estimated at between \$3 billion and \$5 billion.

The 33-year-old Mr. Mellon, known to his friends as "Pross," serves as president of Richard K. Mellon and Sons, the Pittsburgh concern that looks after his holdings as well as those of his mother, brother and two sisters. He also sits on the board of the Mellon Bank, one of the nation's largest.

Despite his high positions, Mr. Mellon, one of two adopted sons of the late Gen. Richard King Mellon, has not yet been accorded by the Pittsburgh business and political community the respect that his father had won according to some Pittsburgh business associates.

Indeed, the Mellon family once a cohesive force in Pittsburgh, largely because of the "General's" forceful personality, has become more diffuse in recent years. Its empire of industrial corporations, while still impressive, is largely run by professionals.

Major parts of the family fortune are tied up in the stocks of such companies as the Gulf Oil Corporation, the Aluminum Company of America (Alcoa), the Mellon Bank, the General Corporation, the Koppers Company, the Koppers Company and the First Boston Corporation.

The family's current holdings of Gulf stock alone, for example, are estimated to be worth more than \$800 million, and its stock in Alcoa is estimated to be worth nearly \$500 million.

The family's charitable and philanthropic foundations—including the Andrew W. Mellon Foundation, the Richard King Mellon Foundation and the Sarah Mellon Scaife Foundation—hold assets valued at hundreds of millions of dollars.

For several generations, the Mellon family has held a highly visible position in Pittsburgh social and business circles.

General Mellon [the rank came from an Army Reserve commission] was the grandson of Judge Thomas Mellon, who founded the family bank in Pittsburgh, where profitable links with Gulf and Alcoa were first forged.

In recent years, a fourth generation of Mellons has taken over the family reins. Of the major third-generation figures to descend from Judge Mellon, only one survives—Paul Mellon, 63, who left Pittsburgh years ago to live in the Washington, D.C., area.

Pross Mellon's older brother, Richard, lives in Pittsburgh and oversees the family's philanthropic activities.

As for Seward Prosser Mellon, his lawyer, Walter T. McGough, said that although General Mellon was a "hard act to follow," Pross was a truly responsible citizen.

"He's the only rich guy I



Seward Prosser Mellon

## 2 Mellon Children Abducted in Brooklyn

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

the children, by a Pennsylvania judge.

Thus yesterday's dramatic abduction—with speeding cars, and a captured gun, with theories of private airdrifts to Pennsylvania, with an initial police reaction that a kidnapping-for-ransom had occurred—was by the day's end an abduction in response to an earlier abduction.

Yesterday an attorney for Mr. Mellon, Walter McGough, said that the girls had been taken from his client "unlawfully."

"We think the Pennsylvania courts have jurisdiction," he asserted.

Gold Is Uncertain

The abductions have posed a problem for the police here and for the Brooklyn District Attorney, Eugene Gold, in whose jurisdiction yesterday's abduction took place. Deputy Police Commissioner Frank McLaughlin said that if the three men who took the girls—after identifying themselves as Federal Bureau of Investigation agents—had been caught before they left the state they "would have been begged for kidnapping, but now we don't know."

And Mr. Gold is equally unsure. Both he and the police agreed, however, that a crime was committed, if only the robbery of a private detective.

The bodyguard, Lester Carew, 59, was relieved of his .38-caliber revolver in the abduction.

As pieced together by the police from witnesses and from their interrogations of Mrs. Mellon and Mr. Carew, this is what happened yesterday morning outside the house at 273 Bay Eighth Street where Mrs. Mellon and her daughters had lived under the name of Roberts:

At about 8:30 A.M., Mr. Carew, dressed in blue and wearing a fur-collared leather jacket, caught the girls and put them into a blue station wagon. He was about to pull away for the drive to the girls' school—the Packer Collegiate Institute, at 170 Jerome Street, in Brooklyn Heights—when a 1975 or 1976 gold-brown Chrysler pulled up alongside the car.

Catherine Subs

Two men got out of the car, said they were with the F.B.I. and ordered Mr. Carew to stop. He did.

One of the men said to Mr. Carew: "I know you have a gun. I have one, too. Let's have yours." As he said this, he simulated pointing a gun with his hand in his pocket.

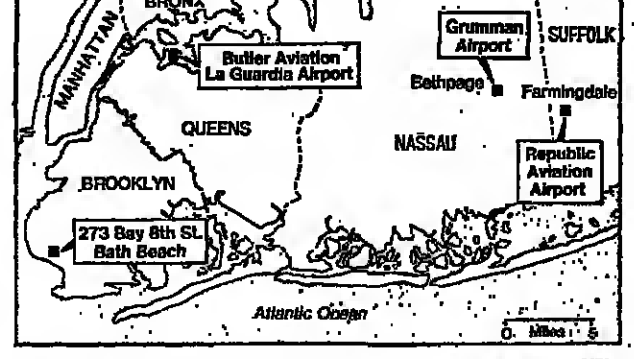
Mr. Carew, who is a private detective employed by Superior Investigations Claim Service of 32 Court Street, handed over his gun, as Catherine, the older girl, began to sob.

"One of the abductors patted her and said, 'Cathy, it's O.K.'"

The girls were then put into the Chrysler and driven off. Mr. Carew ran back into the house and called the police. An alarm was put out for the men and the auto, and the 62d Precinct, in which the house is situated, was searched block by block in vain.

Meanwhile, inside the second floor apartment, Mrs. Mellon told Brooklyn detectives the essence of her custody fight and said the Mellons might be taking her daughters to Pittsburgh. The police quickly checked the Federal Aviation Administration and learned that three private planes, owned or leased to the Mellon interests, were in the New York area.

One, according to Commissioner McLaughlin, was in the air, en route from somewhere in Virginia to the Republic Aviation field in Farmingdale, L.I. Another had left Grumman Aviation's field in Bethpage, L.I., bound for Pittsburgh. A



The New York Times/March 20, 1976

third, leased to the Mellons, sat on the apron at Butler Aviation Terminal at La Guardia Airport. A Police Department helicopter was summoned, and it set down in Dyker Park, directly across the street from the girls' home, was boarded by two detectives and then swept out to Farmingdale, where it met the incoming flight from Virginia. There were no girls, no abductors, nobody except the pilot. The detectives got aboard it and were flown to La Guardia.

However, no information could be obtained about the plane that flew from Grumman to Pennsylvania, and the police theorized that the girls and their abductors might have been aboard that plane. They also pointed out that the party could have gone to Pennsylvania rather quickly by car as well.

Mrs. Mellon's apartment is less than two blocks from the Belt Parkway and minutes from the Verrazano-Narrows Bridge. A car could quickly be across Staten Island into New Jersey and on its way to the New Jersey Turnpike and on down to Pennsylvania. The police have not ruled out this route.

'Always With Bodyguard'

The "Robertses" were not known to their abductors along the edge of the playgrounds and golf course of Dyker Park, where the girls walked and played, "they were always with the bodyguard," according to Nina Sabella, who lives in the adjacent house. "He was with them when they went to school, when they played, when they went shopping everywhere."

Another neighbor, Mrs. James DiFiore, could not even remember seeing them or their mother. "The first I knew they were there was when the detectives told us there had been a kidnapping," she said.

As detectives searched the Bath Beach area and sent out all-points bulletins for the cars and men, the police at the 62d Precinct station, a mile away from the scene, were calling Pittsburgh.

A lawyer for Mr. Mellon, Albert M. Wiggins, was the first person to tell the police that the girls were safe and with their father, but he said they were in Pittsburgh.

"I don't really know much of the details," he said, "I don't even know if you would call it an abduction. She had taken the children to New York, whereas the Pennsylvania court had awarded the custody to Mr. Mellon."

But the Brooklyn chief of detectives, Anthony Voelker, was skeptical. He told Mr. Wiggins that he wanted to speak to Mr. Mellon personally. A four-way phone call was arranged—Chief Voelker at the police station, Mr. Mellon and Mr. Wiggins in the Pittsburgh vicinity and an F.B.I. representative in Manhattan.

According to Chief Voelker, Mr. Mellon said the children were "safe and well," but refused to say where they were. Chief Voelker told reporters later: "I don't believe they're in New York or Pittsburgh. I believe they're in custody in Pennsylvania."

Shortly after 3 P.M., Mrs. Mellon, 32, walked through the

## Mrs. Mellon Recounts Fight for Her Daughters

By JOSEPH B. TREASTER

Sitting in the cramped office of a Brooklyn private detective agency, Karen Boyd Mellon told yesterday of a nearly four-month ordeal in which she sought to retain custody of her two daughters, who she said, her former husband was desperately trying to take back to Pennsylvania.

She said she has used nine names and lived in 14 hotels as she tried to evade agents that her husband had hired to win back the children.

Early yesterday morning, the police said, three men, apparently working for Seward Prosser Mellon, pulled the two girls, Constance Elizabeth, 5, and Catherine Leigh, 7, from a car. The children were being driven to school by an employee of the Superior Investigations and Claims Service of 32 Court Street, where Mr. Mellon was interviewed. A few hours later, the police said they had talked to Mr. Mellon. He reportedly said the children were with him, but would not say where.

'Revenge Not Sought'

"Because the incident was the culmination of a long custody fight, the police said, they were not sure whether kidnapping charges would be brought. However, Mrs. Mellon's lawyer, Philip F. Solomon of New York, said he felt that the three men who carried out the abduction, at the least, should be charged with kidnapping.

Mrs. Mellon said that she did not "want revenge," but that she hoped her husband would be prosecuted. On the verge of a check for \$15,000 when she left North Carolina, to keep going, she sold two of her diamond rings for \$10,000. She said she was now trying to sell her English Chippendale furniture, which she had shipped from Pittsburgh.

While shopping in B. Altman's department store during her second day in New York, Mrs. Mellon said two bodyguards she had hired said four men were following them. She said she and her children ran through the store for an hour trying to get away. Then they ran to a taxi and were followed for another hour in a wild chase through the streets of Manhattan.

Finally the bodyguards, Mrs. Mellon and the children ducked into a garage and into one of the bodyguard's cars. She said she lay down on the floor in the back on top of the children until the bodyguards felt they had succeeded in their evasion.

Asked if she felt the months of evasion had been harmful to the children Mrs. Mellon said "No."

She said that at the suggestion of a child psychiatrist she had attempted to make "a game out of it."

But she said of the incident with her husband today: "I think he's done a dreadful thing to my children. A loving father wouldn't have done that."

She tried unsuccessfully to

## Callaway Believes New Political Role 'Would Be Unlikely'

WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Howard H. Callaway said today that he thought "it would be unlikely" that he would again take an active role in President Ford's campaign, which he managed until last week.

Mr. Callaway, who took leave from his post after published reports accused him of seeking action by the Department of Agriculture favorable to his private ski resort while still Secretary of the Army, repeated his denial of any impropriety.

In an interview with ABC News, Mr. Callaway said: "There was absolutely no impropriety. There was absolutely no use of the office of Secretary of the Army to help me personally. I think that will be absolutely clear, and I'm just confident it will because it's the truth."

Mr. Callaway said that when his name was cleared, he would stay at the campaign or resign, as the President wished, but he added, "It would probably be better not to take the risk of this continuing, and it would probably be better to get someone who hasn't got those scars."

The controversy over Mr. Callaway stems from a meeting he had in his Pentagon office last July with two officials of the Department of Agriculture, then Under Secretary J. Phil Campbell and Mr. Campbell's administrative aide, and officials of the Forest Service, which is part of the Department of Agriculture.

The purpose of the meeting, Mr. Callaway and the other men agreed, was to discuss the Forest Service's plan regarding Mr. Callaway's ski resort in Crested Butte, Colo., which he wanted to expand onto Federal land.

A tentative decision by the Forest Service had recommended a "disapproval." After the Pentagon meeting, that recommendation was reversed.

8,100 Tires Are Recalled

AKRON, Ohio, March 19 (AP)—The Firestone Tire & Rubber Company has recalled 7,900 has-belted tires and 200 steel-belted radial tires because of possible manufacturing flaws, the company said yesterday. The flaws could produce rapid air loss on continued use after sidewall cracks or separations appeared, Firestone said.

## House Unit To Defer E. Of Clean-

WASHINGTON, (UPI)—The House Committee approved a bill that puts off the deadlines of the Act of 1970—Chief mobile exhaust r.

But it also estimates levels for the first time in the 11 years what is meaning a "significant" in air quality.

"This bill will be of cleaning up the nation, although moderated the ti and have tried t consideration th with the economy Representative Pa chief author of t

"This bill is a prouch we were t in 1970," the Flori said.

The 1970 act made auto exhaust tougher, in than in 1977 mode mitted bill would rent standards i 1977, 1978 and for hydrocarbons monoxide. For nit the 1977 standa tougher than fo would stay in f 1979.

The bill would extend for fi in some cases 10, for stationary so tion, such as fact the state require der Federal guida

"Extend for pro jeading for pro gise the large if, ogy was not at standards, or if I would cut gasoli much.

"Set the spec of "significant and give the stat rol over what ar

It would also major new soure must use the l technology to coc

## CONFEREES ENDORSE A 2-YEAR ROAD PLAN

WASHINGTON, March 19 (UPI)—House and Senate conferees reached agreement today on legislation extending the Federal Highway Trust Fund for two more years and authorizing a \$17.6 billion highway construction program from next July 1 to Oct. 1, 1978.

The legislation, a compromise between differing House and Senate bills, provides \$3.5 billion to continue work on the interstate highway system in the year beginning Oct. 1 and \$3.55 billion in the next fiscal year.

The chief supporters of the legislation termed it an "interim" measure to allow continued construction of Federal highways while the next Congress debates the future of the trust fund.

There have been demands that the fund, built up through a Federal gasoline and other special taxes, be tapped to provide more money for mass transportation facilities.

Changes made in the existing highway program would allow Federal funds to be used now for resurfacing, restoration and rehabilitation of Federal-aid highways.

The legislation would allow the transfer of interstate funds to other highway projects as well as for public transportation and calls for a two-year extension of the rural highway public transportation demonstration program.

The measure would also authorize the creation of a commission to study all Federal transportation activities.

Plimpton Is Reappointed

Mayor Beame reappointed and swore in Francis T. P. Plimpton yesterday as the unpaid chairman of the city's Board of Ethics, and Mark F. Hughes and Powell Pierpont as the unpaid public members. S. Stanley Kreutzer was sworn in again as counsel to the board.

Mr. Plimpton, a lawyer, is a former delegate to the United Nations.

**Fellman, Ltd.**

FOUR "PERSONAL" BOOT SHOPS

The "EVERYWHERE"

Wear "everywhere" at work or play

**SPECIAL \$32.50**

Over 12 add \$3  
Black or  
Antique Brown  
5 to 13  
B-C-D-E  
& FEE

1. Beautifully grained one-piece leather up. Fully leather lined. 3 Cushion crepe rubber. 4. Fully storm welted all-weather protection. —with amazing light weight.

Four Shops: NEW YORK: 12 East 46th St. & 49 West 4  
NEWARK: 24 Broadway Pl. - East Orange: 550 Central at E  
N.Y. & E. Orange open Thurs. Even.—Newark open Wed. & Fri.

**Fellman, Ltd.** 12 E. 46th St., New York  
Send.....Color....."Everywhere" shoes @ \$32  
Size.....Width.....Ctor.....Check Encos  
Credit Card No.....  
Name.....  
Address.....  
City.....State.....Zip.....  
Add \$1.50 per pr. shipping plus applicable tax  
Visit one of our shops or  
Order by mail or phone with confidence 212-687-6788 (No C.

INDIVIDUALITY IN MEN'S FOOTWEAR

**BIG And TALL MEN**

Custom Made SUITS Fit You Best

And We Offer The Best

Finest English Materials styled to your exact measurements by skilled craftsmen.

only \$125. to \$185. (in Most of Major Cities)

Reg. Price \$145 to \$250  
Satisfaction Guaranteed Master Charge

**Thomas Custom Tailors Ltd.**

1133 Broadway (26th St.) Suits 1019 Tel: 929-7795  
Open 10 AM to 7 PM, Mon. to Sat.  
Tuxedos, sportcoats, slacks, Alterations, remodeling.

OFFER GOOD UNTIL MAR. 24

**TEEN-AGERS**

discover more about themselves, each other and all New York, on a unique adventure with creative leathers and guest professionals.

**SATURDAYS**

AT STEVENSON... and all around the town!

**ROBERT LOUIS STEVENSON SCHOOL**

24 W. 74th St., NYC Established 1908  
For information call (212) 787-6400

**CALCULATOR SALE**

calculators SR-52 ONLY \$3!

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

250011...\$35.00  
250011...\$45.00  
SR10...\$35.00  
EXACTRA-31...\$32.00

**New Model SR-56 \$14**

SCIENTIFIC PROGRAMS  
1 YR. GUARANTEE

**Hewlett Packard MODELS**

HP 21.....  
HP 22.....  
HP 25.....  
HP 45.....  
HP 55.....  
HP 65.....  
HP 80.....

**SR-50A \$65.00**  
**SR-51A \$92.00**

Vertical Portable Model  
Printing Calculator 5050

—only \$12500

OPEN 9-5:30

**BARCO**

BUSINESS EQUIPMENT CORP.

44 WEST 40th St., N.Y.C. 10018  
212-687-8611-1324  
18 E. 45th St., N.Y.C. 10017 687-8654  
695 Madison Ave., New York City 10021  
632-2244

MARK ORDERS  
PRINTED  
ADD \$3.00 TAX +  
\$3.00 SHIP.

**SPECIAL LED WATCH**

FAMOUS LOWEST PRICES EVERYWHERE  
EMITTING DIAL plays the hour, and seconds, 1 penny styling in silver, gold, \$30.00. With silicon bracelet. \$5

150 ن الجمل







# Ford Says Reagan Fight Can Hurt G.O.P. in Fall

WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—President Ford said today that the longer he and Ronald Reagan continued their Republican primary battles, the more likely it became that they would foster party divisions that could hurt the party in November.

While continuing to say that he was up to the task of beating in every primary so far, he decided whether to pull out of the race, Mr. Ford said, "I hope and trust and believe" that Mr. Reagan would remain a friend "regardless of the outcome."

Mr. Ford discussed the possibility of serious divisions within the Republican Party in a filmed television interview today with North Carolina broadcasters and a similar session yesterday with a Charlotte, N.C., television newsman.

In yesterday's interview, made public by the White House today, Mr. Ford was asked by Bill Walker of WSOC-TV if he was ready to welcome Mr. Reagan "back on your team" should the former California Governor abandon his quest for the Presidential nomination if he loses to Mr. Ford in North Carolina's primary next Tuesday.

"Common Cause" at End  
"I welcome all good Republicans to help us in a cause that I think is mighty important for this country," Mr. Ford replied.

At another point he said he was trying to conduct himself "so that when it is all through we can all begin working together for the common cause."

In today's interview, Mr. Ford was asked if he felt his battle with Mr. Reagan could disrupt party harmony to the point of being harmful in November. He said:

"The Republican Party, because of its minority party status, can't afford the luxury of rupture that would not be healed in time for the November election.

"The longer this contest goes, I have to be very frank, the more likely that divisiveness might exist. So we're trying to avoid it on our side by staying away from personalities, staying away from personal divisiveness on the issues side."

**Reagan Rejects Plea**  
SPECIAL TO THE NEW YORK TIMES  
CHARLOTTE, N.C., March 19—Ronald Reagan today rejected the Republican Presidential contest to a baseball game and said that "you don't take your bat and go home" after falling behind in the first inning.

Mr. Reagan rejected President Ford's contention that a prolonged challenge could disrupt the Republican party and he rebuffed a plea from a group of Republican Governors that he end his candidacy after the Carolina primary next Tuesday.

"I don't think the Republican Party is so flat and so down that it can't afford a contest," Mr. Reagan told reporters here this afternoon.

The remark was in response to reports of the President's comments earlier to North Carolina broadcast reporters.

Mr. Reagan also said he would not heed a plea from Republican Governors who joined in a telegram urging him to withdraw for the good of the party.

"Those are the same Governors who early on pledged

their support to Ford," Mr. (AP)—President Ford said today that the longer he and Ronald Reagan continued their Republican primary battles, the more likely it became that they would foster party divisions that could hurt the party in November.

While continuing to say that he was up to the task of beating in every primary so far, he decided whether to pull out of the race, Mr. Ford said, "I hope and trust and believe" that Mr. Reagan would remain a friend "regardless of the outcome."

Mr. Reagan today rejected President Ford's contention that a prolonged challenge could disrupt the Republican party and he rebuffed a plea from a group of Republican Governors that he end his candidacy after the Carolina primary next Tuesday.

"I don't think the Republican Party is so flat and so down that it can't afford a contest," Mr. Reagan told reporters here this afternoon.

The remark was in response to reports of the President's comments earlier to North Carolina broadcast reporters.

Mr. Reagan also said he would not heed a plea from Republican Governors who joined in a telegram urging him to withdraw for the good of the party.

"Those are the same Governors who early on pledged

## Governors Issue Plea

By The Associated Press  
Two Republican Governors said today that they and seven others were calling on Ronald Reagan to quit the race and work for the election of President Ford.

Later, three of those listed said they had not joined in the move.

The statement was released in Raleigh, N.C., by Gov. James E. Holshouser of North Carolina and in Washington by Gov. Daniel J. Evans of Washington.

Joining with them in making the request, the two Governors said, were Gov. Miller E. Godwin of Virginia, Arch A. Moore Jr. of West Virginia, Otis R. Bowen of Indiana, William G. Milliken of Michigan, Jay S. Hammond of Alaska, Robert F. Bennett of Kansas and Robert Ray of Iowa.

Mr. Bennett said, however, he had not made a decision about the statement, and Mr. Bowen said he had neither seen nor signed it. Mr. Ray said he had not endorsed the statement but that he would welcome Mr. Reagan as a Ford supporter.

Mr. Bowen said he had not seen a copy of the statement and had not signed it.

There are 13 Republican governors. The four not listed in the statement were Christopher S. Bond of Missouri, Melvin Thompson Jr. of New Hampshire, James A. Rhodes of Ohio and James B. Edwards of South Carolina.

**Wallace Scores Rival**  
WINSTON-SALEM, N.C., March 19—Trying to inject some momentum into his lagging campaign, Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama charged today that former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia had been less than straightforward in talking stands on school segregation, a particularly sensitive issue in North Carolina.

Mr. Wallace said that he had "honestly" defended segregation of schools a decade ago because "that's the way I was raised." But he accused Mr. Carter of waffling on the matter by supporting segregation at one point, then qualifying that support later.

**Carter Finds Big Shift**  
RALEIGH, N.C., March 19 (UPI)—Jimmy Carter said today that the nation had undergone a "profound change" and was finally willing to accept a Southerner as President.

Mr. Carter, a leading contender for the Democratic Presidential nomination, said that for the first time in 100 years a Southern candidate was not saddled with the stigma of "sectional biases."

"There has been a profound change in the nation," Mr. Carter told a midday news conference. "There is a new absence of prejudice against the South."

Mr. Wallace said that he had "honestly" defended segregation of schools a decade ago because "that's the way I was raised." But he accused Mr. Carter of waffling on the matter by supporting segregation at one point, then qualifying that support later.

Mr. Carter, a leading contender for the Democratic Presidential nomination, said that for the first time in 100 years a Southern candidate was not saddled with the stigma of "sectional biases."

"There has been a profound change in the nation," Mr. Carter told a midday news conference. "There is a new absence of prejudice against the South."



Representative Morris K. Udall of Arizona, right, with Representative Herman Badillo, left, and the Rev. Daniel Nickerson of the Trind Stone Baptist Church during a visit to an urban renewal site in the South Bronx yesterday.

# Udall, Campaigning in South Bronx, Keeps a Watchful Eye on Wisconsin

By CHARLES MOHR  
Broken glass crunched under his feet and photographers' lights flashed in his face as Representative Morris K. Udall, Tuesday, the group reportedly was planning to divide its support among the candidates.

Then, as Mr. Udall conceded in an interview, there was a certain "panic" and an impulse by some of the unions to switch to Mr. Carter.

At the Milwaukee meeting last evening, however, the defections were largely stemmed. The powerful United Automobile Workers reportedly opted to support Mr. Udall heavily in Wisconsin—a state whose primary he desperately needs to win. But after the victory for Mr. Carter, the former Georgia Governor, in Illinois on Tuesday, the group reportedly was planning to divide its support among the candidates.

The teachers of the National Education Association will decide what course to take next week. The Machinists Union voted to support Senator Jackson, but this was no surprise since it took the same course last week in Ohio.

The result was less than perfect for Mr. Udall, but much better than what seemed possible earlier in the week after Mr. Carter's Illinois victory. A Udall staff official said, "We got the bulk of the progressive labor support and we are absolutely delighted."

But if Mr. Udall fails to win in Wisconsin and runs at least a strong and respectable second to Mr. Jackson in New York, political observers believe his candidacy will be virtually dead and Mr. Carter may well inherit considerable liberal union support.

In his tour of the South Bronx yesterday, Mr. Udall was escorted by Representative Herman Badillo, who endorsed Mr. Udall as "the only candidate now in the race willing to confront head-on the desperate crisis in our cities, and the plight of the urban poor."

Mr. Udall was also flanked by such figures as Assemblyman Seymour Posner and James Butler, president of Local 1197 of the Health and Hospital Workers Union.

Representative Udall aligned himself with Mr. Badillo and community leaders who oppose "austerity reductions in the New York City budget that may force the closing of such facilities as the Morrisania Hospital and the bilingual Hostos Community College, which the group toured.

Mild Amid Hubbub  
Mr. Udall said he felt "outrage and anger" at what he called the "erosion" of the kind of urban decay he saw. But this, strangely private and quiet politician could show little emotion—and at times could barely be heard in the hubbub of a New York news event.

Mr. Udall listened to 14-year-old Brenda Campbell of 887 Crotona Park North describe how she had lived in a now leveled apartment until a runaway landlord left her family "with a half full of garbage and a backyard filled with rats."

"So unnecessary," said Mr. Udall, who grew up in St. Johns, Ariz., which has a population of 1,408. Earlier in the day, when someone asked him what his hometown was near to, he said with a smile, "it's not near anything, to be perfectly honest."

As the only serious Presidential contender in many years from the House of Representatives, he smilingly broke the "rule of comity" between the houses of Congress. "In the Senate," he remarked, "you're a Presidential candidate the day you arrive if you are under 65 and not under indictment."

Mr. Udall lunched with Dorothy Schiff, publisher of The New York Post, and met with a group of intellectuals in a private gathering yesterday afternoon at the home of Prof. Richard Wade of City College of New York.

Last night he appeared before the New Era Forum at the Educational Alliance Building at 197 East Broadway.



IN NEW YORK: Betty Ford arriving at the Shubert Theater for performance of "A Chorus Line."

# Political Dispute on Economy

By PHILIP SHABECOFF  
Special to The New York Times  
WASHINGTON, March 19—Like spring rain falling on dormant fields, the nation's briskly recovering economy has helped instill warmth and life into President Ford's campaign to be elected to a full term in office.

Officials at the White House and the Ford campaign committee are convinced that recent improvements in the economy, particularly declining inflation and unemployment, have been important factors in the President's surprisingly convincing early primary victories over Ronald Reagan. Public opinion polls support this view.

Policy makers in the Democratic Party, however, insist that the real economic issues—the issues that will be battled between the two Presidential nominees—have not yet been joined.

It is one thing, the Democrats say, for the President to run against Mr. Reagan on his economic record. Because the two Republicans share an almost identical economic and social philosophy, Mr. Ford can take full advantage of his incumbency in claiming credit for recent economic advances.

It will be quite another thing, they add, when Mr. Ford runs against a Democratic candidate in the national election, and is forced to defend his policies and their shortcomings and to respond to alternative policies.

**Agreement on Key Issue**  
Both sides—Ford spokesmen and the Democrats—agree that economic policy will be a key issue this fall, offering voters the clearest, most distinct choice in many years.

The choice will be between President Ford's contention that the economy has improved greatly because of his policies and the Democrat's charge that despite the improvement the economy is still in terrible shape.

Even more important will be the choice confronting the voter between two starkly contrasting views of the role of government in managing the economy.

Mr. Ford is campaigning on what he calls a policy of "fiscal responsibility." By this he means that the Federal Government should spend less money and do less managing of the economy and leave the economy well-being of the nation largely to private enterprise.

But the Democratic candidate, whoever he may be, will almost certainly urge an activist role by the Federal Government to create jobs and insure that the recovery is strong and durable.

How the voters choose this year, therefore, could have an impact on the economic and social direction followed by this nation for many years to come.

An official who follows voter trends for the Ford campaign committee said that the President's primary victories indicate that because of recent improvements "Republicans may be feeling a bit but not Democrats dependents," he said.

Arthur M. Okun, a prominent economist with ties to the Party, says that the President has moved upward and "we are not under water, but under water."

And Senator Humphrey of Minnesota, opponent of Mr. Ford, is chairman of the House Committee on the Economy and has made high the financial trouble country was year ago, he said.

"The President's recovery has been a recovery of casualties—no rain," Senator Humphrey said in an interview.

The Democrat there would be this campaign over the Government's for the economic all American year of abdication of its to the Ford economy against what the Ford-Nixon era will center years of the nation's been terrible for years.

The economy all been a Democratic recovery against Herbert 1932. This year again, and they have better for doing so than since the 19 Mr. Ford and Democrats for all responsibility and of touch with the country. "If the foot's break the spending ceiling, pared to ram the House economic A Gallup poll uary posed two lions. One was problem was important. The overwhelmingly and unemployed and second ma facing the outlook

Mr. Seidman agreed that voters this year would have a "clear choice" on economic policy. The President, he said, will offer a policy of steady, stable growth through a strengthening of the private sector. The Democrats, he said, are already indicating they will seek further stimulus for the economy in 1977 as well as a program of government-created jobs and a move toward economic planning.

Much will depend, Mr. Seidman said, on whether people fear the economic recovery will "overheat or splutter."

Mr. Seidman and other administration officials said that the President was being consistent in his policies and was not applying fiscal stimulus or making grand economic gestures because it is an election year. In fact, they say, he is gambling that the public mood wants the Government to be less of a presence in the nation's economic life.

Ford Edge Doubtful  
Democrats, meanwhile, agree that the economy is improving but dispute that this means the economic issue will be in the President's favor.

Robert R. Nathan, co-chairman of the Democratic National Committee's subcommittee on economic policy, said it was historically true that economic booms, which show where the economy is heading, have been more important in terms of political impact than have economic levels, which show where the economy actually is, but he asserted that it would be different this year.

"We've never had a test of the economic issue at this level of unemployment and inflation," Mr. Nathan said. The President's primary victories indicate that because of recent improvements "Republicans may be feeling a bit but not Democrats dependents," he said.

Arthur M. Okun, a prominent economist with ties to the Party, says that the President has moved upward and "we are not under water, but under water."

And Senator Humphrey of Minnesota, opponent of Mr. Ford, is chairman of the House Committee on the Economy and has made high the financial trouble country was year ago, he said.

"The President's recovery has been a recovery of casualties—no rain," Senator Humphrey said in an interview.

The Democrat there would be this campaign over the Government's for the economic all American year of abdication of its to the Ford economy against what the Ford-Nixon era will center years of the nation's been terrible for years.

The economy all been a Democratic recovery against Herbert 1932. This year again, and they have better for doing so than since the 19 Mr. Ford and Democrats for all responsibility and of touch with the country. "If the foot's break the spending ceiling, pared to ram the House economic A Gallup poll uary posed two lions. One was problem was important. The overwhelmingly and unemployed and second ma facing the outlook

Mr. Seidman agreed that voters this year would have a "clear choice" on economic policy. The President, he said, will offer a policy of steady, stable growth through a strengthening of the private sector. The Democrats, he said, are already indicating they will seek further stimulus for the economy in 1977 as well as a program of government-created jobs and a move toward economic planning.

Much will depend, Mr. Seidman said, on whether people fear the economic recovery will "overheat or splutter."

Mr. Seidman and other administration officials said that the President was being consistent in his policies and was not applying fiscal stimulus or making grand economic gestures because it is an election year. In fact, they say, he is gambling that the public mood wants the Government to be less of a presence in the nation's economic life.

Ford Edge Doubtful  
Democrats, meanwhile, agree that the economy is improving but dispute that this means the economic issue will be in the President's favor.

Robert R. Nathan, co-chairman of the Democratic National Committee's subcommittee on economic policy, said it was historically true that economic booms, which show where the economy is heading, have been more important in terms of political impact than have economic levels, which show where the economy actually is, but he asserted that it would be different this year.

"We've never had a test of the economic issue at this level of unemployment and inflation," Mr. Nathan said. The President's primary victories indicate that because of recent improvements "Republicans may be feeling a bit but not Democrats dependents," he said.

Arthur M. Okun, a prominent economist with ties to the Party, says that the President has moved upward and "we are not under water, but under water."

And Senator Humphrey of Minnesota, opponent of Mr. Ford, is chairman of the House Committee on the Economy and has made high the financial trouble country was year ago, he said.

"The President's recovery has been a recovery of casualties—no rain," Senator Humphrey said in an interview.

The Democrat there would be this campaign over the Government's for the economic all American year of abdication of its to the Ford economy against what the Ford-Nixon era will center years of the nation's been terrible for years.

The economy all been a Democratic recovery against Herbert 1932. This year again, and they have better for doing so than since the 19 Mr. Ford and Democrats for all responsibility and of touch with the country. "If the foot's break the spending ceiling, pared to ram the House economic A Gallup poll uary posed two lions. One was problem was important. The overwhelmingly and unemployed and second ma facing the outlook

Mr. Seidman agreed that voters this year would have a "clear choice" on economic policy. The President, he said, will offer a policy of steady, stable growth through a strengthening of the private sector. The Democrats, he said, are already indicating they will seek further stimulus for the economy in 1977 as well as a program of government-created jobs and a move toward economic planning.

# Signatures Argued on Complex Petition

By LUCINDE FRANKS  
For 30 minutes the other day, the forces of Jimmy Carter and Representative Morris K. Udall picked over the attributes of an innocent and unwitting voter named Selma Stern.

It was not what she had said or done that interested them, nor even who she was. It was how she had signed her name.

Was the middle initial included? Did it look legible? Was the "I" properly crossed? The answers to the questions were crucial. They would determine whether Mr. Carter's delegates on the West Side of Manhattan were knocked off the ballot for the New York primary April 6.

So it goes in the Byzantine political subculture of New York, a state with perhaps the most bizarrely complicated political system of any in the nation. Its Board of Elections alone is responsible for enforcing laws so minute-technical that only the most machine-wise New York politician can understand them.

Signature Requirement  
And one of those laws is that a designating petition bearing 1,250 signatures must be gathered by a candidate for every slate of delegates he puts on the primary ballot in each of the state's 39 Congressional districts. And every signatory must be a registered Democrat who signs the petition exactly, to the letter, as he signed it on the card he filled out when he registered to vote.

Any deviation disqualifies him, and rival politicians do not hesitate to mount challenges, investigating every signatory of their opponent's petitions.

Thus, at a recent court hearing at the City Board of Elections, the names of ordinary citizens like Selma Stern were closely examined and then either allowed to remain on the petition or removed.

The hearing held at the board's office rather than a courtroom so that Election files could be referred to—was at the behest of the Carter camp which was appealing to the State Supreme Court a ruling of the Board of Elections that threw out its slate of delegates in the

20th District—Manhattan's West Side.

Around a chipped formica table sat a referee appointed by the court, inkstains on her plaid pants; a stenographer, balancing her machine on her lap and chewing cough drops; five Carter lawyers, lost in a mass of Xeroxed petitions, and the challenger, a bulky young Udall supporter who kept pushing back his stringy black hair.

Petition Combed  
They went over the petition, signature by signature, the challenger seeking to knock out enough to bring the Carter petition below the 1,250 name requirement.

It looked and sounded more like a poker game than a courtroom.

"I got a blank here," mumbled the challenger, Gerard Flanagan, referring to the fact that the card of one signatory showed her as not registered in any party.

"I'll call you on that," said one of the lawyers, producing evidence that the Board of Elections records were wrong—the women was a registered Democrat.

"O.K.," said the referee, Donald Stiamond, who was keeping a running tally of how many signatures the Carter petition were passing muster.

"I'll give you plus one on that," Selma Stern's name stayed on the petition.

"Line five, page 74," barked the challenger. "He's illegible."

Get the G book over there," ordered a Carter lawyer, pointing to the endless shelves of big black books containing the cards.

He signs his name illegibly on the referee, looking at the signatory's card with a bored expression. "He's got a European hand—but he was educated in Europe. Plus one."

All right, lines 6 and 7," said the challenger. "Husband and wife, both in same hand. Wife obviously signed for husband."

The referee leaved through the couple's cards. "The wife signed for him every year since 1968. Maybe the guy can't write. I'm not going to disenfranchise him for that. Plus one."

It was not the last time that the scrawl of these unsuspecting Carter signatories

may be feeling a bit but not Democrats dependents," he said.

Arthur M. Okun, a prominent economist with ties to the Party, says that the President has moved upward and "we are not under water, but under water."

And Senator Humphrey of Minnesota, opponent of Mr. Ford, is chairman of the House Committee on the Economy and has made high the financial trouble country was year ago, he said.

"The President's recovery has been a recovery of casualties—no rain," Senator Humphrey said in an interview.

The Democrat there would be this campaign over the Government's for the economic all American year of abdication of its to the Ford economy against what the Ford-Nixon era will center years of the nation's been terrible for years.

The economy all been a Democratic recovery against Herbert 1932. This year again, and they have better for doing so than since the 19 Mr. Ford and Democrats for all responsibility and of touch with the country. "If the foot's break the spending ceiling, pared to ram the House economic A Gallup poll uary posed two lions. One was problem was important. The overwhelmingly and unemployed and second ma facing the outlook

Mr. Seidman agreed that voters this year would have a "clear choice" on economic policy. The President, he said, will offer a policy of steady, stable growth through a strengthening of the private sector. The Democrats, he said, are already indicating they will seek further stimulus for the economy in 1977 as well as a program of government-created jobs and a move toward economic planning.

# Cleveland Ward Indicates Shift in Voter Outlook

By WILLIAM K. STEVENS  
CLEVELAND, March 19—If Joe Santosuosso's information is right, it constitutes a sign of a perceptible political shift—a first, tentative step in the evolution of an election year consensus—that has taken place in the last five weeks in the slice of industrial, blue-collar America that is called Cleveland Ward Five.

Although it is still too early to tell for sure, the ward's mood today may suggest some shifts in the conservative tide in Presidential politics that has so strongly affected white, working class America for at least the last eight years.

It is necessary to know that Mr. Santosuosso, 23 years old, sees the ward from a special perspective. By night he is a member of the youngest of three generations of Santosuosso who operate Johnny's Bar, a warm, gossipy, sometimes boisterous neighborhood pub, Northern big city style. By day, he is an accountant at a small automotive spring factory across Fulton Road from the bar, where he associates with blue collar and white collar workers.

Both the bar and the factory are near the center of Ward Five. Flanked by churches and crisply kept white frame houses with small lawns, they are landmarks of an enclave of 22,000 people, mostly Roman Catholic, mostly of European origin, and traditionally and overwhelmingly Democratic.

Ward five is one of four communities urban, rural, suburban and smalltown—where the political temperature of the country is to be taken at intervals in the months ahead. In mid-February, before the Presidential primaries started only one candidate seemed to be overcoming a general political apathy in the ward, or stirring any kind of strong interest.

Wallace Was Favored  
That was Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama. His hold on the affections of many Fifth Warders has been a reflection of a general conservative drift that in 1972 carried President Nixon to victory and made the first Republican Presidential candidate in years to carry the ward. It also dovetailed with some sentiment for former Gov. Ronald Reagan of California that was evident a month ago. The ward Democratic leader, Joe Mazzeo, said then that he liked former Gov. Jimmy Carter of Georgia. But beyond that, no candidate seemed to have any particular impact.

Enter Mr. Santosuosso. Asked to take an informal survey among his acquaintances and co-workers this week, he reported that Mr. Wallace appeared to be losing support as a result of defeat in early primaries. Mr. Carter was reported to be favored by some over President Ford.

But any appealing Democrat could well beat any Republican this time around, Mr. Santosuosso reported.

His impressions were borne out in random interviews with other ward residents, leading to the possible conclusion that the Democratic Party now has an opportunity to regain the allegiance of the Fifth Ward's residents.

But what Democrat is there?

"The Democrats have no candidate," Mr. Santosuosso said. "If they did, they'd win."

What kind of candidate are such voters now looking for? "Someone who's down on big government," Mr. Santosuosso said. "That's Carter, isn't it?"

That is the kind of talk Mr. Mazzeo likes to hear. Right now, however, it seems clear that Mr. Carter stirs no more enthusiasm among the mass of Ward Five voters than any of his rivals.

What has led to the search for a new Democratic champion does not necessarily mean any weakening of conservative sentiment among the ward's voters. It is rather that they are becoming convinced that Mr. Wallace cannot win. So they are looking elsewhere.

"He's getting whacked good," said Salvatore Laviano, who runs Sam's Barber Shop. He and others believe that voters elsewhere who might have preferred Mr. Wallace simply are dropping away from him because of doubts about his physical condition.

Likewise, but less obviously, confidence in Mr. Reagan seems to be waning. Some Reagan supporters, like Casimir Balchan, a Polish-American who runs a cheese stand in a farmers' market, still believes he will win. If he does not, Mr. Balchan said, he will vote Democratic in November.

The neighborhood is loved by those who have lived there for years, not the least for its blend of cultures. But many like Mr. Holan see decay creeping in.

Presidential politics to them seems irrelevant to such worries. It is one manifestation of what appears to be a deep running feeling that government has got away from the people, and that no one on the Presidential horizon yet speaks for "the little man."

Mr. Santosuosso reported.

His impressions were borne out in random interviews with other ward residents, leading to the possible conclusion that the Democratic Party now has an opportunity to regain the allegiance of the Fifth Ward's residents.

But what Democrat is there?

"The Democrats have no candidate," Mr. Santosuosso said. "If they did, they'd win."

150





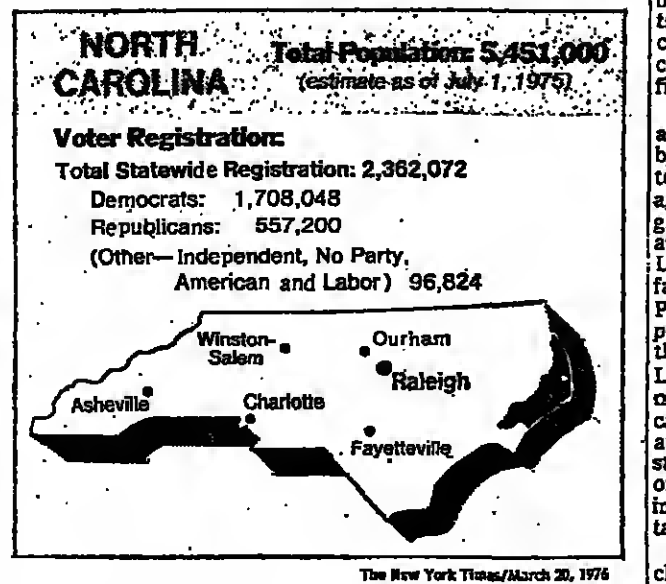
ENTRIES: Gov. Edmund G. Brown Jr. of California, left, and Senator Frank H. Church of Idaho speaking to newsmen after meeting in Governor Brown's office in Sacramento yesterday. Mr. Church is on a campaign tour of the state.

### North Carolina Vote May Be Pivotal

**R. W. APPLE JR.**  
 of The New York Times  
 AM, N. C., March 19—North Carolina, the site of a pivotal Presidential election next Tuesday, where reputation and instantly seem to rub ten depicted as a cozy place, with pleasant as set to a largely rural. And so it is, in one five cities have an 100,000-people, the metropolis, with r of a million, plus r. Winston-Salem, and Durham, all set in y rolling Piedmont. is is no backwater. It the nation's 12th lar- with more than five-ople. If one excludes nd Texas, neither of typically Southern, rline is the largest's region. is considered a model of Southern prosperity, ue that the suburbs h and Greensboro h affluence. Much of h is the product of s three big industries: (American, Reynolds, textiles (Burlington,annon) and furniture Heritage). rth Carolina bears against the trickle-ry. It has the second-ge manufacturing he country (after Mis-nds 40th in per-ome. The major ec-erests, aided by a p-ocrossant labor law union shop contracts, locked unionization pletely in North Caro- their counterparts in state. reputation for politi-ralism, within the context, that grows out of the tenure as of men like Luther s and Terry Sanford. tation is enhanced by ty of its newspapers, y those in Raleigh, and Greensboro, among the region's getic. h of social conscience d early at the Unicer- rth Carolina. Especial- the regime of the late Graham, Chapel Hill t a succession of state ool political leaders, Alford, K. Lowenstein s Gans, the two young s of the 1968 crusade a Vietnam War. s is also the state of esse A. Helms, argu- of the three or four servative men in the It is a state of social

conservatism that has repeat-ly rejected liquor-by-the-drink. It is a state of religious-fundamentalism, the home of the Rev. Billy Graham. Settled by small farmers rather than plantation owners, North Carolina never had a golden age. Virginia, to the north, produced Washington and Jefferson and Madison; South Carolina produced John C. Calhoun and the Pinckneys; North Carolina had no comparable figures. Its people remain overwhelmingly Scotch-Irish in ancestry; in the 1970 census, North Carolina had the fewest foreign-born citizens of any state. Although the black population is substantial (22 percent), the state has not experienced the racial confrontations of some neighbors. Not that there have not been struggles. The sit-in movement began on Feb. 1, 1960, at a Woolworth's lunch counter in Greensboro, and the Mecklenburg County (Charlotte) busing case produced tension and some brawling in 1971. The heaviest black concentration is in the coastal plain, which stretches from the storm-battered capes of the Outer Banks to the fall line—the point where the rivers tumble down from the high plateau or Piedmont. It roughly coincides with the modern Interstate Route 95. The plain is historically the most Democratic area; it was the stronghold of Gov. George C. Wallace of Alabama in 1972, when he defeated former Governor Sanford in the Presidential primary with about 50 percent of the vote statewide. But it has also been fertile territory for Senator Helms, who has persuaded many Democrats to abandon their ancestral party loyalties to vote for him on the Republican line.

In the Piedmont, Republican and Democratic areas are interspersed. It was from Charlotte, a white-collar city with large banking and insurance concentrations, that Charles Jonas was sent to Congress in 1952, the first North Carolina Republican to enter the House since Reconstruction. Until recent years, however, the Democrats dominated the region. Beyond lie the Smokies, the romantic mountains celebrated by Thomas Wolfe; the home to which he could not return was in Asheville. Though not quite so tenaciously as their Tennessee cousins, the North Carolina mountain people have clung to the Republicanism that grew out of their opposition to slavery and their loyalty to the Union cause. Not until 1972 did the Republicans finally emerge as a dominant factor. Richard M. Nixon carried the state, as he had in 1968, bringing with him a representative of each of the elements of North Carolina Republicanism: Mr. Helms as Senator, a typical low-country Democrat-turned Republican, and James E. Holshouser Jr., as Governor, a mountain Republican from Boone. It is accident that Mr. Holshouser, the traditionalist, is supporting Mr. Ford on Tuesday and that Mr. Helms, who is more ideological, is backing former Gov. Ronald Reagan of California. The advance of Republicanism was arrested in 1974. Mr. Nixon's demise, to which a native son, former Senator Sam J. Ervin Jr. of Morgantown, contributed a significant share, led to a Democratic sweep that probably exaggerated their real strength as much as 1972 exaggerated the Republicans'.



### Court Backs Curb on Gasoline Lead

quantities of asbestos-carrying [asbestos-carrying] tailings been spewed into the water we drink. "Never before have our industrial workers been occupationally exposed to vinyl chloride or to asbestos dust. "Never before has the food we eat been permeated with DDT or the pesticides aldrin and dieldrin. "And never before have hundreds of thousands of tons of lead emissions been disgorged annually into the air we breathe. Lead has been added to gasoline for years as an 'antiknock' feature that promotes smoother engine operation. Lead-free gasoline The environmental agency requires major gasoline stations to carry at least one lead-free gasoline for new cars equipped with catalytic converters, devices that reduce other forms of pollution; the converters are ruined by lead. That rule was not involved in this case. But the agency has also demanded a gradual reduction of lead in all gasoline to reduce the health hazard of lead itself. The regulation was challenged by the Ethyl Corporation, PPG Industries, the E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Com-

pany, the Nalco-Chemical Company and the National Petroleum Refiners Association. A division of the appellate court overturned the Agency's regulations on Dec. 20, 1974, in a 2-to-1 decision. The agency then asked all nine judges of the appellate court to reconsider the case, and they set aside the division's ruling to hear the case as a full court. Today's decision reversed the earlier ruling and upheld the agency's rules. The four dissenting judges issued an opinion that generally supported the agency's right to regulate environmental pollutants that posed potential health hazards. But they said the agency had not followed adequate procedures or collected sufficient evidence to justify its low-lead regulations. The court decision became available late this afternoon, when Washington offices were closed for the weekend, and there was no immediate comment from the environmental agency or the refiners and lead-additive producers.

**Queens Bank Robbed**  
 A bank robber fled yesterday in a car with \$480 from the Maspeth, Queens, branch of the Bankers Trust Company at 149-01 Grand Avenue.

### NEW F.B.I. INQUIRY ON FUNDS ORDERED

Continued From Page 1, Col. 1  
 F.B.I. director, and forwarded last month to Attorney General Edward H. Levi, was returned to Mr. Kelley recently with instructions to undertake a more extensive inquiry, the officials said. That report, like the original one, will be sent to the Justice Department and forwarded to the lawyers in the criminal division, who are looking into the alleged F.B.I. corruption. The initial investigation, which one official conceded could be characterized as a "whitewash," was ordered after one electronics manufacturer told the House Intelligence Committee that the price of equipment he sold to the bureau through the concern known as the U.S. Recording Company, had been pushed up one-third before being passed on to the F.B.I. John Dowd, an organized crime specialist within the Justice Department who has been detailed to oversee the U.S. Recording investigation, declined to discuss the matter. But the department's inquiry, which top F.B.I. officials fear will irreparably tarnish the bureau's image of incorruptibility if it results in any indictments, is known to be chiefly concerned with suggestions that Mr. Mohr or other bureau officials have received kickbacks from Joseph X. Tait, the head of the U. S. Recording. Agents of the Internal Revenue Service have already conducted an investigation into Mr. Mohr's net worth, a standard method of the service in potential kickback cases to determine whether an individual has been speeding more money than he can account for earning. One Justice official said that Mr. Kelley had given responsibility for the renewed investigation to Richard H. Ash, an assistant F.B.I. director who heads the bureau's identification division and who is relatively independent of Mr. Mohr's influence. The first investigation that was rejected by Mr. Levi was conducted by Harold Basset, the head of the F.B.I.'s inspection division, whom officials described as close to Mr. Mohr and to Nicholas P. Callahan, currently Mr. Kelley's deputy and one of the bureau officials questioned in the matter. Asked why Mr. Levi had chosen to ask the F.B.I. to re-investigate some of its most powerful current and past officials rather than heading that task to another Justice Department of Government agency, one official said the Attorney General was determined to let the bureau demonstrate that it was capable of an impartial inquiry into its own activities.

**Other Purchases**  
 None of the officials questioned could confirm a report that the Justice Department's inquiry had ranged beyond the bureau's procurement of electronic equipment from U.S. Recording of such items as firearms and automobiles. The Justice Department is also looking into an assertion by the now defunct House Intelligence Committee that F.B.I. agents involved in the investigation under Mr. Basset had attempted to encourage Martin L. Kaiser, the electronics manufacturer who first reported the Price markups, to repudiate portions of his testimony before the House panel. If ... According to documents on file in a civil court case here, Mr. Mohr frequently assisted weekend poker parties staged for several high F.B.I. officials by Mr. Tait at a retreat in Virginia's Blue Ridge Mountains. Mr. Mohr has previously declined to talk about his knowledge of U.S. Recording or his friendship with Mr. Tait on the advice of his lawyer, Brian Gellinas, who also represented Mr. Tait before the House committee.

**2 Long-Haired Firemen Win Back Jobs and Pay**  
 CANTON, Ohio, March 19 (AP)—Two firemen who were suspended nearly five years ago for having long hair will return to work tomorrow with an Ohio Supreme Court order entitling them to as much as \$45,000 each in back pay. The firemen, Anthony Barich and Frank Mucci, were suspended in April 1971 for refusing to comply with departmental tontorial rules. The suspensions by Canton's safety director, Frank Burnosky, later were affirmed by the Canton Civil Service Commission. But state courts subsequently held that the hair-length regulation was merely a guideline that could not justify suspensions. The state's highest court agreed and ordered reinstatement and back pay. The amount the men receive is expected to be reduced by the amount of their other earnings during the suspension period.

### Doors of Philadelphia Inquirer Blocked by Hundreds of Pickets

By MARTIN WALDRON  
 Special to The New York Times  
 PHILADELPHIA, March 19—Several hundred men led by a business agent of the Philadelphia Building Trade Council today blocked the doorways leading to the building where the Philadelphia Inquirer is published, preventing at least the first of its Saturday editions from coming out. A Federal district judge tonight ordered the pickets to clear access to the building and the pickets' leader, Thomas Magrann, said the men would withdraw when the injunction was served. Officials of the newspaper, which has been feuding with Mayor Frank L. Rizzo, said that the picketing started about 2 P.M. and that technicians needed to publish the morning newspaper were not permitted into the building. The pickets, who said they were protesting the Inquirer's attitude toward organized labor, crowded into every doorway of the building and refused to allow people to enter or leave. Two squads of police stood by but made no effort to interfere. One executive of the newspaper testified in Federal Court tonight that the police said that they would arrest him for assault if he tried to push his way through the pickets.

**Article Cited Wages**  
 Mr. Magrann denied that the demonstration was in support of Mayor Rizzo's fight with The Inquirer. The Mayor sued the newspaper for \$6 million on Monday, protesting a satirical column in The Inquirer's Sunday magazine. The column supporting to be written by the Mayor, contained many grammatical errors. Mr. Magrann said that the pickets believed that The In-

**U. S. Ship Pilots to Move Vessels at Panama Canal**  
 WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Thirty-five military ship pilots are being sent to the Panama Canal Zone to be used, if necessary, for moving more than 130 ships through the canal, which has been paralyzed by a wildcat walk-out of civilian pilots and tugmasters. This action was ordered as a last resort and came only after the Panama Canal Company had exhausted all of its own resources in an attempt to keep the canal open," the Pentagon said in a statement today. Military sources said the 36 pilots were being drawn from the Coast Guard, the Navy and the Army Transportation Corps.

quiner had been unfair to the building trades unions, citing specifically an article that appeared Wednesday comparing wages being paid to non-union labor and those paid union labor. The eight-hour demonstration was mostly peaceful, with the pickets drinking beer and gossiping with each other throughout the afternoon and evening. Sam S. McKeel, the president and publisher of The Inquirer, said that two Inquirer photographers had been roughed up while trying to take photographs of the demonstrators. He identified the photographers as Russell Salmon, who he said was kicked, and Jim Domke, who was reportedly hit in the face. Mr. Domke was taken to a hospital for X-rays after saying that he believed a checkbook was broken. **Employees Wait**  
 About 300 employees of The Inquirer stood patiently on the sidewalk in front and at the back of the building while attorneys for the newspaper sought the injunction. Three coffee vending trucks parked near the demonstration did a brisk business selling refreshments to the pickets and the employees. The pickets, in addition to drinking coffee, were furnished beer purchased by associates in nearby bars.

**GREATEST SUIT BUY!**  
 MANUFACTURERS FACTORY OUTLET  
 OVER 10,000 SUITS  
 NO CLOSEOUTS—NO SURPLUS  
 100% Wool Worsteds  
 Dacron-Worsted  
 All Suits \$59  
 ONE LOW PRICE UNBELIEVABLE VALUES

OUR SUITS—Now selling for \$110 in leading retail stores.

THE BEST SUIT BUY IN N.Y.  
 Latest Spring/Summer suits are coming out of work every week. Conservative & European styled models. All fabrics from famous mills only. We are MANUFACTURERS since 1940 and all suits are made in the same modern union factory. NOTHING BOUGHT ON OUTSIDE—NO SURPLUS. Select from over 10,000 suits all on one floor.

VESTS AVAILABLE AT SMALL ADDITIONAL COST  
 GLEN PLAIDS, STRIPES, PLAINS AND FANCIES  
 All colors and sizes (reg., shorts, longs, extra longs, cadets, slouts). Immediate Alterations available.

LEISURE SUITS Regulars, Shorts, Longs  
 ALL WEATHER COATS—LATEST MODELS  
 SPORT JACKETS All Colors & Sizes...\$37

**CLOTHING FACTORY SALES**  
 100 FIFTH AVE. (15th St.)—9th Floor TEL. 255-0919  
 MON.-FRI. 9-6, SAT. 9-4 OPEN THIS SUN. 10-3

Immediate 99 Mile Delivery.

**"If we're not perfect in bed, we cut the price in 1/2"**

For Example:  
 Sealy & Simmons Twin Sets \$50.  
 3 pc. living room groups with convertible sofas \$319.  
 Simmons Queen Lux. Ultra Firm Set \$229.

Master Charge & BankAmericard, Cash & Carry.

**kleinsleep/Clearance**  
 1 PARK AVENUE (32 St.) MANHATTAN SUN 12-5 MON. 10-5 TUES. THURS. FRI. SAT. 10-6 CLOSED WED.

**What are these men thinking?**

Russell Baker Anthony Lewis James Reston  
 William Safire C.L. Sulzberger Tom Wicker

What they think usually starts you thinking. And helps you understand what's happening in Washington, in the nation, in the world.

They're the regular columnists of The New York Times. You find out what they're thinking in their columns opposite The Times Editorial Page.

Read their opinions for yourself.  
 Monday: Anthony Lewis and William Safire  
 Tuesday: Tom Wicker and Russell Baker  
 Wednesday: James Reston and C.L. Sulzberger  
 Thursday: Anthony Lewis and William Safire  
 Friday: James Reston and Tom Wicker  
 Saturday: Russell Baker and C.L. Sulzberger  
 Sunday: C.L. Sulzberger, James Reston and Tom Wicker

(And on Sundays read Russell Baker's special column in The New York Times Magazine.)

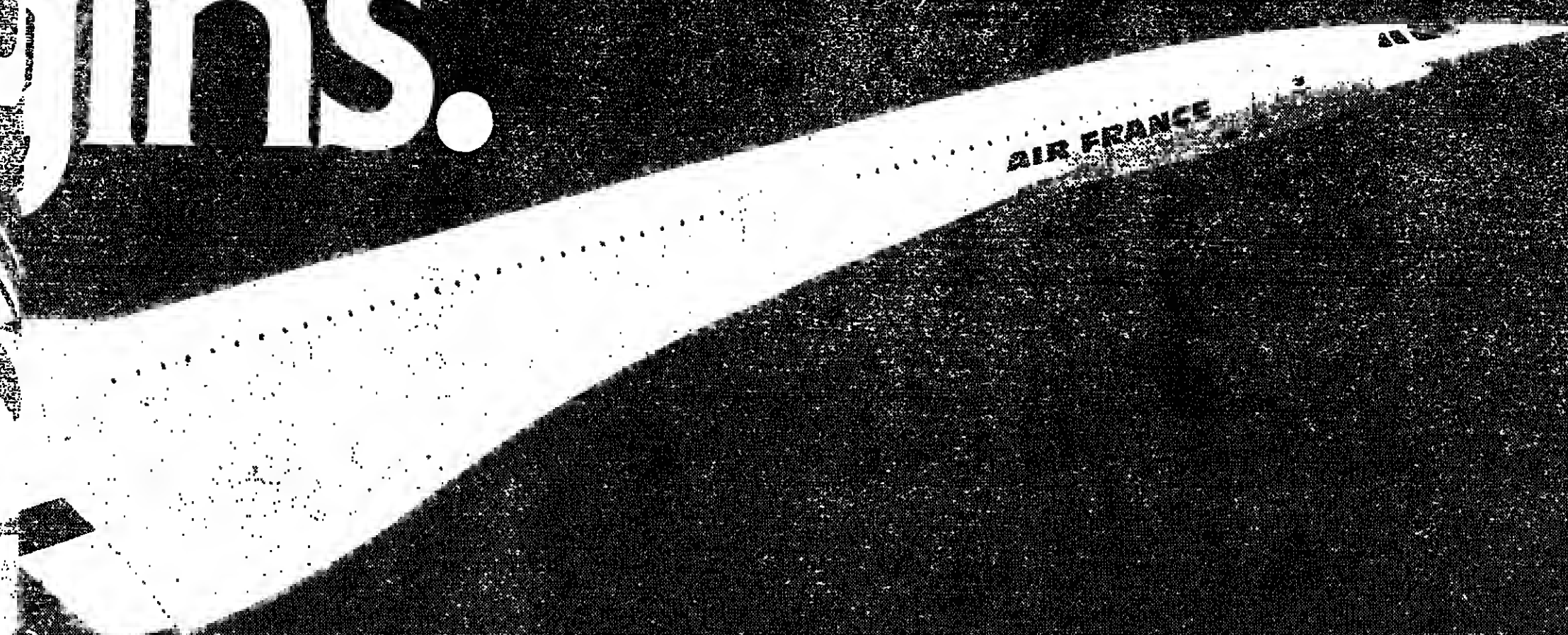
**The New York Times**  
 Starts people thinking... and acting... all over the U.S.A.







# 4. New World 9 bins.



## Paris by Concorde. 3 hrs. 50 min. Reservations are now being accepted.

On May 24\* Air France launches Concorde Service between Washington and Paris...and a new age of travel begins. On Concorde you reach Paris in less than half the time it takes on conventional jets. 3 hrs. 50 min. versus 8 hours.

You fly at twice the speed of sound, yet you experience a smoothness and quiet never before equalled in flight.

Your view is breathtaking. Flying at an altitude of almost 60,000 feet, you can actually see the curvature of the earth.

On board you enjoy a totally new kind of service, custom-made for supersonic flight, and of a splendor that befits this magnificent airplane.

And, perhaps most extraordinary of all, with Concorde, jet-lag is eliminated. You're as fresh and alert when you land, as when you started.

For reservations see your travel agent or call Air France.

### WASHINGTON, D.C. BEGINNING MAY 24, 1976

Mon/Thu/Sat		Wed/Fri/Sun	
Depart	Arrive	Depart	Arrive
Washington	Paris	Paris	Washington
1 pm	10:50 pm	8 pm	5:50 pm

Schedule stated in local times.

**AIR FRANCE**   
*Concorde*





When the bell rings in Mountain Lakes, N.J., it may be one of these smiling salespeople. From left, Kirsten wood, 7; George Horvath, 16; Barbara Munger, 11; Christopher Wood, 16; Elizabeth Lebo, 17, and Matthew McEldu

# Free Enterprise Thrives Among Smallest of Small-Business I

By GEORGIA DULLEA

Psst, want a bargain on something hot? The Crockett High School Choir sells the hottest tamales in Austin, Tex. Only \$1.25 a dozen. Besides, your money goes for sheet music.

How about some citrus fruit? "Grapefruit and oranges are good for you," says Susie Neuman, who sold 54 crates to finance the Deerfield (Ill.) High School Band's forthcoming trip to Disneyworld in Florida.

Washington is the destination of Michael Muccio's eighth grade class in North Castle, N.Y. Need a Bicentennial map of North Castle?

These are the smallest of the country's small-business-men and their sales formula goes something like this:

Short hours (Saturdays and after-school) plus limited territory (the neighborhood) plus a select and captive market (relatives, friends, the people-next-door) equals profits.

"It wouldn't be Saturday in Mountain Lakes if some youngster didn't ring your bell with something to sell," a New Jersey mother said recently, her words echoing on doorsteps from coast to coast.

"We've had everything—light bulbs, bird seed, oranges, fertilizer, candy and Girl Scout nuts as well as cookies."

### Race for Dollar

The Girl Scouts, now waging their 43rd annual cookie drive in many communities, once had the only show on the block. But today the girls in green are tripping over the Boy Scouts, Little League, the school wrestling team, Future Homemakers of America, school orchestra and scores of other youth fund-raisers in a race for the doorbell and the neighborhood dollar.

With all this competition, even Girl Scout cookies don't sell themselves, according to 7-year-old Kirsten Ling-

wood, who tells customers in Morris County, N.J.:

"Chocolate mint cookies taste good and they make your breath smell good."

Do they also make the Girl Scouts rich? Not famously. To judge by figures from the Sackerah Path Council, serving 4,800 scouts in 11 Westchester County communities.

This council, like most, charges \$1.25 a box for cookies. The cookie supplier gets 51 cents, leaving 74 cents profit. To the average scout, who sells 36 boxes, this means 12 cents a box for her troop and 63 cents for the council, which uses the money for central services such as campsites.

"If we didn't have cookie sales we wouldn't be able to get along," said Carol Freedman, the executive director, slipping in a plug for the new Samoa—a caramel-covered, coconut-nated, chocolate-striped cookie she called "a real knockout."

In any case, there's not a lot of gold in Girl Scout cookies. More lucrative, in the minds of some young fund-raisers, are sales of sundry items from Tom Wat Inc., a Bridgeport, Conn., merchandiser that says it supplies more than 10,000 school, church and scout groups as far west as Kansas.

### Showcase of Items

Using the Tom Wat Kit—a showcase of 20 items, ranging in price from \$1 to \$3 and in variety from candles to lint removers to iron-on transfers that say "Beer Drinkers' Hall of Fame"—a 25-member Cub Scout pack in Springs, L.L., took in \$2,000 last Christmas. Of this, the boys kept 35 percent, and the rest went to Tom Wat.

Such sales are par for Tom Wat customers, according to W. Thomas Watson, the president. Unlike its competitors—some of whom reportedly serve as many as 30,000 youth groups—Tom Wat differs because it offers a seasonally changing showcase, he said, rather than a single product with limited appeal. A light bulb, say.

Mr. Watson said Tom Wat also differs in another way—it takes a fatherly interest in each fund-raising, checking first to make sure the money will not be "frittered away or misused," thereby casting shame on the "Tom Wat image."

"It happens," he acknowledged. "I can recall one case, a sad case, where the cubmaster ran away with a den mother on the proceeds of the project." Well, it doesn't happen in Springs. In Springs, even Ann O'Neill, who refused to let Megan, 8, sell Girl Scout cookies because "they're a ripoff," allowed Sean, 11, to carry the Tom Wat showcase.

The sales were around Christmas and people are looking for stocking stuffers and they do cost less than in the stores or by mail order," Mrs. O'Neill explained. "The Scouts won't let the boys wear their uniforms when they sell, though, and that's pretty telling."

On Long Island, as elsewhere around the country, other youngsters are raking in the cash with no help from the professionals.

After two years of bake sales and spaghetti suppers, sophomores at East Hampton (L.I.) High School have \$1,000 socked away for their senior trip.

In a series of one-day swimming and basketball playing marathons, with donors pledging anywhere from 3 to

cents a mile, fund-raisers from the Highland Park (Ill.) High School athletic department alternately swam, dribbled and raffled their way to \$15,000.

A magazine selling drive for Fox Lane High School's junior prom in Bedford, N.Y., recently "broke the record," according to Michael Rothman, 16, who couldn't remember what the record was.

A four-night Cool Your School telethon, operated by an all-student technical crew in Fort Myers, Fla., netted \$27,000 toward air conditioning classrooms there.

Why the boom in student sales? In school after school, administrators traced the trend to the taxpayers' growing reluctance to finance what they call the frills.

As educational dollars are tightening, however, student horizons are expanding. The French Club, once content to watch a travelogue, now wants a trip to Paris.

Student fund-raising offers an alternative, but one that school officials, tend to view with varying degrees of enthusiasm.

In recent years, districts such as Mamaroneck, which lies in the shadow of New York City, have adopted policies against door-to-door sales by students.

"Public reaction," Otty Norwood, the superintendent, explained. "There have been some problems. Some people resent kids coming to their doors. The safety of kids is involved also."

On the other hand, some suburban Chicago schools—New Trier East High School, for example—have no formal policy on the matter, except that the proceeds be used for worthwhile projects.

"The students bring things to me and I approve the sales," said Erwin Weigert, the director of student services. "We might not permit the sale of freerackers or something like that."

### Strict Rules Set Down

Scout leaders, mindful of the 1973 case in which a Hillsdale, N.J., girl was murdered while making a cookie delivery, have set down strict rules for community drives.

Some do not allow sales by Brownies, or scouts aged 6 to 9. Others permit Brownies to sell door-to-door when accompanied by another scout or an adult. Generally, scouts of any age are encouraged to travel in pairs, to stay within familiar neighborhoods and to stay out of strange houses.

Summing up the mood of many, Mina Post, a Los Angeles Girl Scout council official, observed: "Twenty years ago scouts didn't have to take these precautions because crimes against them were unheard of."

In the schools, too, there was talk of safety. And a good sprinkling of principals interviewed preferred that students rely on fairs, concerts or dances to finance their projects.

Others saw merits in modest fund-raising, beyond funds raised. Not only do children learn business skills while making money for their projects, they said, but children also enjoy the projects more because of the experience.

"Any activity is more valuable when the participants have to earn part of the money," Eric Waxman, a Morris County high school principal, noted. "It wouldn't be a good idea if parents provided all the money for band trips."

Parents, for their part, often mutter that they are providing the money any-

way, so why not "pass the hat and be done with it," as Danielle Speocer suggested in suburban Los Angeles.

### Reluctant Buyer

"The organization would get more money and the children would be spared a lot of time and trouble," argued Mrs. Spencer, a recent and reluctant buyer of cookies, brooms, magazines, candy and chances on cars.

Pointing to a "No Solicitors" sign outside her home in suburban Chicago, Marilyn Bergman shrugged and said: "Kids don't even know what that means, I don't buy when kids are selling outside stores. But, at home, you are

somewhat trapped. I come to my door."

Even in Mountain Lakes day is sales day, the perbaps when Boy Scout 20-pound bags of bird ("they were half that supermarket") and candy for \$10 ("twice the price in the local stores.")

Then, customers ten say: "Sorry, but we need because we have a It's not nice to lie to of course, but it work Lakes.

# Coping With Loneliness Of East German Elderly

By ELLEN LENTZ

Special to The New York Times

EAST BERLIN — An angry social worker rang the doorbell a home of a family here not long ago.

"Why is it you are not doing anything for the old couple r caller asked the woman of the house, Alice Lehmann, a middle-aged Communist you know you should give a good example."

Mrs. Lehman, a party member, seemed surprised and a little "I had no idea my neighbors needed help," she said, explaining th full day working at school besides keeping house for her own f But she said she was willing to do what she could.

The encounter at the doorstep was part of a Communist drive teers who could be called upon to reach out to the elderly and ta responsibility where the socialist state was unable to afford officia

According to the statistics, 97 percent of East Germany's aged households, many of them alone. There are no private nursing hom in the country and the few state-run facilities that exist have loog

Essentially, the situation is no different from that in other indi where traditional rural family structures no longer prevail and left to cope for themselves. But in East Germany the problem is par ing because of the disproportionately high number of old people.

As a direct result of the ravages of World War II and the flig of some three million young East Germans, 20 percent of the 3.4 million of men and women 65 and older.

Moreover, the tight economy and spiraling import costs have sap where, barring increases for the relatively low pension funds. Ma depend solely on minimum state payments, live in poverty.

"We have five elderly persons in our neighborhood who have only minimum pensions of less than 250 marks [about \$100] a month," a reader named Max Schmidt wrote the party paper, Neues Deutschland. "No one living alone can subsist on that amount."

"Once my husband reaches retirement we will consider going to West Germany because we cannot make both ends meet with what we are going to get here," said Herta Zimmermann, an East Berlin cleaning woman. "I would have to wipe floors until I am 70 and I am 62 now," she added. "In the West we could live well and think of traveling."

### Free Medical Care

Bonn not only has a remarkably generous pension scheme for its own citizens, with annual increases based on average wage incomes, but also includes all East Germans in its services as soon as they arrive in the West. (Medical care is free for the aged in both East and West Germany.)

But if they cannot keep up with Bonn in financial respects the East Germans say they are setting up a net of social contacts that helps the elderly overcome isolation and hardships.

"We will not abandon or leave behind any of our elder citizens," Ludwig Mecklinger, the country's Health Minister, said at a conference recently. He said one essential element was to try to find suitable places for those who wanted to keep on working beyond retirement age. About 670,000 East Germans pensioners are currently employed at their own wish, he said.

Other experts urged that party members, schoolchildren, welfare groups and factory brigades should be enlisted to volunteer aid. "The recognized so their motivation is reinforced," one official declared.

In the case of Mrs. Lehmann and her neighbors, things worked out well. Telling about her meeting with the social worker, she accented on her, but said she was pleased to help. "I cook a warm meal for them twice a week and I enjoy that," she explained. The old people, an 85-year old former office worker and his wife, 84, glowed with praise.

"Since our plight became know we are getting help from everywhere," the old woman boomed school sends a nice young girl once a week to do our shopping. It is like a new lease on life."



WIDTHS  
AAAAAA  
AAAAA & AA  
AAA-AA-AE

No extra charge



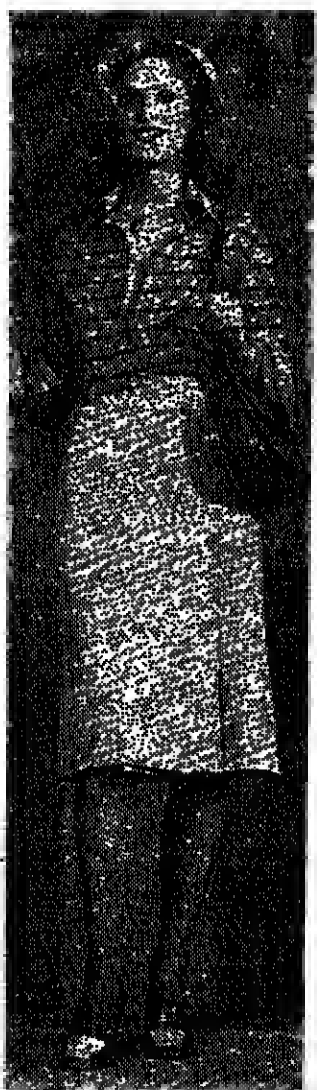
Pure elegance in Blue or White or front for snug fit stitches set off va

Order by 1 Add \$1.35 for postage. Visit our Store for Free C

moon gilb

Open Thurs 31 West 57th St 5th Floor - Sub 212-355-6

# Gucci: Adding To His Fan Club



Gucci's rope print voile shirt goes with wrapped skirt in amber cotton.

By ANGELA TAYLOR

The luncheon tablecloths and napkins at the St. Regis roof were Gucci. So was the host. Resplendent in the new color he calls Venetian blue, Dr. Aldo Gucci sat next to Mary Beame, who complemented him nicely in raspberry and pink. The chain around her neck dangling a silver No. 1 looked like a Gucci design, but it wasn't. It was a gift from a friend who said the Mayor's wife was New York's No. 1.

After prosciutto and melon and veal scaloppine, the show got under way. Mrs. Beame liked just about everything in the summer fashion collection, which makes her another member of the vast Gucci fan club that stretches around the world.

Even quibblers looked pleased. Everything was, of course, printed, buckled or buttoned with the usual monograms, horsebits, or red and green grosgrain, but the adornments have calmed down somewhat and there are some fresh ideas.

Cool-looking cotton knit, for instance, printed with blue oars (Gucci always goes nautical in summer) was used for a range of clothes from sleeveless camisoles to T-shirts to knee-length tunics worn over pants and floor-length dresses. One of each packed in a weekend case (a Gucci one, of course, in a new canvas said to be indestructible) should see a woman through a long summer weekend. One of the new loose sweaters with boat necklines could round out the packing.

Accessory watchers spotted changes from the classics. Shoes with high heels, open-toed, sling-back shoes, two-tone moccasins with medium high heels. Small envelope handbags in shiny leathers. And Dr. Gucci's special pet—a silver watch with G's embossed on the bracelet band. He took it off a model to show Mrs. Beame the details. However, she didn't get to keep it.

# In Business, You Learn a Lot

After a while on the road, some youngsters develop sales strategies. Here are a few:

Play up good points. "I point out that my light bulbs cost 7 cents less because they don't have to pay tax," William Shapiro, 12, Springs, L.I.

Play down bad points. "If I'm selling something to raise money for football tackling equipment, I know mothers don't like tackling, so I just say football equipment," David Bernstein, 10, Hampton Bays, L.I.

Keep talking. "Keep giving more and more information. Ask which they like best—oranges or grapefruit. Ask whether they want the small or the large crate." Susie Neuman, 16, Deerfield, Ill.

Never say "buy." "People react when they hear 'buy.' Hand them a pen and a brochure and smile a lot. The pen's already in their hand, so they sign," Stephen Bouchard, 18, Austin, Texas.

Sell to mothers. "Mothers buy more cookies than fathers especially if children are around when I'm there," Josephine Zucco, 12, East Hampton, L.I.

Sell to men. "Men just order cookies and don't ask questions. Women always want to know what the different kinds are," Meredith Woods, 10, Mountain Lakes, N.J.

Corner the market. "The Goldsteins next door don't buy from kids from other streets. They wait for me," John Monteleone, 10, Mt. Kisco, N.Y.

150 من الاصل



on People

A Aide to Head Rensselaer

Low, deputy ad- the National and Space Ad- or the last six ave in June to ment of his alma aer Polytechnic roy, N.Y. Mr. more than 25 riment service s, was acting rator in 1970- manager of the aft program in the 1967 fire ase attorney, a, ajor credit for program back course.



George M. Low

nt Rockefeller, by his wife, ard Air Force for a 17-day e world. They : of President a of Tunisia at ersary festivi- they will and leave for ay to spend guests of the The Rockefeller d back April 4.

A Fletcher, the rator, gave y to Mr. Low's ecisions" and toward inter- ation to space. tive of Vien- came to this O and became 45 while serv- A Rensselaer 17), he said he with young ological educa- I am totally re proposition of our nation advancement technology."

Small-Bus

Government Richard M. of "sovereign not be sued Diego antiwar Bohmer and to are seeking n the ground l rights were former Presi- ther officials.

for 92 auditors by Mr. Hynes is certain to arise again next week. Three S. Leichter of Manhattan, Carol Bell- burstein of Brooklyn and Karen S. Burstein of Lawrence, L.J., said today that they regretted the deletion and would attempt to force a vote on an amendment to the budget.

under the Hynes' plan is going," Sen- Bioghan: con in an inter- said, is that scutor's office and therefore u can't build of people that y nursing- ire by the t would be at sal but would n state em- / over the Le- of financing

at the Police Strike Talks in Las Vegas Philadelphia Suspended After 9 Hours March 19, (AP)—A round of talks ordered by Gov. Mike O'Callaghan in hopes of ending an eight-day strike by service employees against 15 Las Vegas hotels broke off early today.

5 complaints, an alleged po- gainst a total in 1974, ac- blic interest the Coalition uses. joner Joseph by saying Roland Davis, an attorney for the Culinary Workers Union, said no progress had been made, and the state Labor Commissioner, Stan Jones, agreed. Governor O'Callaghan ordered the resumption of talks after the resort association re- fused a union request for binding arbitration.

Federally fr- ral agency, posed of unity and

guide to rying- en to O SEX 5795 adrickson 3 PRESS

A HOLLANDER LINK SHOWS UP IN DEAL

Another Cousin Organized Nursing Home in Transfer

By JOHN L. HESS Health officials have found still another relative of Eugene Hollander in the nonprofit organization that has contracted with the state to lease one of its nursing homes. They have also learned that three of the nine directors of the organization were dead when the contract was signed.

The new developments were reported to a meeting yesterday of the State Public Health Council, which took preliminary action to revoke the licenses of Mr. Hollander and Bernard Bergman and of Michael S. Agnello of Buffalo, all convicted of Medicaid frauds.

Actually, the council voted last June to oust Mr. Hollander from all six of his nursing homes here because of a long history of bad care, but had deferred further action on his agreement to transfer them to nonprofit auspices.

One deal involved the still unoccupied Holland Care Center, at 311 West 231st Street, in the Riverdale section of the Bronx. The Federalist of Beth Jacob Schools volunteered last December to sponsor a group that would take it over. The State Health Department agreed.

Suit Threatened Then the organizer of the Beth Jacob affiliate, Emil Smilovic, disclosed that he was a cousin of Mr. Hollander. In the presence of officials he resigned, but said he might sue the state to assert his rights. The group moved into the 200-bed home, renamed Tichya, and prepared to take patients when it turned out that the administrator, Joseph Rosenfeld, also was a cousin of Mr. Hollander's.

Summoned to Albany, the directors of Tichya were told to hold up admissions pending further investigation. It developed that the directors were not the same as those on the contract list, because three had died some time earlier.

A lawyer for the group said that the original organization, set up in 1971 in an abortive effort to build a state-financed nursing home, had incurred some debts, so it was decided at the last moment to substitute a new company to lease the Hollander home. The old list, submitted to the Health Department, included three directors who had since died.

Officials were rather more disturbed to learn that the bookkeeper of the Tichya, Alvin Smilow, was still another Hollander cousin. Like Mr. Rosenfeld and Mr. Smilovic, he insisted, in a telephone interview yesterday, that he barely knew Mr. Hollander and that his engagement by the Tichya Nursing Home had no connection with their kinship.

"No Real Inquiry" Andrew Berkman, the Tichya lawyer, said: "Unfortunately, no real inquiry was made into his background. The council, expressing hope that the organization could satisfactorily explain the coincidence, deferred approval of the new operation, but promised to give it priority if it were cleared by the Health Department.

In other actions, the council revoked the license of William Spiegel to operate the University Nursing Home in the Bronx, following his conviction for stealing the savings of patients. Also, it denied a license to Hyman Stanley and Joshua Muss for a new nursing home, at 100 Johnston Terrace, in Prince Bay, S. I., because of poor conditions at their Forest View Nursing Home in Forest Hills, Queens.

The 'Fair Rental' Plan Morton P. Ryman, a council member, reported that the Moreland Act Commission had accepted the council's criticisms of its "fair rental" plan for reimbursing operators for their property costs. After deleting an escalator clause and other provisions that would have increased the return to operators, the council and commission joined in recommending the plan. Mr. Ryman remarked that the steps taken yesterday to revoke

Residents of City Adult-Care Homes Tell of Abuses

By NATHANIEL SHEPPARD Jr.

Residents of city adult-care facilities testified at a United States Senate subcommittee hearing here yesterday that they frequently lived in terror of beatings, often in squads of beatings, and sometimes were conditions, and sometimes were Their testimony echoed findings by the Senate Subcommittee on Long-Term Care for the Elderly.

In a report on nursing-home care, the subcommittee said its investigation had found that in many facilities—many of them with large numbers of former psychiatric patients—residents lived in a "world of cockroaches peeling straps, black ring paint and falling plaster... places where they were cold and hungry, and those with makeshift doors of plastic or cardboard."

"Struck by Proprietor" An adult-care facility differs from a nursing home in that residents do not need frequent medical attention and, in theory, are free to come and go as they please. Proprietors receive flat fee of \$336.70 a month for each patient from Federal Supplemental Security Income funds.

Most of the residents testifying at yesterday's six-hour hearing spoke nervously, expressing fear of reprisals by proprietors of the facilities in which they lived. Sarah Klein, who said she has

been a resident of the Palace Hotel, an adult-care facility in Long Beach, L.I., since 1973, told the subcommittee she had been forced to pay a \$2 bribe to employees before she was served meals.

"Because I can read and write and try to help the others get fair treatment, I am treated like a stepchild," Mrs. Klein added. She said she had been called names, "struck by the proprietor and threatened with scalding water."

A spokesman for the facility said the proprietor, Abraham Appel, covers up telephone charges over the telephone because of religious restrictions. Resident Tells of Fights Mrs. Rebecca Jaffe, a resident of the Cornish Arms facility, at 215 West 23d Street, told the subcommittee that residents were seldom bathed, that there were fights among alcoholics and other residents and that he was frequently harassed and threatened because she had complained of conditions there. She also said that

mines, were distributed by the switchboard operator at the facility.

A spokesman for the facility referred all questions to the proprietor, Rabbi Menachem Blum, but added that the rabbi could not receive calls because of religious restrictions. Another witness, Ted Conally, said his mother-in-law had disappeared from the Leven Home for Adults in Queens in November and had not been seen since.

Another witness, Charles Platzner, who formerly lived in the Jackson Home in Long Beach, said he had been forced to sleep in below-freezing temperatures for two days and that efforts had been made to charge him for time he had spent away from the home.

Charles J. Hynes, the special state prosecutor for nursing homes also testified at the hearing. State Official Questioned He said that he wished to investigate the financial dealings of each of the 428 proprietary adult homes in the state, which receive nearly \$70 million in government funds each year, because "there are indications that some of the names involved in last year's nursing-homes scandal are involved here."

He said he had been hamstrung, however, by a lack of jurisdiction because of opposition by the State Board of Social Welfare.

Under questioning by Representative Edward I. Koch, Bernard Shapiro, executive director of the state agency, said that an investigation by Mr. Hynes would be welcome, but that he would rather see his office strengthened and assigned the task.

Gerald M. Fried, executive director of the States Association of Homes for Adults, Inc., which he said represented 50 homes in the New York metropolitan area, told the subcommittee that his clients were not guilty of any of the improprieties alleged at the hearing.

Mr. Fried said that payments to adult facilities were less than \$12.72 a day, and thus "there was no room for rip-offs." Rather, he said, "individual proprietors dig into their own funds and solicit from charitable organizations to help residents."

The chairman of the subcommittee is Senator Frank E. Moss, Democrat of Utah. The hearing was held at the New York County Lawyers Association building at 14 Vesey Street, near City Hall.

The suit, brought on by a 1972 shooting that wounded Miss Tharp, asserts that the Government officials conspired against the couple and others who planned demonstrations against the Republican National Convention when it was scheduled to be held in San Diego. John Neese, an assistant United States attorney, filed answers there Thursday on behalf of eight defendants who "admit some of the allegations"—including H. R. Haldeman, former White House aide, and Clarence M. Kelley, director of the Federal Bureau of Intelligence—but Mr. Neese said he would file a motion to dismiss the suit against Mr. Nixon.

Louis Clayton Jones, a founder of the National Conference of Black Lawyers, is teaching a new course at the New York Law School, Worth Street, on "Advising Small Business Enterprises," a subject he described as both a professional interest and "sort of a hobby of mine." A graduate of Howard University and Yale Law School, he is

of Auditors by Hynes Opposed

ch 19—Warren Hynes is certain to arise again next week. Three S. Leichter of Manhattan, Carol Bell- burstein of Brooklyn and Karen S. Burstein of Lawrence, L.J., said today that they regretted the deletion and would attempt to force a vote on an amendment to the budget.

The legislative fiscal aides who made the original decision to delete the funds have said that the new budget was already providing for 288 new auditors within the Health Department, 120 of whom would specialize in nursing homes and be made available to Mr. Hynes, and so they did not see the immediate need for the 92 additional auditors the prosecutor requested.

In New York, Morris B. Abram, chairman of the Moreland Act Commission on Nursing Homes, called the deletion of the Hynes project "sickening." He said in a statement: "I think it's on all fours with the conduct that we condemned in the Rockefeller administration, when it was known that every dollar spent for policing

those dollars in savings for the state." The issue is sensitive because several legislators are under investigation by Mr. Hynes and one, Assemblyman Albert H. Blumenthal, Democrat of Manhattan, has been indicted by him.

Governor Carey said yesterday that the legislative leaders had forced him to accept the deletion at the last minute and that he would seek restoration of the funds in the supplemental budget. Senator Anderson today expressed annoyance at both the governor's comments and what he termed the "pressure tactics" employed by Mr. Hynes to embarrass the Legislature into restoring the money.

Governor Carey, Mr. Anderson, said, did not even raise the issue at the final leadership meeting before publication of the budget. Instead, the only two budget cuts the Governor raised at the meeting were the deletion of \$1 million from the Budget Division and of \$200,000 from the Executive Chamber, both of which are expected to be restored Monday.

Senator Anderson said that Mr. Hynes' decision to "go to the press" with his complaints about the delegation was an indication of an attitude I abhor in any prosecutor.

"He was bringing pressure as if his case couldn't stand on its own two feet, as if the publicity was more important than the issue," the Senator said.

Mr. Anderson said that on the night the budget was being passed he had told Governor Carey that if the prosecutor's implication that political pressure had led to the deletion—implications he considered inaccurate and unfair—rescaled in the Assembly's restoring the funds, the Senate would refuse to go along and "you'll be left without a budget."

"We'll consider the case on the merits in the supplemental budget," he said today.

Mr. Hynes' decision to "go to the press" with his complaints about the delegation was an indication of an attitude I abhor in any prosecutor.

Mr. Hynes' decision to "go to the press" with his complaints about the delegation was an indication of an attitude I abhor in any prosecutor.

Sherrell Bland Wed in Capital

Sherrell Bingham Bland of Chevy Chase, Md., was married last evening to the Rev. Richard Hill Downes, chaplain of St. Albans School in Washington. The Rev. Joseph Zorawick of New York performed the Episcopal ceremony in the Little Sanctuary of St. Albans.

The bride is the widow of Prof. James E. Bland, who taught American history at Bowdoin College, and is the daughter of Representative Jonathan B. Bingham, Democrat of the Bronx, and Mrs. Bingham. The bride, a graduate of the Milton (Mass.) Academy and Vassar College, has three sons, Edward, 10 years old, Theodorick, 8, and Richard, 3. Her grandfather, the late Hiram Bingham, was a Republican Senator from Connecticut.

Mr. Downes is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Downes of Haverhill, Mass., where his father retired as head of the welfare department. The bridegroom is a graduate of Bowdoin, where he serves as an overseer, and of the General Theological Seminary of New York.

Bush Backs Colby on Funds WASHINGTON, March 19 (UPI)—George Bush, Director of Central Intelligence, backed his predecessor, William E. Colby, today in refusing to divulge the agency's budget Ed Pollite, because "I don't want to help" blamed as the cause of both Soviet intelligence. Mr. Bush told the National Newspaper Company's Black Mountain Mine in Oven Fork last week.

There are about 30 mines in Kentucky below the water table that are especially susceptible to methane gas buildups, according to State Senator Bert Ed Pollite. Methane was blamed as the cause of both Soviet intelligence. Mr. Bush told the National Newspaper Company's Black Mountain Mine in Oven Fork last week.

There are about 30 mines in Kentucky below the water table that are especially susceptible to methane gas buildups, according to State Senator Bert Ed Pollite. Methane was blamed as the cause of both Soviet intelligence. Mr. Bush told the National Newspaper Company's Black Mountain Mine in Oven Fork last week.

Wine Sale

AT Post LIQUORS UNDER \$4 PER BOTTLE

With the increased production, the vast technological improvements and the keener competition among wine-makers all over the world, we at Post Liquors have found that the knowledgeable wine-buyer can find greater selection and value in the two to four dollar price range than ever before. Upon careful research, countless tastings, comments from our own clientele and through evaluation we present a list of wines that we honestly believe are among the finest values available. You may not have heard of a Bodega Uno Cabernet from Argentina for \$1.99 per bottle or a brand new wine from California - B.V. Beau Tour Cabernet Sauvignon 1973 at \$3.95 (a unique blend of Cabernet and Merlot) but if you do try them we're sure you will concur that they are excellent values. Please study the following list and select your favorites. Sale ends April 1, 1976.

Table with columns: WINE NAME, SALE PRICE, CASE PRICE. Includes items like Chateau Phelan Segor 1971, Chateau Les Ormes De Pez 1970, etc.

Table with columns: WINE NAME, SALE PRICE, CASE PRICE. Includes items like Cep De Vin Muscadet 1974, Pouilly Fuisse 1974, etc.

Table with columns: WINE NAME, SALE PRICE, CASE PRICE. Includes items like Fetzer Premium Red, Sebastiani Beaujolais Nouveau 1975, etc.

Table with columns: WINE NAME, SALE PRICE, CASE PRICE. Includes items like Bodegas Uao Cabernet Sauvignon 1969, Grand Cru Bordeaux Wines, etc.

DELIVERY AVAILABLE Post LIQUORS 536 JERICHO TURNPIKE, SYOSSET NEXT TO POST & CO. OPPOSITE SYOSSET THEATRE 516 WA 1-1820

CREATIONS 'n THINGS



Chino by ELLEN TRACY

Hours: 10:30AM to 6:30PM Daily CREATIONS 'N THINGS / 265 West 72nd Street / SC4-8800 American Express / Bank Americard / Master Charge

SEE IT TOMORROW IN THE SPORTS SECTION The New York Times Spring Boating Preview News, pictures and advertisements that will help you have more fun on the water this summer. Don't miss it.

Do your pots embarrass your plants? A beautiful plant deserves a beautiful pot. Come to Pot Covers, New York's largest selection of pottery and baskets in all sizes, shapes, and prices. Everything under the sun. Pot Covers Inc. 101 West 28th St. New York City Mon. thru Sat. Hours: 9 am to 6 pm. 212-594-1075

WINE CLEARANCE SALE RED WINES REDUCED Bottle Case 4 CASES 1970 Chateau Courran (Haut Medoc)...\$3.99 \$43.10 \$89.55 1970 Chateau Citran (Haut Medoc)...3.99 43.10 89.55 1971 Ch. Grand Chival Blanc (Bordeaux)...2.75 33.00 89.55 1972 Ch. Fousset (Margaux)...2.00 20.00 89.55 1988 Ch. Lafite Rothschild (Pauillac)...22.00 280.00 285.00 1984 Ch. Margaux (Margaux)...15.00 180.00 180.00 1984 Ch. Cos d'Arnaud (St. Emilion)...8.00 80.00 85.00 1988 Ch. Pichon Baron (St. Julien)...8.99 99.00 99.00 1970 Ch. Latour (Pauillac)...15.00 175.00 166.00 1971 Ch. Grand Puy Lacoste (Pauillac)...8.50 95.00 85.00 1989 Ch. Haut Chateau (St. Emilion)...3.99 45.00 39.55 1987 Lafite (Pauillac)...15.00 180.00 180.00 1987 Mouton Rothschild (Pauillac)...18.00 180.00 180.00 1987 Latour (Pauillac)...15.00 180.00 180.00 TWO APPEALING WHITES 1875 Muscadet 'Nouveau'...\$19.95 1871 Herminier Raitbach Riesling Spätlese (Franz Karl Schmitt)...\$9.00 \*\*For full details - please turn to other for immediate delivery or pick up. D. SOKOLIN CO. 178 Madison Ave. (33-34 St.) NYC IMMEDIATE ORDER AND INQUIRY LE 2-5893, MU 4-3828 SALE ENDS WITHOUT NOTICE







# an Russell, the Synchronist Pioneer

**KRAMER** says the major respond most actively to im-velopments in ts, confronted y new possi-ving less at loning a safe-ometimes able swiftly into a l realm of ex-if they suc-tempt, even a likely to be-ia short run- the kind of normally be-nis. painter Mor-86-1953) was major artist. s, indeed, be site muddled, crucial peri-ae whole his-tract art as ell's own de- was in the international was, more- few Ameri-joy that dis- as- therefore with a perma- the history



"Synchrony No. 2, To Light," 1912 oil by Morgan Russell

due entirely as a pioneer ting in the although the se very first- by Kan-ondrian and a much-ge the schol-ally accept-of decision, working as ist in Paris dying with-ersing him-t-garde cur-ical year of duced some ct paintings ith another ate, Stanton t, founded or style, of wn as syn-

naturalistic description. In Russell's version of the synchronist style, painting consists of solid masses of luminous color that seem to ascend the (usually small) canvas with a stately sym-phonious progress—and music, in fact, was one of the aeologies he had very much in mind at the time.

It is Russell's finished work that we usually see in exhibi-tions of abstract art, not the studies that prepared the way for his decisive breakthrough. For this reason, the small show called "Morgan Russell: Synchronist Studies 1910-1922," which opened yester-day at the Museum of Modern Art, has a special interest. Anyone looking for a "big" esthetic experience had better be warned that this show does not provide one. It is more like a seminar in

the history of art than most. shows one is likely to en-counter in a museum these days. But for anyone curious to know how "ideas" for ab-stract art were arrived at, in Russell's generation at least, the show is fascinating.

It consists, for the most part, of small pencil draw-ings and color sketches, some of them pages from tiny note-books. We have glimpses of the figure, shifts to abstract forms, depictions of light and shade, sections of color ar-rangements, and visual nota-tions that sometimes seem very far removed from the re-sults Russell finally achieved.

Only a few of the finished pictures are included in the show. It is not, therefore, a definitive account of Russell's art that we are offered here, but a look at the way his mind worked. It is, as I say, an unusual exhibition, for it requires close and sustained attention to be understood. But it succeeds, for those with the requisite patience, in illuminating an important chapter in the history of first-generation abstraction.

Organized by Cora Rose-vear in collaboration with Gail Levin Theodore, the show remains on view in one of the first-floor galleries of the museum through May 25.

East 69th Street): This ex-hibitioo of gouaches is on a smaller scale than Mr. Scott's recent New York exhibitions devoted to paintings and drawings, but his character-istic themes and qualities are well represented all the same.

Still-life, for Mr. Scott, is less a subject than a point of departure for a subtle pictorial arrangement of flat shapes on a field of color. In "Objects With Lemon and Spoon," for example, the pinkish gray tabletop-plane encloses a vivid yellow lem-on, a stark white bowl, the silhouette of a black skillet and an elegant blue-handled, white spoon, all of which assume art almost architec-tural monumentality. The impulse in this painting is always to make something majestic out of something apparently simple, and it is an impulse that usually suc-ceeds.

But this is, to be sure, a minor exhibition by one of Britain's major painters, and needs to be seen in the con-text of the larger achieve-ment of which it is a small part.

Bruno Civitico (Schoel-kopf, 825 Madison Avenue at 69th Street); Mr. Civitico be-ongs to that burgeoning group of American painters who are working hard to re-vive the modalities of classi-cal realism. The atmosphere is thus charged with high ambition even where realiza-tion is something less than exalted.

Indeed, where ambition is highest here—in the big "fin-ished" paintings of nudes and other figure groups—the results tend to be strained and artificial. But the small studies for these big pictures abound in fresh feeling, and so too do the landscapes. (The one called "Landscape—Durham, N.H.," is especial-ly fine.) Only in the paint-ing entitled "Group of Bath-ers in Landscape," in the front gallery, does the artist completely succeed, I think, in integrating his figure and landscape subjects in a per-suasive composition. In this painting, the nude figures oc-cupy a truly lyrical space.

Henry Varnum Poor (Rehn, 655 Madison Avenue at 60th Street): The late Henry Varnum Poor (1887-1970) was an extremely ver-satile artist, and painting was not, perhaps, the medium of his largest accomplishment. (That would probably be found in his ceramics.) But in this show of paintings and drawings, there are some very impressive pictures, and the best of them is the fine self-portrait of 1964 that greets one at the entrance.

Full Slate ary in June io, March 19 ord has en- of delegates nary in Ohio n committee- chairman of Committee, ed 24 separ- torus at yesterday to tional re-

quirements that a Presidential candidate approve his own slate of delegates on the ballot. Heading the slate are Gov. James A. Rhodes and Senator Robert Taft Jr.

Ohio politicians who might support Ronald Reagan said this week the time was past when Mr. Reagan could field an effective slate of delegates. One Reagan backer said that about 30 Reagan supporters had joined the Ford slate to get to the Republican National Convention in August.

Other exhibitions this week include the following: William Scott (Jackson, 32

## ART

# AUCTION 393

sale: today, march 20th 2 pm and 4 pm

ARP  
BOTERO  
DINE  
FRANCIS  
LICHTENSTEIN  
MOORE  
OLDENBURG  
PICASSO

RAUSCHENBERG  
RIVERS  
STELLA  
WARHOL  
WESSELMANN  
and others - 136 lots

393 west broadway  
new york, telephone: 925-1580

**Old & New Prints**  
SIGNED GRAPHICS  
Americana, Currier & Ives,  
Views, Legal, College, Golf,  
Medical, Maps, Audubon,  
McGinnis & Ray Harm Birds,  
**Publishers Deli Graphics**  
Deli Color Cal. \$1.50, Forster \$3.00  
**Phyllis East Gallery**  
OLD PRINT CENTER  
461 2nd Ave 1st Fl NYC 10022  
Hours: 9:30 to 6 P.M. Tues. thru Sat.  
Closed Mondays. PL-5-1218  
CREATIVE FRAMING

### MATT PHILLIPS

Recent Monotypes  
"Nudes"

WILLIAM ZIERLER  
956 Madison, N.Y.C. 10021  
(212) 679-6212

## viallat

recent paintings

march 16  
to  
april 3

pierre matisse gallery  
41 e. 57 new york



IMAGES OF THE FLOATING WORLD 1680-1930

RONIN GALLERY  
Specializing in Japanese Woodblock Prints, Inks and Surimaki  
Mon.-Fri. 10-5p.  
Sat. 10-2p. Even. by appt.  
Located in The Explorers Club Mansion  
46 East 70th St. N.Y. 10021  
(212) 535-2221

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE AVAILABLE \$3.00

## WILDENSTEIN THE WORLD'S FOREMOST ART GALLERY

A selection of paintings and drawings by

Jean-François Millet  
Millet  
(1814-75)

Extended through April 10  
Monday-Saturday 10:00 to 5:30

19 EAST 64TH STREET, NEW YORK

## WALLY FINDLAY GALLERIES

17 EAST 57TH STREET, NEW YORK 10022

### THE PRIMITIVES

HELENA ADAMOFF  
ANDRE BOUQUET  
DANIEL FERRARA  
HENRI MAIK  
LJUBOMIR MILINKOV  
GUSTAVO NOVOA  
ANNETTE OLLIVARY  
ALAIN THOMAS  
FRANCINE TREMBLOT  
RAYB

A MAJOR EXHIBITION OF NEW WORKS  
BY TEN LEADING PRIMITIVE ARTISTS  
MARCH 4-29

MON. THRU SAT. 9:30-5:30 (212) 421-5390

PACESETTERS IN ART SINCE 1870

## THE LORD & TAYLOR GALLERY

presents:  
William C. Bell,  
American - a recent collection of Primitive styla paintings.  
Eighth Floor, Fifth Avenue at 39th Street

E. P. GUREWITSCH  
55 EAST 74TH STREET  
**GEORGE RICKEY**  
KINETIC COLUMNS

**ULFERT WILKE**  
PAINTINGS  
THURS.-SATS. 1-5  
AND BY APPT. 734-7302

LEFEBRE GALLERY  
47 E 77

ALECHINSKY

WANTED  
ICART "YOUTH"  
(Only ICART depicting full standing black horse with maiden) Either original painting or lithograph.  
Contact BU 8-5555

## ART



EX VERCEL  
presents exclusively  
**DE PASS**  
MAR. 23-APR. 24

ORK: 710 MADISON AVENUE at 63rd  
832-8590  
9 AVENUE MADISON 256-25-19

## Masters of American Impressionism

A Benefit for the Presbyterian Hospital in the City of New York  
Illustrated catalogue by Richard Boyle  
March 9-April 3

**COE KERR GALLERY**  
49 East 82 Street New York 628-1340

## HUBERT LONG

EXTENDED THROUGH MARCH 27

RECENT ACQUISITIONS  
**Paintings Drawings Sculpture**  
ALBERS AVERY BOTERO BURCHFIELD  
DE KOONING DOVE GORKY O'KEEFE  
PICASSO ROUAULT SHAHN WYETH  
**ANDREW CRISPO GALLERY**  
47 EAST 57 STREET NEW YORK CITY 759-8780 2nd floor

## HENRY MOORE SCULPTURE

MAR 20-APR 24

**Dorsky**  
Galleries  
111 Fourth Avenue  
between 11th & 12th St

### Turn for the better

Turn to the Sports Pages for today's bargains in used and late model cars. Week after week you'll find more ads to choose from in the Automobile Exchange of The New York Times than in any other New York newspaper.

## IMPORTANT SCULPTURE PAINTING

**Staempfli**  
47 East 77, N.Y.C.

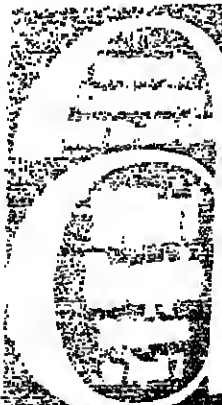
IN SOHO  
ICE STREET NEW YORK  
**BLUMENFELD**  
TURES  
H 20-APRIL 17

## Enrico baj

me di Casa Baj  
blages, paintings  
es and graphics

**arras**  
29 west 57 st.

## ART



**DONALD PERLIN**

Graham

STOLTZ

Eddy

2

arras







Racing to Resume at Aqueduct Today

Workers Back New Pact and End Strike

By STEVE CADY Maintenance workers ended their Aqueduct strike last night, clearing the way for New York horseplayers to spend the first day of spring today at the Big A.

Management gave the go sign for a resumption of racing after union members ratified a contract agreement reached earlier in the evening by their negotiating committee. The ratification vote, ending the labor dispute that closed the track yesterday, came at 10:45 P.M.

Anticipating a favorable vote on the settlement, Aqueduct officials already had begun preparing to reopen the track with a full program of thoroughbred racing today.

The nine-race card, drawn yesterday as negotiations proceeded, is headed by the seven-furlong Bay Shore Stakes. Eight 3-year-olds, most of them Kentucky Derby candidates, are entered in the Bay Shore.

The agreement came shortly before 7 P.M. after a day-long series of talks among negotiators for the International Union of Operating Engineers and the New York Racing Association. Members of the union had voted Tuesday night to walk off the job after the dispute reached an impasse.

Mediators are Landed Vincent D. McDonnell, chairman of the New York State Mediation Board, lauded the efforts of two mediators, Daniel McGraw and William Glinesman, in bringing the two sides together.

"They kept at it all day," McDonnell said, "and their persistence paid off." The dispute involved 187 maintenance workers, members of the union's Local 15B. Their contract expired on March 1. Money was the key issue in the strike, but no details of the settlement were disclosed. Members had been averaging about \$6.50 an hour.

Money also was the key concern of government budget directors. With the Big A turned into the Big O, the state and city stood to lose about \$300,000 in various tax revenues each day the strike continued.

For the city's Offtrack Betting Corporation, the agreement rescued OTB from the prospect of taking action today on thoroughbred races at upstate Finger Lakes in Canandaigua, N.Y. OTB switched to Gulfstream Park in Florida yesterday, handling \$1.7 million in its separate offtrack pools. This was exactly the amount OTB handled on Aqueduct races the previous Friday.

The separate-pool pavoffs yesterday were topped by a return of \$16,530 on the triple. Those who selected the winning letter combination of L-F-A undoubtedly were delighted that the maintenance workers took a day off. The maintenance men perform vital operational tasks such as harrowing the track, moving equipment around and tending the boilers that run the heating system.

"If we could operate without them, we would," said an N.Y.R.A. spokesman, "but we can't. They have effectively shut down the track." Picket Lines Crossed Yesterday, the strikers carried picket signs that read: "No contract, no work." Yet they made no effort to prevent other employees from crossing the lines. Except for the absence of pari-mutuel action, racetrack life continued normally.

"Nobody bothered anybody," a stablehand said. "Horses at Aqueduct and Belmont Park were fed, groomed and exercised. Workouts were clocked, and entries drawn for a nine-race card today.

But the 75 horses that were to have raced yesterday, including stallions with names like Big Basil, Sweet Patrice and Stanley the Great, remained in their barns. The Friday card was entirely discarded and a new one hopefully drawn for today.

The uncertainty of the situation was reflected at OTB. "I didn't play very good until the last five or six holes," said Hill. "I made a

second years when a loss was expected. And now they're looking for the big thing—the Stanley Cup. With the increase of exuberance and sometimes the dislike for some players, we have to beef up security."



the coach of Indiana, causing Al McGuire, the coach of Marquette, to a news conference in Baton Rouge, La., yesterday. Their teams meet today.

McGuire Gets His Showdown; I. Facing Uphill Struggle

No. 2

WHITE Jr., York Times E. La., March Marquette's admitted he Indiana to st night he Indiana-Marin that will row in the final of the ate Athletic nament. ming up is glad it is said. "This thing you ant Indiana they are tomorrow Channel 4 few York.

Marchquette ting to this an escaped points last ers, undec- this sea- 0. I in the ana, 74-69, eminals. He beaten season and "atched and 2-57 victory ichtigan at

Continued on Page 23, Column 5

N.C.A.A. Semifinals

REGIONAL TOURNAMENTS AT GREENSBORO, N.C. Rutgers 93, Connecticut 79. V.M.I. 71, De Paul 66 (o't). AT BATON ROUGE, LA. Indiana 74, Alabama 69. Marquette 62, West Michigan 57. AT LOUISVILLE, KY. Missouri 88, Texas Tech 75. Michigan 80, Notre Dame 76. AT LOS ANGELES. U.C.L.A. 70, Pepperdine 61. Arizona 114, Nevada-Las Vegas 109 (o't).

the Louisiana State University Assembly Center. Neither winning coach felt it was a matter of fate that brought the teams together. They indicated that it was hard work despite some fives in their team's work last night.

Bobby Knight, the Indiana coach, said, "I don't think fate has a hell of a lot to do with it unless fate is 6 feet 10-inches tall and can hook."

McGuire seemed to expect a "knock-down, drag-out affair with the physically stronger Hoosiers tomorrow. He said, "The only way we're going to win is get

Continued on Page 23, Column 5

Rutgers Is Foe

By TONY KORNEISER Special to The New York Times GREENSBORO, N.C., March 19—The members of the Virginia Military Institute basketball team are polite young men with short hair who say, "Yes, sir," "No, sir" and "Thank you, sir" when the situation calls for that.

Tomorrow they will play the members of the Rutgers basketball team in the Eastern Regional final of the National Collegiate Athletic Association tournament. And when the game is over, the Keydets probably will have to say, "Goodbye, sir" if, as is likely, Rutgers eliminates them from further competition.

V.M.I. is given two chances to win the game—slim and none. "They remind me of The Citadel," said Ed Jordan, the Rutgers playmaker. "They play the same kind of game, and they have the same kinds of haircuts. All I know is they lost to The Citadel, and we crushed them by 23 [96-73] points. They [V.M.I.]

Continued on Page 23, Column 5

ka, 2 Mates Free Agents

llif, March sioner Pete thet Larry mer Miami s, Jim Kick could talk club in the League so as free as the Cana-matians. He signed any old sports g near the ual N.F.L. "We just stive that asis for a ople other

ronto today that he had re- leased the trio from contracts they signed with him to play for the defunct World Foot- ball League Memphis Griz- zles so they could seek em- ployment in the N.F.L. Bassett signed the three in a \$3.7 million deal in 1974. He had hoped to win a fran- chise in the N.F.L. for the 1976 season, but was turned down here Tuesday by the owners, leaving his team with no place to play.

"They're all free agents, just like Catfish Hunter," he said. Rozelle, however, cau- ced in To-



Larry Csonka

ill Takes Stroke Lead on 68-137

Fla., March ill, a one- driver who ur "just to e a living," four-under- round-and a \$175,000 "the open

the chase for a \$35,000 first prize, the 37-year-old Hill enjoyed a one-stroke lead over Nate Starks, who has never woo a tour event. He was one of the last men on the course and came in with a 69-138.

Arnold Palmer continued to have his difficulties, however. He scored an eagle-3 on the front side but made a bogey-6 on his last hole, and that put him over the cutoff mark of 146. He finished with a round of par 72 and a 147 total. It was the third time in seven starts this season Palmer had failed to qualify for the final two rounds.

Fans a Growing Islander Problem

RMAN Newell, the referee, and at the buzzer spectators mobbed the visiting team's exit ramp, threatening the players and throwing debris at them. Two men were arrested and charged with disorderly conduct.

"You learn something with each incident," said Scher. For games with traditional rivals such as Boston, Philadelphia and the Rangers, Scher said, he automatically increases the usual force of about 45 guards to about 55. "But we never had this sort of thing with Minnesota before," he said. Tonight Scher planned

to put about 10 extra men on duty. At one time Nasau Coliseum rooters were indulgent and paternal. But this season, whenever the Islanders are losing a game, the fans turn with chameleon-like quickness into a raucous and dangerous crowd. The Islander organization and its players point ironically to the young team's success as the source of the problem.



Members of Local 15B of the International Union of Operating Engineers picketing outside Aqueduct yesterday. Later, a tentative agreement was reached in the dispute and picket lines were removed.

Vail May Not Be Ready Till Mid-Season

Kingman to Fill Spot in Right

By JOSEPH DURSO Special to The New York Times ST. PETERSBURG, Fla., March 19—Baseball players kept streaming into the spring training bases from around the country today, restoring the scene to something like normal after the 17-day shutdown caused by labor problems.

But the enthusiasm of their arrival was quickly sobered by some of the realities they brought with them: half the exhibition season wiped out, the regular season rushing on everybody in three weeks and recent injuries like Mike Vail's dislocated right foot in the camp of the New York Mets, which four more players joined today, making a total of 23 present and seven absent.

Yankees' Slate Is Cut to 14

Special to The New York Times FORT LAUDERDALE, Fla., March 19—While the Yankees working under the Florida sun increased to 23 today, the preseason schedule was reduced to 14 games when it was decided to wait until next Thursday before playing.

With the intrasquad games comes a break with Yankee tradition. There hasn't been an intrasquad game involving the Yankees for many years; none of the former Yankees on hand could remember ever playing such a game. "It's a first for me," Martio said. "I've never liked them, but this is different. Mr. Ber- end Mr. Ford will be the managers so I can see if a pitcher or catcher is the smartest. Under the circum- stances, I like the idea this time since more fellows can play.

Dave Anderson

The Oakland 9 Challenge Charles O.

MESA, Ariz., March 19—In the Oakland A's locker room at Rendezvous Park today, their young second baseman, Phil Garner, was putting on a gold-sleeved sweatshirt for the opening workout. "Can I wear the gold," he asked Ken Holtzman, "instead of the green?" "You can wear anything you want," Holtzman replied. "You're signed."

"You told me to sign," Garner said. "I told you to sign if you got a good deal," said Holtzman, the A's player representative. "I also told you to think about it. You're not working for the greatest of philanthropists in the world, you know." "I got a good deal," joked Garner, who batted .246 in 160 games as a rookie last season. "I'm getting \$75,000 this year, \$95,000 next year, and when I retire, I get \$20,000 a year for life. That's a good deal."



Ken Holtzman would rather pitch than negotiate with Charles O. Finley, the Oakland owner.

Ken Holtzman doesn't laugh often when discussing Charles O. Finley, the A's owner. Ken Holtzman's salary was \$93,000 last season when he had an 18-14 won-lost record as one of baseball's premier pitchers. In his three previous seasons he had records of 19-11, 21-13 and 19-17, plus a total of four victories in the three consecutive World Series that the A's won. Now 30 years old, he has a lifetime 151-124 record. But this season his salary has been reduced to \$74,000 by the 20 percent cut that Charles O. Finley invoked in renewing Ken Holtzman's unsigned contract.

Eight other A's, the nucleus of one of the best teams in baseball history, also have had their unsigned contracts renewed, each with the permitted 20 percent salary cut—Reggie Jackson, Sal Bando, Joe Rudi, Bert Campaneris, Gene Tenace, Billy North, Vida Blue and Rollie Fingers.

In a Civil Tone of Voice

Those still unsigned when the season ends will be free agents under the arbitration ruling that liberated Andy Messersmith and Dave McNally recently. The onus is now on Charles O. Finley to ransom his team from the challenge of the Oakland 9. "The man," Holtzman was saying now of Finley, "doesn't care whether I leave or not."

"But bow" someone suggested, "can he not care when he's about to lose his team?" "You're asking me to explain this man's thinking," Holtzman said, "and I can't do that. You would think he'd care when he was about to lose Catfish [Hunter], but instead of giving him the \$50,000 that the dispute was over, he went to court. Every time that Charlie wants to know something about baseball he goes to court. All he would have to do is negotiate with me in good faith, in a civil tone of voice and I probably would sign. I like the Oakland area. I like the guys on the ball club. I don't want to leave. If he negotiated with the nine-guys on a civil level, I think he would sign all nine. But he's not usually civil."

Holtzman recalled that his attorney, Jerry Kapstein, phoned Finley last December to discuss salary terms. Kapstein also represents Rudi, Campaneris, Tenace and Fingers. "Charlie asked him, 'What do you want?' and when Jerry told him, Charlie insulted him, then he insulted me and then he hung up. Jerry tried to call him after that, but Finley never returned the call. The next word we got was the latter saying that my 1976 salary would be 20 percent less than in 1975."

Holtzman and the A's aren't alone in having unsigned contracts renewed. As of early this week, 193 of baseball's 600 major leaguers remained unsigned.

"Some have probably signed since then," Holtzman said, "but I studied that list carefully. Only about 85 of the 193 had the 20 percent cut invoked. There were about 24 Atlanta Braves, each with the 20 percent cut. There were about 21 Minnesota Twins, each with the 20 percent cut. The A's were third with nine, each with the 20 percent cut. The Baltimore Orioles renewed Jim Palmer with a 20 percent cut, but Tom Seaver wasn't cut by the Mets. Dick Allen was cut 20 percent by the Phillies, from \$250,000 to \$200,000—that's a \$50,000 cut. But all the Boston Red Sox who hadn't signed got a raise even though their contracts had to be renewed."

Holtzman joined the A's prior to the 1972 season in a















SEEN VICTIMS

den Deaths in Heart, duction

19—Autop... of the syndrome... tomical diffo... infants n accidents... rie Valdes... University... three-day... mal Founda... infant Death... Dr. Valdes... finding "a... different,"... see it under... re marked... i utero, be... a based her... utopsy re... n 114 vic... infant death... hard Nseye... dical Center... a consistent... a red blood... abnormally... les of the... ck walls in... rteries and... mounts of... nding the... s" ascribed... e based on... Dr. Valdes... of 75 babies... in the Phil... erview, Dr... found that... of the syn... underdevel... ies, small... r levels of... dioxide in... stream and... pace. That... that phys... researchers... the wrong... ies, asking... ly normal... would die... warning or... question... Dr. Valdes... interviews... curvatures... chronological... e babies... in utero... natically... different al... ly different... differences... ies support... fired Stei... se, who be... the syn... ly lacking... or sure that... oxygen was... said Dr... these four... le evidence... cited three... elusion that... infark death... "marked"

Boats & A

al motoring... ard H. Hon... diac activity... t pattern in... t infant be... ctin. Mr. Be... y, concern... to extrac... loud noises... New York... marked dif... y to adapt... e of all the... a said, "ac... strongly... ch case the... not entirely... om birth as... to 10,000... ho annually... of the syn... remains an... "The roof... ilding-Dap... or we cannot... sion." The... theories ar... e according... na, ranging... faults and... deficiencies... Dapens says... s revealing... normalities... cannot diag... the living is... culm." The... nt study by... of the Uni... at Los An... ared "near... se with sig... problems... s. After 24... e the infants... he research... nteristics... ish between... Said Dr... They were... al." f Florida... 19 (AP)—... were rescued... 36-foot cabin... the Atlantic... vates needed... th of Miami... id. The four... od condition... s, few hours... d the Coast... nce.

Books of The Times

A White House Press Kit

By RICHARD R. LINGEMAN  
NO THANK YOU, MR. PRESIDENT. By John Herbers. 192 pages, W. W. Norton & Company, \$7.95.  
Recently a reporter on the television news announced that President Ford was giving a series of "exclusive" interviews to Florida radio reporters. The point of an otherwise rather parochial story was that it was the week before the Florida primary: the President was thus unlimbering what the loser, Ronald Reagan, later referred to as "the powers of the incumbent." As for the radio reporters, one of them explained, "We're being used but he is the President and what the President says is news."  
Journalism has long been caught up in the particular pathology that runs, news is what the President says, so what the President says is news. Comundrums such as this are the subject of John Herbers' book. Mr. Herbers, now assistant national editor of The New York Times, was from 1973 through 1975 this newspaper's White House correspondent. He took the job because, like Mount Everest, it was there: a challenge to be scaled at that stage in his career.  
As you might suspect, Mr. Herbers did not conquer the mountain, but he did manage pretty well to avoid falling into the trevasses its deceptively smooth surface conceals. Looking back on the experience, he extracts what morals he can pertaining to the relationship between the press and the Presidency. This relationship, he finds, is heavily weighted in favor of the latter party, a state of affairs those who do not subscribe to the doctrine of Presidential infallibility will find disturbing. His book is less prescriptive than descriptive of his own experiences during his tour of duty, studded with tightly framed insights extracted from a daily close-in perspective. The tone is more-in-sorrow-than-in-anger but the observations have bite. That his tour also coincided with the unraveling of the Watergate story gives the press-President dialectic a heightened tension, but Watergate is not really the matter. One could debate whether Watergate was merely an aberration or, rather, the imperial Presidency carried to its logical extreme, but Mr. Herbers doesn't really come to grips with this; indeed, he says that the White House press corps wasn't of much use when confronted by crimes within, that these matters were best left to investigative reporters operating outside.  
A Sun King's Court  
Mr. Herbers' concerns are more institution-oriented. The Presidency has become swollen, a Sun King's court riddled with intrigues and courtiers dedicated to glorifying the man occupying the office. On their part, Presidents—especially Mr. Nixon—have come to regard the office as their personal property—booty won in the electoral wars. Protected by White House public relations, the office and the man have become remote from ordinary human realities. The result is what Mr. Herbers somewhat redundantly calls "overgrandized" Presidency (simple "aggrandizement" was sufficient to do the job, I would have thought), the cynosure of the media, the self-proclaimed tribune of the people's interest against a weak, incompetent legislative branch and a judiciary ripe for politicalization. All that is not exactly new, and has been

expressed by George Reedy in "The Twilight of the Presidency," Arthur M. Schlesinger Jr. in "The Imperial Presidency" and elsewhere, but the effect on the press—or rather the White House press—is to enunciate it of its critical, analytical functions and transform it into a chorus, echoing the hosannas sung by the President's men. Mr. Herbers, a Southerner by birth, compares the incestuous White House press corps world to a plantation, with the press secretary as the overseer, whipping and cajoling the journalistic slaves by doling out favors (seats on the Presidential plane, exclusive interviews) to those who cooperate and withdrawing access to "Massa" from those who don't. The press is thus co-opted to serve the myth. When President Ford went to Japan to call on the Hirohitos, for example, there were 85 "pools"—squads of reporters—set up to detail the minutiae of each step of the Presidential progress. The attitude of the White House to its traveling minnesingers is typically paternalistic. When Mr. Herbers was finally assigned a favored seat on the Presidential plane (a perk that had been held from him by a vindictive Ronald L. Ziegler), he later received a certificate signifying that he had flown in Air Force One as a "guest" of President Nixon, even though his newspaper had actually paid a first-class fare for his seat.  
A Gentlest Rot  
The cooperative reporter makes himself useful to the White House satrapy by, say, acting as a conduit for their leaks or trial balloons; the motives for such leaks are often only distantly related to the public good. One gets along by going along, in the Washington fashion, and a gentlest rot grows in the soul of the reporter who does so the longer he stays at the White House—though, by Mr. Herbers's witness, some White House veterans have retained their independence of mind. Eventually he takes to worrying about which suit will look best for the televised news conference—something Mr. Herbers found himself doing, at which point he decided it was time to move on.  
The better way, Mr. Herbers learned, and practiced, was for the reporter to cut loose from the tight little White House world and roam around Washington and the nation, speaking to lesser officials rather than paying the price for penetration of the inner sanctums—in short, trusting his own perceptions and impressions. Once he did a story on the growing role of the Office of Management and Budget in the Nixon Administration, and found that by writing the opposite of what the White House staff told him, he was able to achieve a truthful story. The press's role is to be a "conveyor of reality," not a bearer of handouts. Let the President, with all the powers of his incumbency, communicate directly with the people, but minimize the independent press's role in this process. Mr. Herbers seems to be saying, yet, his book is not a political science lecture; it is rooted in his own experience, which does not detract from its value—or its occasional deadpan aphorisms (under Mr. Ziegler, "The mimeograph machines ran on time"). President Truman is said to have washed his own socks every night, an appealing, homely image; perhaps the laundry metaphor could be expanded—that is, let the White House hang out its own dirty laundry.

Union Carbide, 3,500 on Staff, to Quit City

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3  
improvements, Carbide will erect a complex of low-rise buildings with slightly more than a million square feet of space on the land.  
The new headquarters, like the present one, at 270 Park Avenue, would have a staff of 3,500 and would comprise not only Carbide's world headquarters, but also the home office of all its operating divisions.  
Robert F. Flood, vice president for corporate services, said several buyers were negotiating for the Park Avenue building, a 50-story tower at 47th Street with a million square feet of space that Carbide erected and moved into in 1960. But if none of these negotiations is successful, Mr. Flood said, the company will retain the building as an investment.  
The company's plans became known just a day after Gov. Carey appealed publicly to Carbide and other concerns to suspend consideration of relocation until tax reform and other measures could be considered by the current session of the Legislature. He made the appeal as he announced the appointment of a task force to study the city's tax structure.  
The Governor described the Carbide announcement as "unwelcome news" and said it "is precisely this kind of matter that has been the basis for my all-out effort to retain and develop the economy of New York."  
A spokesman for Mayor

Beame said that "we are hopeful that the increasing efforts of the city and state to generate a vigorous economic development program will more than offset the loss that this move represents."  
Final Appeal Made  
Mr. Beame, First Deputy Mayor John E. Zuccotti and Alfred Eisenpreiss, the Economic Development Administrator, were told of Carbide's decision Tuesday, when they made final appeals at a breakfast meeting with senior corporate officers for the company to stay.  
Letters advising headquarters of the employees of the company were mailed Thursday and reached some of them yesterday morning. The news spread quickly through the building, but caused little surprise. The company's painstaking analyses of costs, comparative tax burdens and employee attitudes over the last two years were well known and had caused increasing concern and uncertainty.  
"I like the idea of getting out of New York," said Jim Smith, a rate specialist in the distribution department. "I have three young children, and the educational aspect will be better outside the city."  
Bill Eckhart, a clerk, said: "You can't afford to stay in a sinking city, and this city definitely is sinking. The advantages of New York still will be available when we move, but we won't be taken down when the city goes under."  
Although the announcement made no mention of how many employees would be invited to

move with the company, officials confirmed previous assurances that all who wanted to move would be helped to do so.  
Surveys conducted by the company had shown that most executives and many clerical employees favored a move and would go with Carbide to a suburban location.  
Connecticut Gains  
Connecticut, because of its attractive suburbs and absence of income taxes, has been the principal beneficiary of the corporate headquarters exodus from New York that began a decade ago. From a high of 140 of the 500 largest industrial companies the city had in the 1960's, the number of headquarters here has shrunk to 95. Just last week, Texasgulf, the natural-resources giant, announced it was moving to the area of Stamford, Conn., from its headquarters in the Pan Am Building.  
The Carbide move is one of the most severe blows the city's economy has sustained in recent years. Unlike Texasgulf, which had only 135 jobs here, or other big companies which had just pied-à-terre offices in the city, Carbide is one of New York's largest employers.  
By the reckoning of the Economic Development Administration, the goods and services purchased by the company from local concerns account for at least 3,500 jobs besides its own 3,500 and probably many more.  
Company studies have shown that the costs of operating a headquarters in Connecticut will be roughly the same as they are in New York, but there will be considerable tax savings for employees.  
For a \$20,000-a-year employee, the total of Federal, state and local taxes will be \$922 less a year in Connecticut. For one earning \$80,000 a year, the tax saving will be \$5,572, and for a \$200,000 a year man, it will be \$11,600.  
Marvin Whatmore, president of Cowles Communications, said the company's main reason for moving was to be closer to its "major profit center" in Florida, where it operates television station WESH-TV. The company also owns station KCCI-TV in Des Moines, Iowa, and 25 percent of the common stock of The New York Times. Mr. Whatmore said the move would be accomplished by the middle of next year.

SHAPP AGAIN VETOES AN ANTIBUSING BILL  
HARRISBURG, Pa., March 19 (UPI)—For the third time in three years, Gov. Milton S. Shapp has vetoed a bill that would have stopped the state from ordering busing to achieve racial integration of the schools.  
Supporters of the antibusing bill promised to begin a fight immediately to override the veto.  
Mr. Shapp's earlier vetoes were upheld by the Senate and it appears that busing's opponents are still short of the votes needed in that chamber to override. In his veto message yesterday, the Governor said the bill would have created "disorder and unrest."  
He said the Human Relations Commission had been doing

quiet, deliberate and effective work" on busing.  
The bill declared "null, void and unenforceable" all commission actions on busing and ordered the agency to drop any pending court cases against school districts.  
This language was aimed at the commission's long-standing suit against the Philadelphia School District, which has been embroiled in a battle over busing since 1968.  
3 Steal \$500,000 in Furs  
Shortly before 6:30 P.M. as six employees of the H. E. A. Fur Company at 350 South Avenue, between 29th and 30th Streets, were preparing to close for the day, three armed men in their 20's entered the 14th-floor offices, handcuffed the employees and escaped with what the police said were furs valued at \$500,000. The police said no one was injured.

An extraordinary collection of sex fantasies written by a sexually liberated woman to help her less sophisticated and more frustrated sisters to turn on sexually. It is a book everyone can read for pleasure and profit.  
This book was written by an attractive young divorcee who discovered her own pleasure during lovemaking was greatly enhanced when fantasies were involved—and began to stretch her imagination.  
Her sexual horizons expanded and she met a man who taught her how to break all barriers in her fantasy world—to dream the unmentionable and, sometimes, to live out her most exciting fantasies.  
There have been other books on women and their sexual fantasies but, as the author notes, "most were thickly coated with pretension... and they failed to turn me on." This book tosses out all pretense and gives sexual imagination full reign.  
Here you will find 39 delightful sex fantasies. Not all of them are universal. But every one will turn on some woman somewhere because this collection was put together after intensive research among women—women alone, women in consciousness-raising groups and women in all walks of life.  
Reading this book will show you how women dream of being loved. By candidly informing you about the fantasies that turn many women on, it will sharpen your own sexual imagination. It will give you clues to fulfillment beyond your wildest dreams—and to achieving the ultimate in sexual satisfaction for yourself.  
Published by Lyle Stuart

LAST WEEK 2 FOR 1 RUG CLEANING SALE  
2 Rugs Cleaned For The Price of One  
Winter is normally our slow season. To keep our regular men busy we are making this unprecedented and unusual offer. Here's the way it works:  
LOOSE RUGS — You are charged for the most expensive rug to clean, the next most expensive is free. If you send four rugs you are charged for the first and third, the second and fourth are free. All rugs must be picked up at one location. Minimum pickup — \$25.00.  
WALL TO WALL CARPETING — You are charged for the most expensive room or area, the next most expensive is free, you pay for the next and the fourth is free again. Stairs and halls excluded. Minimum cleaning — \$40.00.  
Offer applies to our fabulous new "steam" soil extraction process. Ask about it.  
Offer applies to carpet cleaning service only. Order must be placed during March only, expires March 31st. This ad must be mentioned.  
Call today... You get the best service and our best men during our "slow season" 2 for 1 sale.  
LONG ISLAND CARPET CLEANING CORP.  
301 Norman Avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11222  
A COMPANY OF PEOPLE WHO CARE  
NASSAU & SUFFOLK 516-483-6900  
ALL BOROUGHS & WESTCHESTER 212-784-5500  
MOVING? Carpeting picked up, altered and reinstalled in new location.

CONNECTICUTS' UNIQUE FABRIC CARE  
SAMPLE CUTS WORKROOM-ENDS UNCOMMON FABRICS IMPORTED TRIMS HANDMADE TIES  
AS EXCITING AS A DESIGNER'S STUDIO!  
COME SEE 7 DAYS DAILY 10-5 SUN. 1-5  
BANKAMER CARD ACCEPTED  
LES FABRIC WORKS  
RAGPOLE CORNER 35 PARK ST. NEWTON 5-0941 EXIT 10 ON I-95  
WEEKDAYS 10-5

Men's Custom Tailor SPECIAL SALE  
Whenever fashion you prefer, I personally will style-cut to suit you best.  
Finest Imports Custom Try-On  
I do all my own work. Result: low overhead... low cost to you.  
Only \$175  
Comparable Value \$300-\$375  
Finco  
Garmentry of New York  
218-76 Hempstead Ave.  
Queens Village, N.Y. 11429  
SP 6-367

NEWS WRAP-UP  
That's what you get every Sunday in The Week in Review Section of The New York Times.

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE  
ACROSS  
1 ACERB  
2 MOLT  
3 ABIS  
4 BAYOU  
5 AMOR  
6 ERNE  
7 CLEWS  
8 INFO  
9 DINITY  
10 SIDES  
11 SPLITTING  
12 THE  
13 KISS  
14 EYES  
15 DORES  
16 ICHAD  
17 GAL  
18 PETAL  
19 KINE  
20 ARAM  
21 SHREW  
22 SNAG  
23 DONNE  
24 SAVIN  
25 DUE  
26 SOALS  
27 STUBBER  
28 URM  
29 PATININ  
30 ENECK  
31 CHIC  
32 ABREA  
33 RADIAR  
34 OAIT  
35 REAL  
36 ONAIGAI  
37 BLITE  
38 RESITIE  
39 NAWIES  
3/20/76

CROSSWORD PUZZLE  
Edited by WILL WENG  
ACROSS  
1 Metal beam  
5 "The Wreck of The Mary"  
10 Contend with  
14 Between theta and kappa  
15 Writer Horatio  
16 Eye: Prefix  
17 Famous group of ten  
20 State: Abbr.  
21 Movies' Ma Kettle  
22 Discontinua  
23 Droops  
24 Ribbon: Prefix  
26 Eucharistic plates  
29 Envoys  
32 Resembling: Suffix  
33 Writer Lafcadio  
34 Mil. address  
36 Landmark case  
40 Cast — vote (oppose)  
41 Stem joints  
42 Parched  
43 Speared in a way  
45 Fortune or bank  
47 Island off  
Sumatra  
48 Sarazen  
49 Demean  
52 Salvation or Coxe's  
53 Scarf  
56 One of nine  
60 Diamond shape  
61 Of a space  
62 Genesis name  
63 — Coburg  
64 Discernment  
65 Lily of West  
DOWN  
1 Broz  
2 Physioc Niels  
3 Suit to —  
4 Mortar heater  
5 Fish of P.I.  
6 Havelock  
7 Literary struggle  
8 Arbitr  
9 Sin  
10 Convincing  
11 Turkish weight  
12 Call's cousins  
13 Or —  
14 " — old cow  
15 hand...  
19 — snow  
23 Balkan native  
24 Mets and Nets  
25 Taj Mahal locale  
26 Cougar  
27 Page and King  
28 Mystic card  
29 Crowbar  
30 Studio piece  
31 Germ cul  
33 Jekyll's alter ego et al.  
35 Exceptional person  
37 Louisiana  
38 Church court  
39 — of Wight  
44 Hesitant  
45 — of Artemis  
46 Greek war goddess  
48 Dane or Divide  
49 Elec. units  
50 Town near L.A.  
51 Trojan-War figure  
52 Honor cards  
53 Rebozo  
54 Cassini  
55 Brisk, in music: Abbr.  
57 Swap for tit  
58 Gershwin  
59 "There — an old..."  
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13  
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25  
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35  
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46  
47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55  
56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65

SAVE 40% OR MORE ON TRACK LIGHTING  
THE LATEST HOME DECORATING IDEA!  
POWER-TRAC  
FREE DECORATOR ASSISTANCE!  
CHOOSE FROM THE LARGEST SELECTION OF TRACK LIGHTING IN N.Y.—IN STOCK!  
HAREM LITES  
139 Bowery N.Y.C. CA 6-3042  
OPEN SATURDAY 9 TO 5:30  
WEEKDAYS 9:30 TO 5:30



# The New York Times

Founded in 1851  
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher 1896-1935  
ARTHUR HAYS SULZBERGER, Publisher 1935-1962  
ORVILLE E. DRYFOOS, Publisher 1961-1968

ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER  
Publisher  
JOHN R. OAKES, Editorial Page Editor  
A. H. RASKIN, Assistant Editorial Page Editor  
A. M. ROSENTHAL, Managing Editor  
SEYMOUR TOFFING, Assistant Managing Editor  
MAX FRANKEL, Sunday Editor  
JACK ROSENTHAL, Assistant Sunday Editor  
CHARLOTTE CURTIS, Associate Editor  
CLIFTON DANIEL, Associate Editor  
TOM WICKER, Associate Editor

## Unmanaged City

The municipal "management crisis" that is the object of growing concern in City Hall is not a new phenomenon, although it certainly has been intensified and its importance increased by the city's fiscal situation.

Thirteen years ago, a Brookings Institution study exposed fundamental defects in the way New York City manages its affairs and recommended broad management reforms. A study conducted for the Charter Revision Commission last year reached almost identical conclusions, pointing especially to the "city government's greatest internal problem—an unmotivated, ignored, and ill-equipped middle-management cadre."

The city's own Productivity Council reported last fall: "There is little or no managerial training, few management people (no management 'corps'), and no management philosophy. This is reflected in the fact that such management as does exist is improperly treated by the city in terms of pay and responsibility; it is a group whose morale has been totally demolished."

Is it any wonder that middle-management personnel, including many of the brighter young executives who were recruited under former Mayor John V. Lindsay's major effort to improve productivity are deserting city government by the hundreds?

The plea of Beame administration officials for dollar-a-year volunteers from the business world to help fill the gap does not really address the basic problem. Such temporary, on-loan corporate volunteers can help point out where the city has gone wrong and introduce new management techniques. But they are no substitute for the permanent corps of competent and motivated middle-managers the city must have if it is to maintain adequate services with rapidly shrinking personnel.

To recruit, train and activate such a corps should be a top priority for the Beame administration and its Management Advisory Board. This will require, among other things, a much more intensive effort than has been evident so far to institute management reforms incorporated in the new charter, including decentralization of authority to line agencies and the creation of an incentive pay and promotion system based on merit.

As a starter, the Board of Estimate should be asked to reconsider its recent short-sighted rejection of a Beame proposal to raise middle-management pay, which has not kept pace with that of the city's union workers or for comparable jobs in industry and state government.

Reforming city management is a tough, long-haul job. The place to begin is with the managers, that dwindling cadre whose competence and dedication are prerequisites of municipal efficiency and even survival.

## Indiscreet C.I.A. . . .

In the course of what was described as an "unclassified briefing" of a group of aeronautics experts, the Central Intelligence Agency volunteered the estimate that Israel has 10 to 20 nuclear weapons "available for use."

Under any circumstances, such a unilateral disclosure of a friendly nation's alleged nuclear capacity would appear to be an astonishing breach of military as well as diplomatic faith and protocol. Coming as it does at the very moment when proposed American arms shipments to Egypt have run into some Congressional and public opposition, the C.I.A.'s advertisement of Israel's real or suspected nuclear capacity assumes ugly political overtones. This deliberate disregard of an allied power's security will inevitably affect relationships both among Middle Eastern nations and between them and the United States, whether the C.I.A.'s information is accurate or not.

Against the background of the current predilection by Congress and the Ford Administration for investigations of unauthorized disclosure of governmental secrets, it would be remarkable indeed if this incident were to escape close scrutiny. Did the C.I.A. spokesman take it upon himself to make public a matter of such delicacy, or was he acting under orders as part of a deliberate strategy to influence public or Congressional opinion? If the latter should prove true, was the C.I.A. trying to shape policies which are clearly beyond its intelligence-gathering mandate, or was the agency being used for tactical purposes by the White House, the State Department or the Pentagon?

The C.I.A.'s curiously loose tongue illustrates the continuing confusion concerning the agency's proper role; but it also suggests the diversionary nature of much of the present furor over Congressional leaks of classified information to the news media.

## ... The Right to Know

The confusion over the question of secrecy is illustrated by the fact that the substance of the report on the Central Intelligence Agency by the House Select Committee on Intelligence has become obscured by the row over its unauthorized publication. Instead of giving consideration to the committee's findings, the House has let its attention be diverted to an inquiry into the way the document was leaked to television reporter Daniel Schorr.

Any possible breach of security—whether by the committee's own members or staff or by the executive agencies which also had access to the document—is, of course, a legitimate matter of concern to the House. It clearly has a responsibility to determine whether pledges were broken and confidences violated.

That in no way alters the reality that the bulk of the report is already in the public domain. An examination of its content establishes two facts:

• The leaked document (which had actually already been edited—to some extent in consultation with the C.I.A.—to exclude sensitive material) discloses nothing that could be construed as a genuine threat to national security;

• The report contains a great deal of information pertinent to the effort to reform the C.I.A.

Much of the committee's attention was aimed at the fiscal management of American intelligence operations. The American people have every right to know that the

committee estimates the cost of those operations to be at least three times the amount reported to Congress. Nor should Congress ignore the implications of the charge that fiscal personnel in the C.I.A. and the Office of Management and Budget have often been virtually interchangeable, thus raising the question whether there has been objective monitoring of intelligence costs.

The committee's disclosure of faulty or tagging intelligence in past international crises or military confrontations, is obviously already known to this country's adversaries—but needs to be known by Congress and the public in evaluating the efficiency of the intelligence agencies.

As for disclosure of domestic operations which violated the civil liberties and constitutional rights of Americans, the Nixon years were proof enough that the only threat to national security in that field would be a license to persist in such practices.

In calling for a House resolution to publish his committee's report, chairman Otis Pike quite properly insists that an investigation ordered by Congress should not expire without official publication of its findings and recommendations, as a spur to legislative action to prevent further abuses.

## Consumer Antitrust . . .

The House of Representatives this week approved a bill to permit states to file triple-damage price-fixing suits on behalf of their citizens against companies accused of violating the antitrust laws.

The Administration no longer supports the legislation, although Assistant Attorney General Kauper, head of the Antitrust Division, had said the bill would provide "a workable mechanism for assuring that those antitrust violations which have the broadest scope and perhaps the most direct impact on consumers do not escape civil liability."

The heart of the problem is that antitrust violations that result in relatively small economic damage to a large number of people can be, in Mr. Kauper's term, "alluring" to businesses that realize that no single consumer has a sufficient financial stake to bear the costs necessary to maintain a private suit for recovery of damages.

Class-action suits in such cases have been eliminated, for all practical purposes, by a Supreme Court decision requiring that class-action plaintiffs provide individual notice to all identifiable members of the class—regardless of the cost, which obviously would be prohibitive. Further, when California claimed that consumers of snack foods had been victims of a price-fixing conspiracy, the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals held that under present law the state could not recover damages on behalf of consumers.

The bill now passed by the House would fill these gaps. It does not change the substance of existing antitrust law. However, it is essential that the law not lead to unfair harassment of businesses. The amendments voted by the House to reduce triple damages to single damages where the defendant can show that he acted "in good faith" and to limit the bill to "willful price-fixing" should help prevent such misuse.

The charge that this bill would in fact lead to the destruction of businesses appears to us to be attacking a straw man. It is highly improbable that states—all of which are eager to attract and hold businesses and insure jobs for their citizens—would embark on a wave of destructive antitrust suits. In approving this measure, the House has moved to safeguard the free market and the consumer in an important area. It is unfortunate that the Administration has reversed its original support of the bill, which now goes to the Senate Judiciary Committee, where another—and broader—antitrust bill will be acted on next week.

## ... Computers, Consumers

When is a "consumer victory" not a victory? Answer: When the supposed triumph tends to raise the price the consumer must pay.

A case in point is an order by the Consumer Affairs Commissioners of Nassau and Suffolk Counties requiring larger supermarkets to stamp prices on virtually all items they sell. The order—like similar laws passed in several states—is clearly intended to discourage introduction of computerized checkout systems using the Universal Product Code, under which the computer calculates the customer's bill and also provides in itemized printed form the information the consumer needs to check his purchases.

Many consumer groups mistakenly oppose this code, even though it represents the most promising single development on the horizon for cutting the heavy costs of retailing and therefore for giving sellers more room to cut prices. Certainly, an essential accompaniment of the Universal Product Code is a requirement of the kind already in force in many states that supermarket shelves give the price of each item clearly and accurately, as well as a translation of the price into standard measures. Once the consumer has that essential information, he can make all the comparisons he needs to reach his decision on whether or not to buy.

Nothing is gained by a legal requirement that the price be stamped on each individual item, as ordered by the two Long Island commissioners. This operation involves heavy labor cost, which of course is why the Unions resist computerization. But other industries have found equitable answers, through collective bargaining, to such problems of technological displacement. There is no reason the food chains and their unions cannot do the same.

For consumers, the stakes run heavily in favor of the proposed change. It is they who will have to pay the bill for all the needless stamping if ill-considered laws lock the supermarket door against the future. By contrast, whatever transitional headaches consumers suffer in adjusting to an unfamiliar new price-marking system should quickly give way to the benefits they have a full right to expect from the attendant merchandising economies.

## Of City People, Business and Priorities

In the Editor:

Daniel A. Buehler's assertion that "businessmen and businessmen" are the "backbone" of the city and "the people that this city must cater to" [letter March 15] represents a frightening attack on the city's people and a philosophy the city dare not adopt.

No sane person can welcome the exodus of business and jobs from New York, and everything must be done which can be done to stimulate the retention and return of this key element in the city's life. But to suggest, as Mr. Buehler does, that business must be accommodated at the expense of the city's human obligations is to court disaster.

Who will put out the fires in the corporate towering infernos when the Fire Department disappears or protect corporate workers—executives and clericals alike—en route to and from the job if the Police Department is undermanned? Where will business find its workers if education—both academic and vocational—continues to be shortchanged? Which hospital will care for the executive with angina when we no longer have decent medical care for anyone because we are busy currying favor with business? Or should there be hospitals for businessmen only?

Like too many others in this time of municipal crisis, Mr. Buehler puts the blame for New York's financial ills on workers and unions and welfare cases—not on the real estate speculators who build luxury housing

ad nauseum that the middle class can't afford (and which causes these taxpayers to leave) and then find ways of not paying taxes so that profits this year can remain at \$3 million instead of \$2.5 million; not on utilities magnates who raise the cost of running a city only to maintain a certain profit ratio; not on the banks, whose profits were certainly not diminished when they stimulated the city's borrowing at excessive interest rates—and which are still showing handsome returns even in a near-bankruptcy climate, and not on businesses which cut and ran at the first sign of difficulty, perhaps to make it easier for their executives—living and paying taxes not in New York City but in Scarsdale—to get to work.

There certainly does have to be a reordering of priorities, as Mr. Buehler suggests, and we certainly do have to maintain and attract businesses and jobs. The answer may well be in a sharing by business of the burdens we have to shoulder. The answer most clearly lies in electing Federal leadership that will assume the proper obligations of the Federal Government to the nation's principal city—and sister cities similarly afflicted—including a pickup of the welfare tab and a national health insurance program for all Americans. The answer cannot lie in an attitude of business *über alles*.

SANDRA FELDMAN  
Director of Staff  
United Federation of Teachers  
New York, March 15, 1976

## Apartment Facts

To the Editor:

The decontrol of space for \$300 a month or more that has generated much lately, I would like to see facts to help clarify the situation in perspective.

New legislation is not control any class of apartments in New York. Nor must the Mayor-Council take any special fact, our local rent-control amended in 1969 to permit agency to act in the it enumerates the steps taken. They include making studies to determine if a vacancy rate in a class developing a schedule of control if there is a problem it is reviewed at a public hearing. Since the Census Bureau found, on the basis of a vacancy rate of 5.65 per cent for apartments renting for more, I have directed do a thorough analysis. If we see that all of apartments within can reliably be defined will follow the procedure law.

A number of facts in the glare of the unusual vacancy finding. One 14,620 of all the 147 apartments that rent for more are rent-control.

Another is that the latter, insists that any control must be orderly uncertainty and harsh cation" to tenants.

Moreover, we must the city has a serious shortage (its vacancy 2.77 percent), that only rents were vacant and rent at all rent levels vacancy rate for those rents is atypical index

Commissioner, New York of Rent and Housing New York, 1

## The Favor-Trader

To the Editor:

The real concern Moses's \$100,000 [news should not be focused the system whereby insiders get deals like ginereed by public-money pay their dues to the day will reward them comes.

As for Moses, his assured in bronze and sands of structures all in huge, prominent I dominate the scene archeologists could do the greatest of the tw pharaohs.

Hastings: O

## To Stem the Tena

To the Editor:

Farmer Federal Judge kind's proposal (news to stem the flight of We erage firms to New Jen be applied to stem the York's barred tenants.

If Wall Street broker get a state income tax of the detrimental effect transfer tax they now why not grant a Federal come tax credit to the whose high rents are in due to excessive city real Even though the tenants taxes in the form of landlords can obtain the while the tenants can't.

If Judge Rifkin's pro a tax break to the broke sound idea, it seems ever priate to do something fo New Yorker, before we to flee the city because and taxes. After all, we a city exclusively compos

HANS RANDOL  
New York, N

## Nursing-Home Dist

To the Editor:

It is regrettable that y editorial "Failed Duties," the Moreland Act Commi failed to distinguish clear political influence that favo rly, i.e., profit-making, and concern by responsible officials over the needs of nonprofit, skilled nursing!

The commission's advi dealt exclusively with nursing homes. The nonp nursing facilities, which AD eral Louis L. Leftkowitz exist solely as an expressi antropy on the part of the community who under such facilities perform an hle role in helping to meet social need. They are not i profit-making "industry" trustees serve without pay, duty.

Their preservation and effective functioning should objectives of all government. The Attorney General's acti ing to help achieve these ob nonprofit voluntary agenci serve as an example for oth

JOHN V. C  
Executive Vice  
Greater New York Hosp  
New York, Marc

## Embattled Battlefield

To the Editor:

Britain will be (uncharacteristically) betraying posterity if it allows the aloping field on which the Battle of Hastings was fought 910 years ago this October to slip out of control by unfettered sale to anybody who might take a fancy to it, perceiving its defenseless vulnerability to commercialism and exploitation.

One feels sure that especially in this Bicentennial year all Americans who recognize and treasure their country's heritage will join us Britons in hoping that something will be done to make it impossible for the battlefield to become hedged with vending kiosks, buckster pitches and other forms of junkateria, and for its adjuncts, particularly the remains of Battle Abbey, to fall into far more grasping hands than those of its present worthy but harassed owners.

Not one relic of the astonishingly decisive battle of 1066 has survived, chiefly because nobody has tried during many centuries to find anything. Historians, writers and others have recently been proposing that a systematic scientific probe should be made. This would probably become impossible if "wrong" people got hold of the site.



A section of the Bayeux tapestry

The Labor Government, if it survives until sale day in June, should make sure at all cost that this does not happen. If the Tories come to power they must similarly safeguard Senlac Meadow. And then they must reduce the present unbridled inflation, murderous taxation and other forms of wretchedness which are threatening not only Britain's historic assets but its very survival and for which the departing Mr. Wilson must take major responsibility. EDWIN TETLOW  
High Falls, N. Y., March 16, 1976  
The writer is a British journalist.

## Speaking of Cultural Trash

To the Editor:

What a silly man R. Emmett Tyrrell Jr. is! [Op-Ed March 5] Isn't it curious that people who don't read say that there's nothing worth reading; that people who don't watch television say there's nothing worth watching; that people who don't go to the theater say there's nothing worth going to see? In short, isn't it curious that people who cut themselves off from the world blame the world for their isolation?

Of course there's cultural trash; there always was, as anyone can testify who has read the popular sonnet sequences of the less-gifted Elizabethans, the best-selling novels of the more lurid eighteenth-century Gothics or the enormously successful homiletic poetry of the more pathetic Victorians; or who realizes that "Abie's Irish Rose" began its record Broadway run the same year that "The Waste Land" was published. I suppose that Mr. Tyrrell would have seen the play but not the poem and gone around lamenting the lighted way in which religious values are discussed in the arts of the twentieth century.

Speaking of cultural trash—why did you publish Mr. Tyrrell's article?  
THOMAS A. STEWART  
New York, March 5, 1976

## Robatyn's 'Slam'

To the Editor:

Felix Robatyn, chairman of New York's Municipal Assistance Corporation and Governor Carey's man for all crises, is quoted in The Times (March 11): "Unless you turn the city's trend around, it's slow death. The city will be Newark."

Just last week, at the Tri-State Regional Planning Conference, I heard the Governor of New York suggest an

armistice in interstate derogation. He correctly suggested that no place can now afford negative references.

We in the Garden State have generally kept the peace as we watch Mr. Robatyn and his colleagues strive so strenuously to save the Big Apple's credit rating. Maybe the Governor's timely moratorium on trans-Hudson slams should be observed by his experts.  
DONALD H. BAGGER  
Executive Director  
Newark Economic Development Corp.  
Newark, March 11, 1976

## An Indian Mystery

To the Editor:

P. B. Presswalla's recent letter on India is rather mystifying as nowhere does it reveal the source of its information. His report about "burning by candle flame" of three teenagers for pasting anti-emergency posters is a work of imagination. Similarly, a "massive satyagraha campaign in 300 out of 329 of the country's districts," of which Mr. Presswalla talks, could not have escaped the notice of fifty-odd foreign journalists stationed in India or of the hundreds of American visitors who have recently visited India. There has now been sufficient reportage on the prevailing situation in India and the general improvement, in the day-to-day life of the people, thanks to the strong measures taken by the Government against antisocial and antinational elements. Apparently Mr. Presswalla's "report" is either a figment of his imagination or a deliberate concoction to mislead public opinion. We regret publication of such letters without any attempt to check their veracity through your own correspondent in India.

M. R. SIVARAMAKRISHNAN  
Press Counselor  
Information Service of India  
Washington, March 9, 1976

**The New York Times Company**  
229 West 43d St., N.Y. 10036

**Corporate**  
ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Chairman and President  
JOHN J. MCCABE, Senior Vice President  
JAMES C. GOODALE, Executive Vice President  
MICHAEL E. RYAN, Secretary  
RALPH BOWMAN, Treasurer

**The New York Times**  
WALTER MATTHEW, Executive Vice President  
YOEN MORTIMER, Senior Vice President  
JOHN D. POMERET, Senior Vice President  
DONALD A. NITZEM, Vice President  
FRED D. THOMPSON, Vice President

**Affiliated Companies**  
SYDNEY GIBSON, Executive Vice President  
BENJAMIN HANDELMAN, Senior Vice President  
CHARLES B. BRACKFIELD, Vice President  
WILLIAM H. DAVIS, Vice President  
JOHN E. HARRISON, Vice President  
ROBERT S. NOVEMSER, Vice President  
ARNOLD SOHN, Vice President

150 من الال



### Monery e First egree

ssell Baker.

he office, ladies and  
s. J. Marvellus, presi-  
ic Consolidated. Mr.  
raciously consented to  
t the magnificence of  
se system—  
that made America  
r, folks."  
uently been described,  
is a pillar of business

rue. I think I can say  
e that I am the most  
rupt of the corrupt  
America today."

r, the fantastic story  
onsolidated's growth  
reatest multinational  
the world, with hold-  
rs, skim milk, synthe-  
barbed wire, bananas,  
jet bombers—

Italy. We acquired  
ks ago in the same  
merged nur fast fried-  
ry with the Metropoli-  
any."

secret of your success?  
in the free-enterprise  
ity of bribery."  
great deal of courage  
government people in

at, but it's foolish.  
ll of bleeding hearts  
who don't believe in  
se system. You never  
re going to run into  
down there who'll re-  
the newspapers and  
overnment. My advice  
bo want to get ahead  
ver to risk any bribe  
ington."

you get the Govern-  
igs your way?  
enty of crooked cam-  
ms. Of course they're  
at lately down there."  
u've begun providing

### EVER

ay weekends at the  
ing lodges for top  
ss?

the holiday-weekend  
em now. It's a head-  
dealing with foreign  
ire you just ship over  
n bribe money and  
into place."  
ockholders complain-  
ated?

y going to find out?  
tune to get the best  
ants in the country  
oks."

you say you have  
icians. Government  
a governments, ac-

es it. You have to do  
itive nowadays, and  
free-enterprise sys-  
m."

oes it. I don't under-  
ular claim to distinc-  
as I understand, is  
most corrupt of the  
men. But you don't  
cially more corrupt  
else.

ll, what about price-

aged to price-fixing?  
uttons I have. And  
riggered bids to clip  
for hundreds of mil-

success over at Inter-  
Cosmetics has been  
he has spent more  
ion leaders than any  
business corruption.

king through his hat-  
r time when the pros-  
the figures showing  
paid out to crooked  
in the past ten years.  
or the Mafia? Has  
rupted the Mafia?"  
ntioned it.

sn't. I'll bet I've paid  
the Mafia to keep  
along us blind than  
on holiday-weekend  
"entago brass."

are being prosecuted.  
riment. It's a shame.  
The country's come  
s when a bunch of  
as start sticking their  
workings of the free-  
n."

they'll be very hard

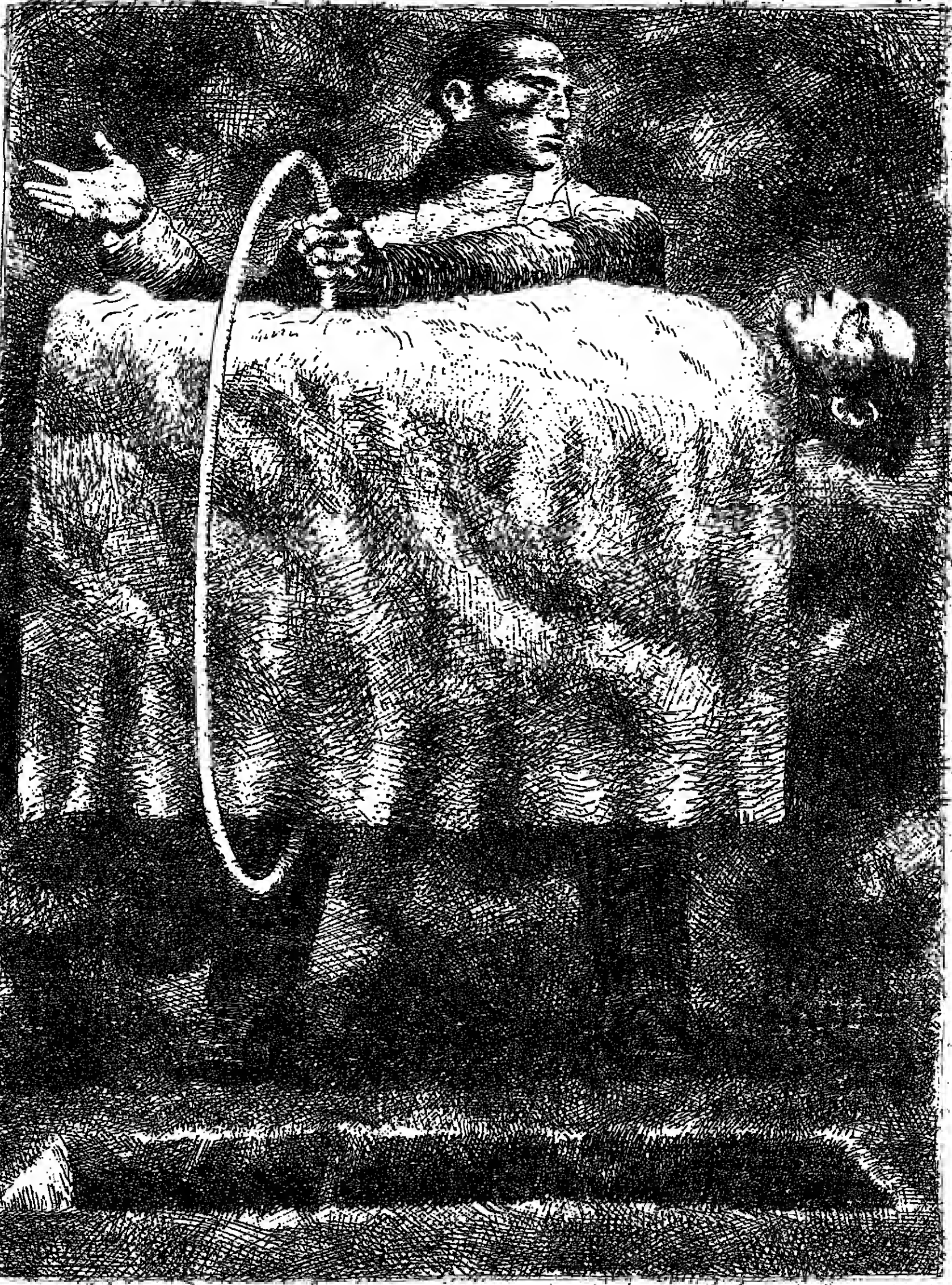
a corrupt judicial sys-  
try, they'll throw the  
ey'll sentence me to  
the United States."  
t mean?

or a whole month I  
d to go to Bermuda."  
alth in the free-enter-  
n't be crushed by this

irty days I'll grit my  
B. J. Marvellus, don't  
ple like you, working  
prise system, who've  
what it is today."

d a model of business  
Marvellus.  
ir, are a prince to  
If you stop by the  
on the way out" my  
you a satchel full of  
e you spell my name

## The Genesis of Medical Error—3 Case Histories



By Ray Gambino

During my professional career I have been responsible for three serious errors: a wrong unit of blood, a wrong autopsy and a wrong gas (carbon monoxide). How could anyone make such errors? I don't have the final answer, but I think the following case histories will tell something about the genesis of error.

**THE WRONG BLOOD.** As a resident in pathology I had to take night call for emergency lab tests. Late one night I set up a crossmatch, and I typed a patient as group O. At 2 A.M. I was awakened to release the blood for that patient. I gave a unit of blood to the nurse who looked at the bottle and signed our blood-bank register. The transfusion was started, by a resident who also looked at the bottle of blood and presumably at the attached requisition slip. An hour later I was awakened by a call from the nurse on the floor. She said the patient had some chills. I mumbled something to the effect that febrile reactions were not uncommon and proceeded to fall back to sleep.

As I was dozing off I suddenly saw, in my mind's eye, a picture of a bottle of blood with a faint pale-yellow "A" inscribed on the label. I leaped out of bed and ran to the cursing station. The unit of blood was nearly completely transfused. I was too late.

The requisition slip was marked "O" and the bottle was marked "A." Three people had looked at that bottle and all three of us failed to notice the discrepancy. Fortunately, the patient had a low anti-A titer and the only complaint he ever had was mild chills.

Why didn't I see that I was selecting the wrong bottle? A change in labeling was partly responsible. That week our regional blood bank had adopted the new national standards for color-coding, sizing and shape of identification labels on units of blood. The new "A" labels were very different from the old labels. Furthermore, the printing was so poor that the yellow "A" was nearly invisible.

A time of change is a dangerous time because habits are hard to break.

**THE WRONG BODY.** As director of laboratories of a busy community hospital I was on weekend call for autopsies. I always worked with one of the hospital's two chief technolo-

gists when performing an autopsy—therefore my assistant was very competent. On that fateful weekend we were hit with four autopsies—one right after another—and the fourth case was the most interesting. After reading the chart I began the autopsy and found most of the things I expected. But I was really excited when I discovered that the doctors had missed mitral stenosis.

As my assistant began sewing up the Y-shaped incision, I did what I usually do at the beginning of a case—I looked at the identification wristband. "Good God," I said, "it's the wrong patient!" More than that, this wrong patient's family had refused a request for an autopsy. And more than that, the patient's husband was an Orthodox Jew. I called the attending physician and told him what had happened. Fortunately, the patient's son-in-law was a physician, and he helped the family to accept the autopsy.

Why did I perform an autopsy on the wrong person? We had only four boxes in our morgue. The three earlier cases were in the other three boxes. The patient in the fourth box was the right sex and appeared to be the right age. What my assistant didn't know was that an unusual event had occurred: There were five deaths that afternoon, and the fourth case to be autopsied had not yet been brought to the morgue.

The unusual (or the unexpected) causes error because we see only what we expect to see. And again, more than one person was involved. All of us are more likely to follow a group's consensus than our individual opinions; that is why countersigning fails.

Two heads aren't always better than one.

**THE WRONG GAS.** This just happened and still has me shaking. In our hospital we have several satellite blood gas units that are supported by the central laboratory. One of these units ran out of calibrating gas. Since I was introducing one of our new residents to the "how's" of the blood gas service, I decided that we would go up

to the surgical recovery room together. The chief tech showed us the tank to take, and the three of us stood around the tank calculating the PCO<sub>2</sub> and the PO<sub>2</sub> from the percent concentrations on the label.

Up in the recovery room, I tried to remove the protective cap on the gas outlet of the new tank, so I could attach the reduction valve. I tried and I tried but the cap wouldn't budge. A semiconscious patient whispered: "Hey, Doc, that is a left-handed thread. It's a left-handed thread." I said to myself, "Well, isn't that patient a nut!" as I continued to struggle without success.

The voice came back again. This time a little more strident. "Doc, it's a left-handed thread!" So I mumbled to the resident, "O.K., it's a left-handed thread," and I turned the wrench in the opposite direction. Woosh! The cap came right off. Then we tried to connect the reduction valve to the tank. It took us more than a few minutes to realize that a valve with a right-handed nut can't be screwed on to a tank with a left-handed thread.

We returned to the lab grumbling about the incompetence of the gas supplier who switched threads on us. When we got back to our gas storage room we found that all 10 of the newly arrived tanks had left-handed threads. In addition, each of the new tanks, although the same basic color as our other tanks, had a thin red band painted around the top. We figured that meant a left-handed thread.

Upset with the gas supplier, I immediately called the company to find out who could have been so stupid as to send us 10 tanks with left-handed threads. The conversation went like this:

Lab: "What's going on? We've always received our gases in tanks with right-handed threads, and now we have 10 unusable tanks with left-handed threads!"  
Clerk: "We supply only what you order."  
Lab: "But I never ordered left-handed threads!"

Clerk: "But you must have. We supply only what you order."

Lab: "But that can't be. We have been ordering the same gases for years; and we never received a left-handed thread. Let me get my order."

Clerk: "O.K., and I will get my copy. You did order a tank with a left-handed thread."

Lab: "How could that be? The order doesn't say anything about left-handed threads."

Clerk: "Well it depends upon the gas. You ordered 5 percent carbon dioxide and 12 percent carbon monoxide."

Lab: "What? You mean 12 percent oxygen don't you? We've never ordered carbon monoxide! Wait a minute."

I rushed out of the office and ran to the gas storage room. Sure enough, on the small label affixed to the tank I saw the 12 percent figure next to "CO."

Twelve percent carbon monoxide! I nearly fainted dead away. Here's what happened. The gases were ordered by phone, and the order clerk gave the order had to spell out the name of each gas. But the order clerk got confused and transmitted our order as 5 percent CO<sub>2</sub> and 12 percent CO. And that's what was made up for us, even though we sent a correct confirming order. Fortunately, left-handed threads and different size connectors are made to prevent the potentially disastrous consequences.

You can't depend upon written instructions or on unfamiliar color coding. The only thing that works is something physical, such as a lock with a unique key, or a connection with a left-handed thread.

In each of these case histories more than one person was involved, so there isn't any safety in numbers. Error is also more likely to occur when you are tired, rushed or overworked—so we must provide for adequate staffing at all times. Safety will have to come before cost effectiveness.

Ray Gambino, M.D., is professor of pathology at the College of Physicians & Surgeons of Columbia University. This article, adapted here, first appeared in the Medical Laboratory Observer.

## Who's That Knocking at My Door?

By C. L. Sulzberger

ROME—As the Italian Communist Party (P.C.I.) creeps perhaps immutably toward a share in governing power, Enrico Berlinguer, its logical and persuasive leader, insists he has no remote intention of doing away with democracy in this tormented republic and that his massive organization is pledged to honor democratic freedoms. "We will never have a 'Sulzbergian' case in the Italy of the historical compromise." He adds, "No one here will ever suffer for his ideas."

"Historical compromise" is the Italian Communist phrase for admission of its party, now perhaps the nation's largest, to a governing coalition which it would dominate together with the Christian Democrats, a Roman Catholic movement, the wobbly Christian Democrats, backed by the United States, still oppose such a formula.

Mr. Berlinguer, a slender man with an elegant but slightly haunted face, has recently been voted Italy's most popular man by a public opinion poll. Yet he professes little faith in the accuracy of such samples in this emotional, cynical and politically maladroited nation.

Many of his ideas are pragmatic rather than based on Marxist dogma. Thus, for example, he would like to bolster this tottering economy by taking a strong stand against inflation (now above 18 percent). He believes Italy's resources are foolishly dissipated, above all in wasteful, overloaded public administrations.

It is necessary, he feels, to remove parasites from the bureaucracy and also to reform the tax system drastically, improving collection methods and establishing fairer rates. Moreover, he thinks Italy spends too much on food imports, especially meat, thus impoverishing the nation. Local productivity, including increased livestock herds, is essential. He considers it

### FOREIGN AFFAIRS

ridiculous for Italy to import huge amounts of osteotatious luxuries including whiskey.

Mr. Berlinguer believes a kind of Occidental renaissance is taking place in Communism's political world. This implies, for Italy, a return to the party's origins, Marxism, as he sees it, was the fruit of Western workers' thinking but it triumphed only in the East—Eastern Europe, Russia, China, etc.

Western workers bailed on their march to progress. Some became Social Democrats, not even Marxists. But the European workers movement is now regaining strength and resuming its original role. A progressive tradition is reviving and democracy is posed here within this concept, he contends.

Nevertheless, Berlinguer will explain, this Communist renaissance doesn't change differences that exist between various countries and between various Communist parties. Each of the latter develops differently, as in the cases of France, Italy and Spain.

In France the Communists have been seeking to build a left alliance with the Socialists. Here the Communists prefer a "historical compromise" in which the leading non-Communist role would be played by the Christian Democrats, a vital approach in a massively Catholic land where the Vatican and priestly hierarchs hold major parts.

Moreover, Berlinguer points out the Italian Communists haven't advocated the Marxist phrase "dictatorship of the proletariat" since their earliest days and it wholly vanished after World War II. But in France, where such "dictatorship" was a tenet until quite recently, the French party has only now prepared to modify the phrase.

The Italian party differs on certain key issues with Moscow, and Berlinguer's address in the recent Soviet party congress was, he admits, coolly received. Italy's Marxist program contains several non-Marxist doctrines, related to political goals, not dogma, and accepted by its eighth congress in 1956.

Mr. Berlinguer insists there is much open debate in his party. Yet he acknowledges that permanent organized disagreement is not tolerated after a congress decides on programs; such dissent becomes degenerative and corrupting, in his view, as can be seen in Italian (non-Communist) parties.

Despite acknowledged differences between Italian Communists and other national parties in Western Europe—as well as profound departures from the Soviet view—Berlinguer paradoxically argues for solidarity of all Communist parties. Indeed, his organization lacks relations only with the Chinese and Albanians.

The Italian party is ready for the hut Peking and its tiny chum, Tirana, make plain they aren't interested. The Italian leadership argues that China today is more interested in Western right-wingers—like Richard Nixon, Franz Josef Strauss or Amintore Fanfani—than in Western Marxists.

One difficult question is posed by Italian Communism's pledge of solidarity with other parties, including the Soviet Union's. How does that jibe with the Italian party's pledge of solidarity with NATO, if Communists enter a Rome government? NATO doesn't feel solidly inclined toward the Kremlin—or any Marxist citadel, for that matter.



# Jury in Hearst Trial Starts Deliberating

Continued From Page 1, Col. 3

to do an act which the law, in fact, forbids."

Judge Carter noted that Miss Hearst had been kidnapped, but he told the jurors that that fact was not enough to absolve her of any responsibility for the crime. At the same time, he told the jury:

"Duress or coercion may provide a legal excuse for the crime charged against her. But a compulsion must be present, and immediate, a well-founded fear of death or bodily injury with no possible escape from the compulsion."

As he told the jury how to weigh the evidence, Judge Carter said:

"You are expected to use your good sense. If the accused be proved guilty beyond reasonable doubt, say so. If not so proved guilty, say so."

Miss Hearst was tried on two counts, one of armed robbery and one of using a gun to commit a felony. Judge Carter told the jury that it could consider the second charge only if it had convicted her on the first.

The maximum penalty on the first count is 25 years in prison. On the second it is 10 years.

F. Lee Bailey, the chief defense lawyer, said at a news conference after the jury had begun deliberations that the defense case had cost "several hundreds of thousands of dollars."

United States Attorney James L. Browning Jr., the prosecutor, said he did not know how much the Government had spent.

Of the defendant Mr. Bailey said, "Behind a facade of bravado she is very nervous."

Mrs. Hearst left the courtroom as the judge was telling the jurors how to deal with testimony that included experts' opinions.

Five psychiatric witnesses—two for the prosecution and three for the defense—had testified as to their opinions on whether Miss Hearst was a willing participant in the robbery.

The defense psychiatrists described Miss Hearst as the helpless victim of "coercive persuasion," "thought control" and "brainwashing," but the Government experts called her a liar and pictured her as "ripe for plucking" by the revolutionary band that kidnapped her.

Sexual Relationships  
The doctors also gave their opinions on Miss Hearst's sexual relationships with two of her captors.

The defense doctors said she had been forced to have sexual intercourse with Donald DeFreeze, the Symbionese leader, who called himself General Field Marshal Cinque, and William Lawton Wolfe, the 23-year-old son of a Pennsylvania doctor. Mr. Wolfe called himself Kahjoh.

The Government doctors said they believed that Miss Hearst had not been forced to have sex with either man and that she had become the lover of Mr. Wolfe. Both men died in a shootout with the Los Angeles police on May 17, 1974, along with four women members of the Symbionese Army, a radical terrorist band.

In discussing expert opinions, Judge Carter told the jurors: "If you should decide that the opinion of an expert witness is not based upon sufficient education and experience, or if you should conclude that the reasons given in support of the opinion are not sound or that the opinion is outweighed by other evidence, you may disregard the opinion entirely."

On Proving Intent  
On the question of whether Miss Hearst was a willing bank robber, the judge said:

"Intent ordinarily may not be proved directly because there is no way of scrutinizing the operations of the human mind."

But the jurors may draw inferences, he said, observing, "It is ordinarily reasonable to infer that a person intends the natural and probable consequences of acts knowingly done or knowingly omitted."

The Government has sought to demonstrate Miss Hearst's willing participation in the bank robbery by citing her acts since that time and by mentioning some things that she did not do—for example, her failure to get in touch with her

parents to let them know she was alive.

Among the acts the prosecutor, Mr. Browning, used to attempt to show Miss Hearst's positive support for the revolutionary aims of her captors was her firing of an automatic weapon into a street in Los Angeles as William and Emily Harris, two S.L.A. members were about to be taken into custody. Her action helped them escape.

Fugitive Status  
The Government also emphasized that Miss Hearst was a fugitive from the time of the bank robbery indictment in June 1974, until she was arrested here last Sept. 18.

She had a gun in her purse when arrested, and the same semi-automatic M-1 carbine she had in the bank was hanging in the closet of her apartment, fully loaded.

One unusual aspect of the trial was the fact that Miss Hearst pleaded Fifth Amendment protection against self-incrimination 42 times when she testified.

"The fact that a witness refuses to answer a question after being instructed by the Court to answer may be considered by the jury in determining the credibility of the witness and the weight her testimony deserves," Judge Carter told the jury.

Miss Hearst also cited in her refusal to answer the 42 questions a fear for her own and her family's safety from attack by underground rebels still at large.

A witness has no legal privilege to refuse to answer questions put to her on the grounds of fear of physical harm to either herself or her family," the judge told the jury.

While Miss Hearst testified freely about the Harris and some others, she refused to answer questions about her relationships with some people she had met while living as a fugitive.

Judge Carter, in discussing Miss Hearst's fugitive months, said flight is not enough in itself to establish guilt, but that the jury could consider it.

He also dealt with statements made in Miss Hearst's voice on S.L.A. tapes issued in the spring of 1974. She has said that her captors forced her to make the statements and wrote them for her. The Government alleges that the recordings con-

tain her thoughts and show that she was an avid, active, willing member of the group that robbed the bank.

"A statement of act or omission is 'knowingly' made or done if done voluntarily and intentionally, and not because of duress, coercion, mistake or other innocent reason," the judge told the jury.

He also said, "the jury should consider the age, sex, training, education, occupation and physical and mental condition of the defendant, and her treatment while in the custody of her captors as shown by the evidence in the case."

Reasonable Doubt  
Judge Carter said the jury should not be swayed by sympathy and must follow the law as he read it to them this morning.

Concerning the concept of reasonable doubt, he said: "It is not required that the Government prove guilt beyond all possible doubt. The test is one of reasonable doubt. A reasonable doubt is a doubt based upon reason and common sense—the kind of doubt that would make a reasonable person hesitate to act."

Reasonable doubt is the Government's most serious problem in this trial, in the view of many observers.

In effect, the jury has been asked to read Miss Hearst's mind as it was a minute or so after 9 A.M. on April 15 almost two years ago and to decide, beyond reasonable doubt, that she was a willing participant in the bank robbery.

Judge Carter told the jurors to think about the case after electing a foreman. He said they should not hesitate to re-

examine their views, if others disagree, but added: "Do not surrender your honest convictions. Your sole interest is to seek the truth from the bits, of which 408 were pictures, from the bank's surveillance camera. The prosecution had presented 66 witnesses before the jury and 12 at evidentiary hearings outside the jury's presence.

There were 512 defense exhibits, of which 408 were pictures, from the bank's surveillance camera. The prosecution had presented 66 witnesses before the jury and 12 at evidentiary hearings outside the jury's presence.

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.



Catherine Hearst leaving Federal courthouse in San Francisco yesterday as the judge instructed the jurors.

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.

# F.B.I. Searches in the Smokies For Suspect in Slaying of Family

GATLINBURG, Tenn., March 19 (UPI)—Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation searched today for a young couple identified only as "Mike and Betty" who may have camped in the Great Smoky Mountains National Park with Bradford Bishop Jr., a State Department official accused of killing his wife, mother and three sons.

A group of 12 explorer scouts from Nacogdoches, Tex., told agents looking for Mr. Bishop that they met a man and woman Wednesday night at Derrick Knob on the Appalachian Trail who said they had camped Sunday night with a man wearing street clothes and carrying a tent in a duffel bag.

The scouts said the couple, who identified themselves only as "Mike and Betty" and said they were from Cleveland, told them the man said he was heading for Newfound Gap. The scouts said the couple indicated they planned to leave the park soon and hitchhike to Florida.

Harold Swanson, agent in charge of the F.B.I. office in Knoxville, said he would send agents to Derrick Knob and Newfound Gap "to try to find some evidence of the man or the couple who reportedly saw him."

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.

Station Wagon Found  
The search was concentrated in the old lumbering town of Elkton and along a network of trails leading from a parking lot where Mr. Bishop's 1974 Chevrolet station wagon was found yesterday.

Mr. Bishop, a 39-year-old assistant chief of special trade were said to be among the final activities in the State Department's Economic and Business Section, was indicted yesterday by a grand jury in Maryland's Montgomery County.

He is accused of the bludgeoning murder of his wife Anne, in their home in Bethesda, Md., on March 1. Her body and those of their three sons and Mr. Bishop's mother were recovered from a shallow grave in Tyrrell County, North Carolina, on March 2, but were not identified for several days.

Braniff and the Teamsters Agree on a Labor Contract  
WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Braniff Airways and the International Brotherhood of Teamsters reached a tentative agreement today on a new contract for 3,600 ground employees who had threatened to strike the airline.

George Ives of the National Mediation Board announced the settlement after a nearly 50-hour bargaining session. Details were not disclosed pending ratification by the workers.

The union postponed its midnight strike deadline until 4 P.M. today to allow negotiators more time.

"We came in on the wire," Mr. Ives said soon after 4 P.M. The agreement affects Braniff's ticket agents, reservation clerks, secretaries and baggage handlers, who had been working without a contract since last August. Differences over a cost-of-living increase and payments to the disability fund were said to be among the final issues settled.

IBM  
TYPEWRITER  
NEW MACHINE  
FULLY  
LIMIT  
(212) 254  
333 014

SHI  
WALL MOUNTED  
CARTON  
SPECIAL  
EXPORT  
W  
SHELF  
SHOP  
1785 FIRST AVENUE  
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10022  
988-7300

Bedwe  
Ended by  
J. G. Shuman  
447-9500

EDU  
SUN  
Buy a  
Four  
Phone  
Book

Oly  
has  
vac  
in  
C  
tha  
any  
It isn't  
to Grec  
of vacat  
want.  
Come  
Airways

We gi  
200 fan  
pick fro  
the sun  
More to  
In all p  
more, w  
747 ser  
private  
Athens  
fares yo  
schedul

Call yo  
or Olym  
Come  
to live fo

Olympic A  
888 Sever  
New York, I

Please sen  
brochures  
the Greek

Name  
Address  
City/State/Zip  
My travel agent is

Oly  
Gree  
Natio  
Organ  
1975

# Laborer Indicted in the Murders Of 4 Brooklyn Robbery Victims

A 25-year-old laborer has been indicted on charges of committing four murders in Brooklyn during an 18-day crime spree that started last Jan. 4. Each murder was committed during a robbery.

The defendant, John Whitaker of 354 Chauncey Street in the Bedford-Stuyvesant area, was said by District Attorney Eugene Gold to have netted less than \$1,000 from the four robberies.

According to the District Attorney, the first victim was Charles Hill, 38, an off-duty correction officer who was shot and killed as Mr. Whitaker and two companions held up the Moulin Rouge bar on Sumner Avenue.

Two days later, Mr. Gold said, Mr. Whitaker shot and killed Lawrence Daniels, 24, after forcing him and a companion, Tyrone Obee, 27, to walk into an empty lot on St. John's Place. The younger

victim was also shot, but recovered.

On Jan. 19, the indictment charged, Mr. Whitaker and the same two companions held up Lawrence Edwards, 57, owner of a building on Eastern Parkway, in the basement of the structure. Mr. Gold said that the three took \$300 and some papers and that Mr. Whitaker shot Mr. Edwards in the head.

The fourth murder occurred three days later, according to the District Attorney, when Mr. Whitaker, again accompanied by the two men, broke into an apartment on South Portland Avenue and shot and killed Harriet Gathers, 27. A companion, Fernie Godette, who was in the apartment, was also shot in the head, but survived.

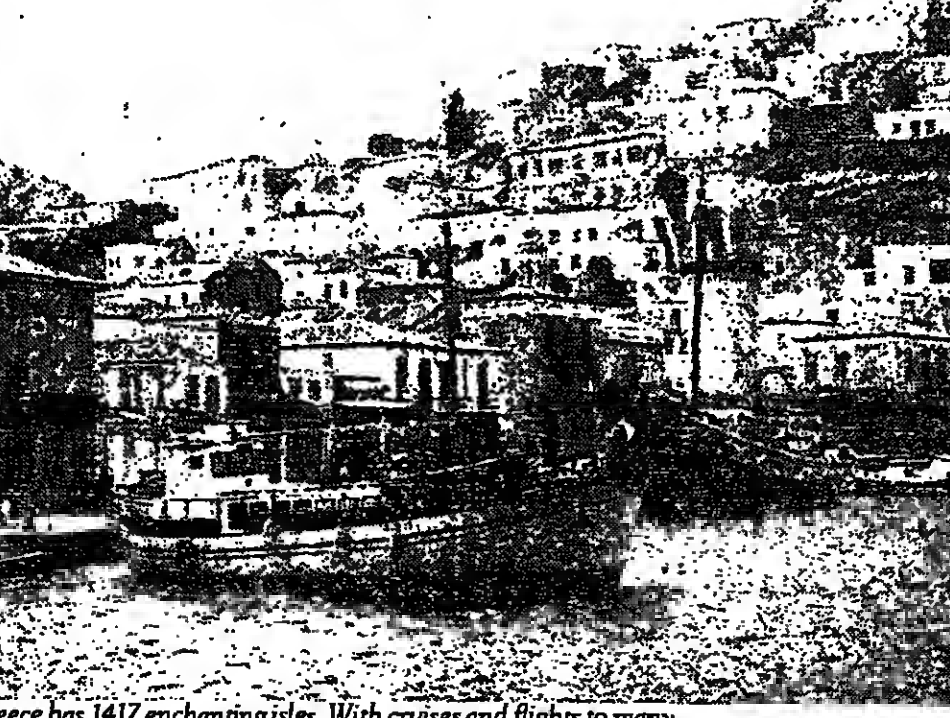
In State Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday, Justice after forcing him and a companion, Tyrone Obee, 27, to walk into an empty lot on St. John's Place. The younger



Evzone Guard in Athens, and friend.



Theater, exactly as it was in 400 B.C.



Greece has 1417 enchanting isles. With cruises and flights to many.



The skyscraping monasteries of Meteora.



A look at Byzantine Greece in Ossiós Loukas.



Golden beaches kissed by the blue Aegean.

Delphi, ancient home of the Oracles.

# There's no place on earth like Greece.

It's one European vacation you can still afford. Beautiful resort hotels—with a beach on the sparkling Aegean—are still from \$10 a day. For two. Dinner of freshly caught red snapper and wine at a waterfront café is still around \$4.

In Greece, amazingly enough, your hard-earned dollar is still worth a dollar. Ironically, you're getting the most fascinating country on earth in the bargain.

You'll romp on golden-sand beaches. Swim in the bluest water you've ever seen. Cruise to fabled Greek isles. Dance to the soulful music of the bouzouki.

And hear the echoes of 4000 years of history at every turn. Places like Delphi and Knossos and Olympia where the ancient legends seem to come alive.

There's no place on earth like Greece. Greek National Tourist Organization

Name  
Address  
City/State/Zip  
My travel agent is

NTT

سكزا من الاصل



# The New York Times

## Chisholm-Wright Feud in Brooklyn Is Eroding Blacks' Political Power



Samuel D. Wright did not want another black Congressman...

**By CHARLAYNE HUNTER**

A long-standing bitter feud between the two major black elected officials in Brooklyn is threatening to destroy either or both of them and, both sides agree, is eroding much of the political power that blacks have long worked to develop in the borough.

The rivalry between Representative Shirley Chisholm and City Councilman Samuel D. Wright has already led to challenges to all of the incumbent Democratic party leaders in the borough's five predominantly black and Puerto Rican Assembly districts. It is expected to culminate with Councilman Wright challenging Mrs. Chisholm for her Congressional seat in the September primary.

**Split in Vote Feared**

Although Mr. Wright has not said he will run, one of his partisans, State Senator Vander L. Beatty, declares:

"The only way this thing can be resolved is that Shirley Chisholm must be defeated or resign."

Local politicians and community leaders feel that a race between the two in the 12th Congressional District could so divide the black

vote that the seat could go to a white candidate.

The eight State Assembly districts that make up the Congressional District include only four districts that are predominantly black—the 53d, 54th, 55th and 56th that cover Bedford-Stuyvesant, East New York and Brownsville. In the other four Assembly districts—the 38th, 40th, 58th and 59th in Greenpoint and parts of East New York, Williamsburg and Bushwick—white and other nonblack ethnic groups tend to be far more politically active than the black residents.

Local politicians say that failure to resolve the conflicts could even open the way for white candidates, supported by the politically active Jewish community, to win the 56th Assembly District—the "heart of the black political nation," as a local activist put it— and the 23d Senatorial District.

"No black politician is immune this year," said Wesley MacD. Holder, chief political strategist for Mrs. Chisholm, who is currently working on the district leadership fight that will be decided next month. "Every incumbent is going to have to fight, from Shirley Chisholm on down. And some will have two fights—in September and in April."

Many political and business leaders argue that such fights consume precious time, energy and money and do little to advance black aspirations.

**White Candidate Elected**

They point out that because blacks could not unite behind a candidate in the 18th Senatorial District, the seat went to Thomas J. Bartosiewicz, a white mayoral aide. He defeated one black, former State Senator Waldana Stewart, for the Democratic designation and then beat his black Republican opponent by a 5-to-1 margin last month. Mr. Bartosiewicz's campaign slogan was "He'll stop the fighting between us by fighting for all of us."

In 1974, blacks failed to run a candidate in the 14th Congressional District, which was created under orders from the Justice Department to improve minority representation, and the seat went to Fred W. Richmond.

Many blacks maintain that it would soon be

Continued on Page 54, Column 1



Representative Shirley Chisholm "... I am running and I hope to be elected..."

## to Rico Takes a Dual View of the Bicentennial

By DAVID VIDAL

R. — Puerto Rico's middle-ground political status as a commonwealth tends to nourish, but also divides, the island's view of the Bicentennial as a historic opportunity to join the growing American nation, while the socialists and supporters of independence for the island call for a Bicentennial without colonies.

**Distinction Made**

Islanders invariably make a distinction between themselves and the "continentals" or "Americans." This is the way residents, tourists or businessmen of non-Puerto Rican ancestry are known, regardless of their ability to speak Spanish.

This dual view, which Puerto Rico's middle-ground political status as a commonwealth tends to nourish, has led some "Americans" here to complain openly about what they consider an inconsistent, opportunistic use of United States citizenship.

"In 20 years of residence in Puerto Rico, I have yet to hear any politician say the Spanish equivalent of 'fellow Americans,'" a mainland advertising executive said recently in a hotly debated article in *The San Juan Star*.

"When a politician here says 'el pueblo,' he means exclusively the people of Puerto Rico; when they say 'la patria'—literally, the fatherland—they mean Puerto

Commissioner, says that her agency has gotten "a very enthusiastic reception," although the enthusiasm is sometimes hard to detect.

A shopkeeper in Guánica, Maria Rodriguez Pagan, who comes from a prominent "pro-independence" family, says flatly: "There should be no such celebration. I don't want anything to do with the Yankees."

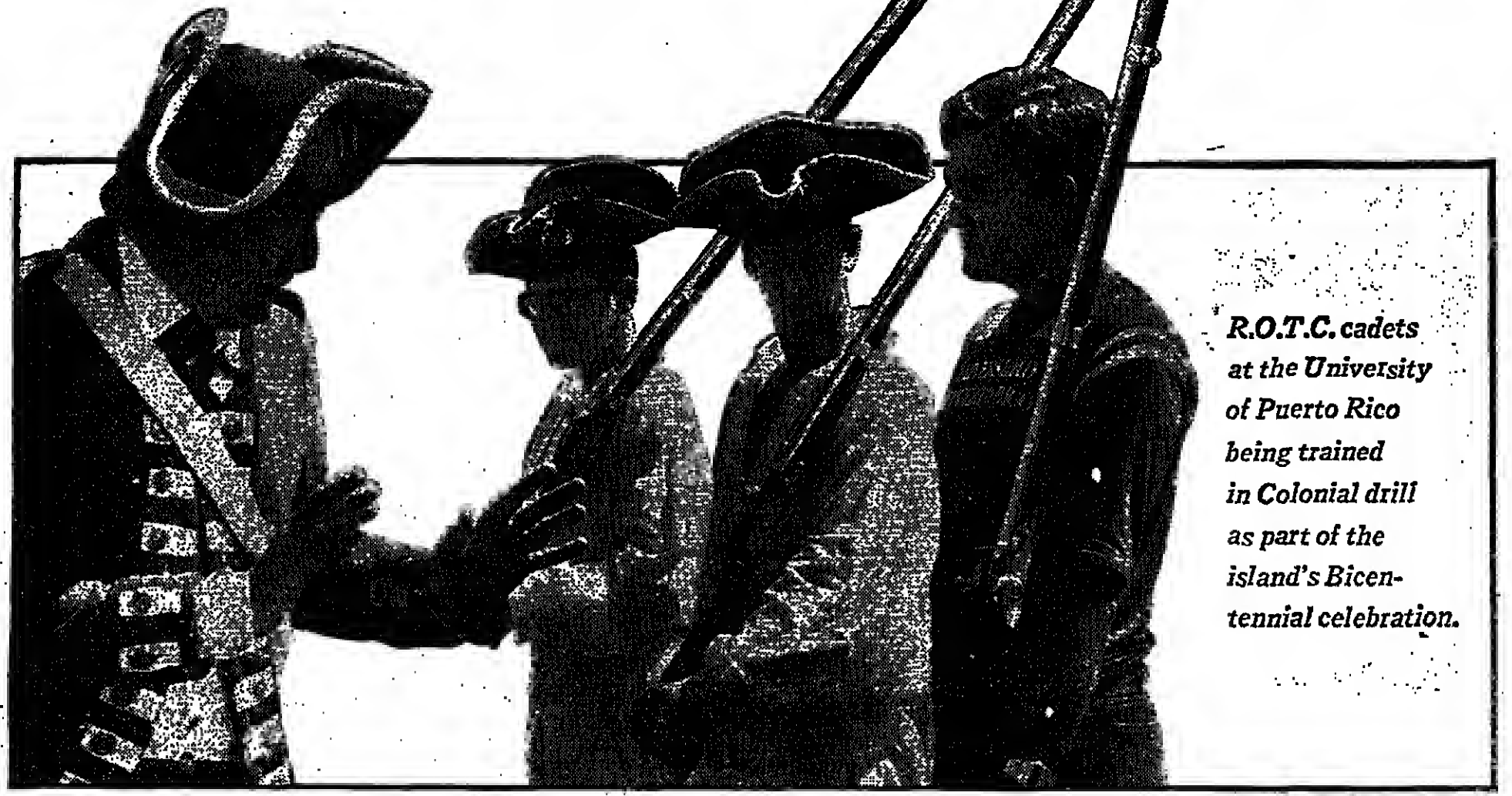
Statehood supporters on the island view the Bicentennial as a historic opportunity to join the growing American nation, while the socialists and supporters of independence for the island call for a Bicentennial without colonies.

Islanders invariably make a distinction between themselves and the "continentals" or "Americans." This is the way residents, tourists or businessmen of non-Puerto Rican ancestry are known, regardless of their ability to speak Spanish.

This dual view, which Puerto Rico's middle-ground political status as a commonwealth tends to nourish, has led some "Americans" here to complain openly about what they consider an inconsistent, opportunistic use of United States citizenship.

"In 20 years of residence in Puerto Rico, I have yet to hear any politician say the Spanish equivalent of 'fellow Americans,'" a mainland advertising executive said recently in a hotly debated article in *The San Juan Star*.

"When a politician here says 'el pueblo,' he means exclusively the people of Puerto Rico; when they say 'la patria'—literally, the fatherland—they mean Puerto



R.O.T.C. cadets at the University of Puerto Rico being trained in colonial drill as part of the island's Bicentennial celebration.

Mr. Talavera's...

Zaida E. Rosa...

of Kodak 25 Million Rochester

March 19—The Rochester...

soo, who was a...

the United States...

Wick, Former Nazi, Withdraws His Bid To Be Rotary Head

EVANSTON, Ill., March 19 (UPI)—Faced with mounting opposition to his background as a wartime Nazi SS trooper, Wolfgang Wick, an Austrian industrialist, withdrew today as a nominee for president of Rotary International, the global service club.

## News Summary and Index

SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1976

### The Major Events of the Day

**International**

Princess Margaret of Britain and her husband, Lord Snowdon, whose courtship before their marriage attracted widespread attention, according to a statement yesterday from Kensington Palace in London, the home of the Princess. The statement said that the Princess would carry out her public duties and functions unaccompanied by Lord Snowdon, and there were no plans for divorce proceedings. [Page 1, Columns 1-4.]

Negotiations between the Rhodesian Government and black nationalists were broken off and both sides called on Britain to resolve their dispute. [1:5.]

**National**

With a rise in the Consumer Price Index of only one-tenth of 1 percent, consumer prices made the smallest advance in February in more than four years, the Labor Department said. A decline in meat prices, which may not continue, was said to have been responsible for the slight increase. However, economists do not expect inflation to proceed at that negligible rate and they believe that future months will not bring such good news. Nevertheless, the index was regarded as further indication of a very real slackening of inflation. [1:8.]

The United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia ruled that the Environmental Protection Agency may order reductions of lead in gasoline to prevent potential but not fully proved public health hazards. The court appeared to uphold the agency's authority to regulate a broad range of environmental issues where danger to health seemed likely even though the danger had not been scientifically proved. The E.P.A. may now enforce regulations, first issued in 1973, requiring the gradual reduction of lead in gasoline. [1:4.]

The jury in Patricia Hearst's bank robbery trial began deliberations, trying to decide whether she willingly participated in the holdup or acted under coercion and in fear of death. The key question, Judge Oliver J. Carter told the jurors in Federal District Court in San Francisco, is whether the defendant was a willing participant in the robbery of the Sunset branch of the Hibernia Bank there in April 1974. [1:2-3.]

**Metropolitan**

Consumer prices in the New York-northeast New Jersey area were more stable in February than they have been over the last four years, the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics said. On a basis that eliminated seasonal changes, the New York Area Price Index of Consumer Goods and Services declined 0.1 percent, which, taking into account the index's margin for error, is equivalent to virtually no change. Herbert Biensstock, the regional commissioner of the bureau, said. The cost of medical care was the only component of the index that showed a noticeable rise. [1:6-7.]

The Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America and the Textile Workers Union of America, two major unions in the apparel and textile industries, reached agreement on plans for a merger into a single union with more than 500,000 members. [1:6.]

The two young daughters of Seward Prosser Mellon, the Pittsburgh banker who is an heir to the Mellon empire, were abducted by three men as the girls left their Brooklyn home for school with their bodyguards. The children have been involved in a custody fight between Mr. Mellon and his former wife, Karen Leigh Boyd Mellon. They were reported to be somewhere in Pennsylvania with their father. [1:5-8.]

The Union Carbide Corporation, the country's second largest chemical manufacturer, announced that it would move its headquarters from the 50-story building at 270 Park Avenue to Danbury, Conn., ending two years of deliberations on the move and overriding appeals from Mayor Beane and Governor Carey that the company remain in Manhattan. The move will take three or four years to complete. [1:1-3.]

### The Other News

**International**

Basque industrialist is kidnapped in Spain. Page 2

Boom means little to South Korean workers. Page 2

Bogota moves to counter unrest. Page 4

Scranton sees no need for confrontation. Page 5

Ford hails Egypt's anti-Soviet move. Page 6

Israel to attend U.N. talk with P.L.O. there. Page 6

Lebanese leaders escape attack on plane. Page 6

Laos team leaves Peking with aid accord. Page 9

**Government and Politics**

Ford warns of divisiveness from campaign. Page 12

Udall campaigns in the South Bronx. Page 12

Voter outlook shift seen in Cleveland. Page 12

Signatures disputed on delegate petitions. Page 12

North Carolina's primary may be pivotal. Page 13

Anderson opposed to Hynes's hiring auditors. Page 17

Chisholm-Wright feud hurts blacks politically. Page 29

Zarb move may raise oil prices. Page 30

**General**

Mrs. Mellon tells of fight for children. Page 10

A look at the Mellon heirs and millions. Page 10

'63 Alabama bombing data withheld by F.B.I. Page 11

Another Hollander relative in takeover deal. Page 17

Picketts block doors of Philadelphia Inquirer. Page 17

Brooklyn man is indicted in four murders. Page 28

F.B.I. searches in Smokies for murder suspect. Page 28

Wick, former Nazi, withdraws Rotary bid. Page 29

Puerto Rico divided over Bicentennial. Page 29

Metropolitan Briefs. Page 31

Panel rules Reid may keep most of his stock. Page 31

Cahn is reindicted in double-billing case. Page 31

L.L. school board defonds book seizure. Page 31

State board won't enter transit talks. Page 31

### Quotation of the Day

"Behind a facade of bravado she is very nervous." —F. Lee Bailey, describing Patricia Hearst. [28:1.]

**Ball is posted for Carter and Artis.** Page 56

**Health and Science**

House unit votes to defer clean-air deadlines. Page 10

Residents tell of abuses at adult-care facilities. Page 17

Differences found in victims of infant death. Page 25

**Amusements and the Arts**

Portraits by Enrico Baj are shown. Page 18

Morgan Russell sketches are shown at museum. Page 19

Franco's Tavern museum furnishings revised. Page 20

Herbert's book on Presidency is reviewed. Page 25

Joffrey Ballet honors Jooss with 4 works. Page 32

Lendocery play a Gordon Cross premiere. Page 32

Ashkenazy is piano soloist with Philharmonic. Page 34

Bette Midler at Westchester Premier Theater. Page 34

2 BBC documentaries on children on WNET/13. Page 55

**Going Out Guide** Page 32

**Family/Style**

Young salespeople are good fund-raisers. Page 16

Help for lonely East German elderly. Page 16

**Obituaries**

Msgr. Nicholas Wegner, led Boys Town. Page 30

George Pocock, builder of racing shells. Page 30

**Business and Financial**

Stock prices are mixed in slow trading. Page 35

New orders and corporate profits rise. Page 35

Italian austerity measures are held inadequate. Page 35

Coleman demands railroad agreement. Page 35

Mayor Beane's papers subpoenaed by S.E.C. Page 35

Britain's outsize industries in turmoil. Page 35

Labor in Germany to get bigger role. Page 35

Patents: Laser system produces fibers. Page 35

### Wick, Former Nazi, Withdraws His Bid To Be Rotary Head

EVANSTON, Ill., March 19 (UPI)—Faced with mounting opposition to his background as a wartime Nazi SS trooper, Wolfgang Wick, an Austrian industrialist, withdrew today as a nominee for president of Rotary International, the global service club.

The present president, Ernesto Imbassahy de Mello, a Brazilian, told a news conference Mr. Wick had withdrawn "for personal reasons." The nomination was a surprise to him the president in 1977-78.

"Mr. Wick resigned by his own initiative," the Brazilian said. "As an old Rotarian, he resigned thinking of the organization."

Mr. Imbassahy acknowledged the organization was "relieved" by his decision. He said that there had been pressure from the news media and Rotary Clubs to have Mr. Wick withdraw. He said he had received more than 1,000 letters and telephone calls "and most were not favorable."

Officials at the international headquarters in Chicago said that W. Jack Davis, a Hamilton, Bermuda, businessman and a former Rotary vice president, will succeed Mr. Wick as the new nominee for the 1977-78 presidency.

Gosta Sandburg who is a Swede and a Rotary Director and Treasurer, said that he had known Mr. Wick for more than 10 years, and that he was "a very dedicated Rotarian, a very nice fellow. I had not the least idea about his background in this sense."

But Mr. Sandburg said, Rotarians in such countries as The Netherlands and France, which had been occupied by the Germans in World War II, were the most opposed to Mr. Wick's becoming the international president.

"For them there was no possibility to see Wolfgang as president," Mr. Sandburg said.



ZARB NEARS MOVE ON OIL PRICE RISE

Plans a Change in Rules to Make Cost of Heavy Fuel Higher on East Coast

By EDWARD COWAN

WASHINGTON, March 19—Frank G. Zarb, the Federal energy administrator, was reported tonight to be on the verge of making a change in Federal energy regulations that would raise prices of heavy fuel oil on the Eastern Seaboard from Maine to Florida.

Some details of the change remained open, with a final decision and announcement likely within days. However, sources close to Mr. Zarb said that even if he went part way toward a compromise recommended by Senator Edward M. Kennedy, the overall effect of the change in the regulations would be to cause prices of heavy fuel oil to be higher than they would otherwise be.

Exactly how much higher may not become entirely clear, officials said, because these prices have been rising any way as industrial demand for heavy fuel increases with the economic recovery.

Rejection Urged At a meeting last night, Mr. Kennedy and other New England and East Coast senators urged Mr. Zarb to reject the \$7 to \$8 a barrel to the average family's electricity bill, an energy official said.

Noting that \$3 a year amounted to roughly 65 cents a month, the official commented, "It's less than one pack of cigarettes a month in New York City."

However, Congressional sources noted that higher prices for heavy fuel would also add to the energy bills of apartment houses and industries that burn the oil as well as to commercial and industrial users of electricity.

Morris C. Leikind Is Dead at 70; Medical Historian and Archivist

Morris C. Leikind, a medical historian, archivist and teacher with the Federal Government for nearly 40 years, died Monday in a hospital in London. He was 70 years old and had lived in Tel Aviv for the last three years.

In Washington, Mr. Leikind had been an instructor and administrator in the National Clearing House of Mental Health Information, the Agricultural Department's Graduate School and the Research Division of the Smithsonian Institution.

Defense Consultant Mr. Leikind, who was also a bacteriologist, had been on the research staff of the Library of Congress and served as chief of the Division of Historical Research of the Medical Museum of the Armed Forces Institute of Pathology. As an Army major in World War II, he specialized in medical intelligence in the Surgeon General's office.

He wrote articles for more than 35 periodicals and was a contributing editor to the Encyclopedia Britannica. He later became a consultant to the Institute of Defense Analysis. Mr. Leikind gave more than 4,000 volumes—books and articles—to the Sackler School of Medicine at Tel Aviv University. The collection became the Morris and Ida Leikind Library of Medical History, and he became the school's chief consultant in the history of medicine.

He received B.A. and M.S. degrees at the University of Chicago and did advanced graduate studies there and at Harvard and the Johns Hopkins University. He was a founder and former president of the History of Science Society.

Surviving are his wife, the former Ida Sackaroff, a brother, Hyman, and two sisters, Collette Stein and Miriam Leikind.

Dr. Carmyn J. Lombardo, a cardiologist and specialist in internal medicine, who formerly served on the Board of Higher Education, died of cancer Thursday at his home, 2501 Palisade Avenue, Riverdale, the Bronx. He was 70 years old.

Dr. Lombardo was senior attending physician at St. Vincent's Hospital and Medical Center, and internist for the psychiatric-geriatric program at Misericordia Hospital.

He had been an instructor in pathology at New York University Medical School and St. Vincent's Hospital. He was formerly an attending physician at Bellevue and Columbus Hospitals.

Msgr. Nicholas H. Wegner Dies; Former Director of Boys Town

Msgr. Nicholas H. Wegner, former director of Boys Town, Neb., near Omaha, who built the home for boys into a \$200 million institution, died Thursday at St. Catherine's Hospital Center for Continuing Care in Omaha, where he spent the last year after having suffered several strokes. His age was 77.

Monsignor Wegner became director of Boys Town on the death of its founder and his friend, the Rev. Edward J. Flanagan, in May 1947. He retired in October 1973 and was succeeded by the Rev. Robert P. Hupp.

The monsignor greatly expanded Boys Town, a home for homeless and poor youngsters, 7 to 18 years old, as well as some referred by courts and social agencies.

'No Such Thing as a Bad Boy' Plans conceived during Monsignor Wegner's tenure included a \$10 million institute for learning and communication disorders and a \$10 million center for the study of youth development. Both are operating in temporary buildings, and the new buildings are scheduled for completion next year. A \$2 million grade school, built at the close of his administration, was named for Monsignor Wegner.

His first assignment was as assistant pastor of St. Cecilia's Cathedral in Omaha in 1925. In 1929 he was named assistant chancellor of the Archdiocese of Omaha and in 1936, chancellor. From 1936 to 1946 he was also director of St. James Orphanage in Omaha.

He was named a Domestic Prelate in 1944, Protomartyr Apostolic Pope John XXIII in 1959, and Vice General of the Archdiocese of Omaha in 1960.

Monsignor Wegner made a five-month trip through the Far East and the Middle East for the State Department, counseling on youth problems. He helped establish a Boys Home at Monterrey, Mexico, and a Boys Town in the Philippines.

For his work with youth and service to society, he received many awards and citations, including a Doctor of Laws degree from Creighton University. Surviving are four sisters, Sister Herman Joseph and Sister M. Arminia of the Sisters of St. Francis of Perpetual Adoration, Mrs. Arthur Hittner and Kate Hittner.

There will be a funeral service Monday at 10:30 A.M. in Dowd Memorial Chapel at Boys Town.

George Pocock, Shell Builder, 84

Leading Designer for More Than 3 Decades Dies

SEATTLE, March 19 (UPI)—George Pocock, internationally known for his construction of racing shells, died here last night. He was 84 years old.

Mr. Pocock, a native of England, established his shell-building business at the University of Washington in 1912 and maintained the quarters until 1926 when he moved to a site on the north end of Lake Union.

Virtually every oarsman who has ever competed in crew racing rowed shells built by Pocock and his son, Stan, who has continued the business since his father's retirement.

Others imitated his designs, but rowing coaches insisted that Pocock shells went faster and stood up better. This was a result of the technique that Mr. Pocock had learned as a boy in his father's boat shop in Teddington, England.

He served his apprenticeship under his father, who had learned from his grandfather, the English boat builder George Pocock emigrated to Vancouver, British Columbia, in 1911. He started building boats for the Canoe and Victoria Rowing Clubs, and the next year sold his first shell to a college, the University of Washington, where he was invited to set up shop. With Pocock shells, Washington oarsmen took the national title and his reign began.

As consultant to General of the Army Douglas MacArthur's headquarters in Tokyo in 1945-46, he was chief of forest reserves for Japan and Korea. He graduated from Michigan State University in 1931 and received from Yale University a Master of Forestry degree in 1933 and a doctorate in biology and environmental science in 1942.

Surviving are his wife, Lilian, nee Harris; a daughter, Helen Elias, and three sisters.

Dr. Morris A. Huberman, a specialist in forestry who retired from the United States Forest Service in 1972, died Thursday of a heart ailment in Waterbury (Conn.) Hospital. He was 65 years old and lived at Heritage Village in Southbury, Conn.

MORRIS HUBERMAN, U.N. FORESTRY AIDE

Dr. Morris A. Huberman, a specialist in forestry who retired from the United States Forest Service in 1972, died Thursday of a heart ailment in Waterbury (Conn.) Hospital. He was 65 years old and lived at Heritage Village in Southbury, Conn.

Dr. Huberman, since 1964, had been deputy chief of land use and agricultural production at United Nations headquarters here and director of the South-east Asia and Far East division of the organization's development program. Since his retirement he had served as a consultant.

From 1946 to 1963, he worked on forestry for the Food and Agriculture Organization in Washington, Bangkok, Thailand, Rome and Mexico City.

As consultant to General of the Army Douglas MacArthur's headquarters in Tokyo in 1945-46, he was chief of forest reserves for Japan and Korea. He graduated from Michigan State University in 1931 and received from Yale University a Master of Forestry degree in 1933 and a doctorate in biology and environmental science in 1942.

Surviving are his wife, Lilian, nee Harris; a daughter, Helen Elias, and three sisters.

Betty Grimes Lindley, 76, Ex-Aide to Mrs. Roosevelt

WASHINGTON, March 19—Betty Grimes Lindley, long active in political and civic affairs in New York City and Washington and the wife of Ernest K. Lindley, writer and columnist, died here after a long illness. She was 76 years old.

Mrs. Lindley served for several years as the radio aide for Eleanor Roosevelt. She also was executive assistant to Mrs. Roosevelt in 1943 when the First Lady and Mayor Fiorello H. La Guardia headed the Civilian Defense Administration.

Mrs. Lindley graduated from the University of Minnesota. She was the women's national high-diving champion in 1920. Surviving, besides her husband, are three sons, Jonathan, Christopher and Mark; a sister, and seven grandchildren.

Level of Prices Almost Stable in City Area During February

Continued From Page 1, Col. 7

Health insurance charges. Since 1967, medical care prices have risen 93.8 percent against 73.5 percent for all consumer goods and services.

The index of food prices in this area, which typically rises in February, was down three-tenths of 1 percent, reflecting a drop of six-tenths of 1 percent in grocery prices and a sharp 1.9 percent drop in meats, poultry and fish. Cereals and bakery prices also showed a decline, of nine-tenths of 1 percent.

On an unadjusted basis, the New York area Consumer Price Index was 172.5, or 73.5 percent above the average level of prices in 1967, the base year. This was five-tenths of 1 percent above January and 6.3 percent above the level of 12 months before.

The food index was 184.6, meaning that it cost \$18.46 to buy what \$10 bought in 1967. Since February 1975, the rise in food prices has been 4.6 percent, a level not seen since the grain shortage and the energy crisis escalated inflationary forces that became apparent earlier in the 1960's.

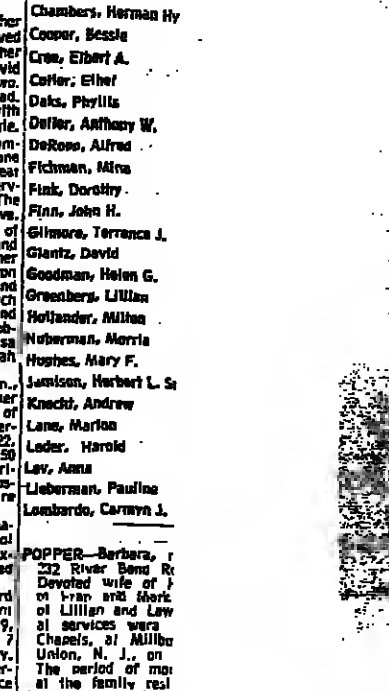
"During the past month again prices in the New York area moved pretty much the same as they moved nationally," Mr. Biensstock said. "Our prices had been running behind national prices for several years, although before that we led the inflation. Maybe this means we have lost the advantage of an inflationary lag."

Among the five major metropolitan areas of the country, the New York area has had the second highest increase in consumer prices over the last 12 months. Mr. Biensstock reported. Los Angeles had the highest, 7.6 percent, compared with New York's 6.3 percent.

The slowdown in the rate of inflation here provided a small .11 percent gain to factory workers in net spending earnings before state and local taxes. Weekly earnings in 1967 dollars rose from \$93.78 a year ago to \$99.15 in January and to \$100.29 in February.

The seats, of Idaho white pine, gave the eight oarsmen a mechanical advantage by allowing them to get their legs into a stroke. Also, the shift in weight allowed by the sliding seats helped propel the shell. In applying the planking, or skin, of the boat, the designer used cedar, placing it over 59 pairs of ribs of Indiana ash. The rudders were made of wild cherry or Honduras mahogany. With a Pocock shell, a heavy-weight crew could attain a speed of 15 miles an hour.

Consumer Prices



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

PRICE INDEX IS UP 0.1% FOR FEBRUARY

Continued From Page 1, Col. 8

of the statistics to account for normal seasonal movements of some prices. Before adjustment the increase was two-tenths of 1 percent.

The last time the seasonally adjusted index rose by as little as one-tenth of 1 percent was in September, 1971, in the brief lull and price freeze imposed by President Nixon.

The improved inflation picture has coincided with a strong expansion of production, employment, income and retail sales in the economy, though unemployment remains high at 7.6 percent of the labor force.

Today there was yet another encouraging report—a rise in orders flowing to manufacturers last month. Taken as a whole, the statistical picture of the economy is regarded by most political observers as likely to help President Ford in the election campaign, though this can never be certain. Many Americans, according to various polls and surveys, continue to regard the state of the economy as fairly

Frank E. Campbell "The Funeral Chapel" inc. 1076 Madison Ave. (cr. 51st Street), N.Y., N.Y. BU 8-3500



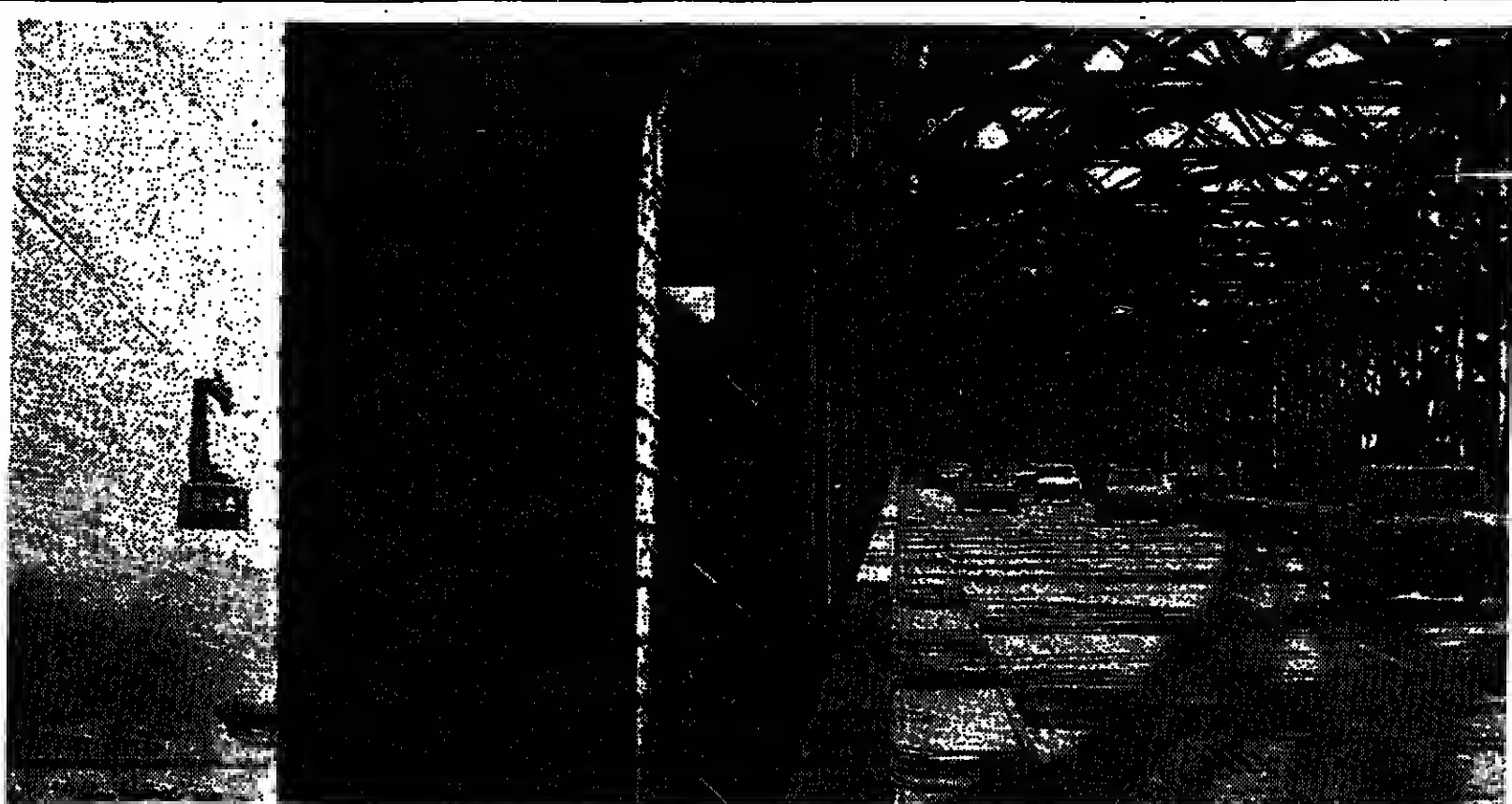
### School Board Defends Cavalry of 11 Book Titles

#### Tree Members Say They Found Materials Offensive to All—'Fixer' and 'Black Boy' Proscribed

By GEORGE VECSEY  
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, N. Y., March 19 — The Trees district school board tonight defended its decision to remove 11 books from the junior and senior high school libraries by saying it had to remove books that were offensive to Jews, blacks and other groups.

Not all students seemed to know or care about the board's action, which was disclosed last night and took place several weeks ago. Several teachers said they were afraid to talk to the board, which they termed "ultraconservative."



TWO WAYS OF CROSSING THE EAST RIVER: Cars at right on the Queensboro Bridge and the new tramway, left, from Roosevelt Island to Manhattan. The tramway, which is in the testing stage, will carry passengers from new housing complex on Roosevelt Island to 60th Street.

### Cahn Is Indicted Again in Billing Case

By MAX H. SEIGEL

William Cahn, former Nassau County District Attorney, was indicted yesterday on charges that he double-billed Nassau County and various law enforcement organizations for trips he took to attend meetings.

The new indictment was handed up in retaliation for his lawsuit and the failure to convict him last month, Mr. Cahn said. "I have been a prosecutor for 25 years, and I have never witnessed a more vindictive, retaliatory and tyrannical abuse of power in all of my experience."

### Metropolitan Briefs

#### City Hall Picketed Over Drug Cuts

More than 500 people picketed City Hall to protest the proposed elimination of the city's Addiction Services Agency and cuts in funds for narcotics treatment programs, warning that the shutdown would increase crime by addicts.

#### 300 Protest Hostos Closing

In another demonstration involving the City University, 300 students picketed the headquarters of the Board of Higher Education at 80th Street and East End Avenue to protest the planned closing of Hostos College in the Bronx.

#### 50,000 Pacifiers Are Recalled

New York and New Jersey health authorities said they had rounded up nearly 50,000 baby pacifiers of the type that is believed to have caused the asphyxiation of a 5-month-old infant in the Bronx last month.

#### Suffolk Sheriff Resigns

Sheriff Philip Corso of Suffolk County submitted a two-page resignation in satisfaction of a 13-count indictment charging him with coercing jail aides to buy tickets to Republican fund-raising dinners.

#### From the Police Blotter

A 34-year-old Bronx man, the apparent victim of a robbery, was found shot to death outside his apartment at 1244 Grant Avenue in the Morrisania section. The man, identified as Desmond Chambers, a construction worker, had been shot twice in the head. His apartment was ransacked.

### Emergency Board Will Not Take Part In the Transit Talks

Governor Carey's office said yesterday that the Emergency Financial Control Board would not participate in negotiations between the Transit Authority and bus and subway workers despite an appeal from the union that it join the talks.

### Beame Given Supplies And Bond for Birthday

Mayor Beame was presented yesterday, at a celebration of his 70th birthday, with gifts from his staff, including a bottle of red ink, a red tape and a worthless Czarist 4 percent 1,000-ruble bond.

### Anxiety at City Hall

The anxiety at City Hall over the change in political leadership is clearly visible in the mayor's office. "Beame is Garibaldi's guy," said one mayor's aide, referring to David Garth, one of the Governor's political consultants.

### Beame Is Said to Face Uncertain Political Future

By X. CLINES

Mayor Beame's 70th birthday, being completed in the most eventful year of his career so far, has led to speculation about his political future.



Mary Beame samples a slice of cake as the Mayor hands the knife to an aide

### Emergency Board Will Not Take Part In the Transit Talks

Governor Carey's office said yesterday that the Emergency Financial Control Board would not participate in negotiations between the Transit Authority and bus and subway workers despite an appeal from the union that it join the talks.

### Beame Given Supplies And Bond for Birthday

Mayor Beame was presented yesterday, at a celebration of his 70th birthday, with gifts from his staff, including a bottle of red ink, a red tape and a worthless Czarist 4 percent 1,000-ruble bond.

### Anxiety at City Hall

The anxiety at City Hall over the change in political leadership is clearly visible in the mayor's office. "Beame is Garibaldi's guy," said one mayor's aide, referring to David Garth, one of the Governor's political consultants.

### Yonkers Averts Default With Advanced Taxes

YONKERS, N. Y., March 19 — Yonkers averted default on its \$17.1 million bond issue by raising \$1.2 million in advance payments from major banks, citizens and the business community.



UP, UP, AND AWAY! Donna Flynn, 8, gets a helping hand from her mother, Sarah, during the 32d Kite Day at Primrose Elementary School in Lincolnale, N. Y. Entries were submitted by individual students as well as classes, and judged on design as well as performance.

### REID IS ALLOWED MOST OF STOCKS

#### But Disclosure Board Rules He Must Get Rid of All He Bought Since Taking Post

By LINDA GREENHOUSE  
Special to The New York Times

ALBANY, March 19 — The State Board of Public Disclosure ruled today that Ogden R. Reid, the Commissioner of Environmental Conservation, did not have to sell most of the stock he owns in companies under his department's jurisdiction as long as he removes himself completely from any decisions involving the companies.

The holdings Mr. Reid will have to sell are principally stocks of Avon and Revlon, cosmetics companies that will be affected by new state regulations concerning aerosol sprays. Mr. Reid owns about \$200,000 worth of these stocks.

The stocks he will be allowed to keep are about \$1.4 million worth of American Home Products, B.M. Pfizer, Bristol-Myers and Exxon.

Mario M. Cuomo, the Secretary of State and a member of the Disclosure Board, said today that the decision was made in the interest of fairness. Governor Carey did not issue his conflict-of-interest regulations until several months after Mr. Reid took office.

### Lottery Number

March 19, 1976  
N. J. Pick-It-111



Ballet: Tribute to Jooss

The Joffrey Marks Choreographer's 75th Birthday With 1930's Program

By CLIVE BARNES

The Ballets Jooss—that great company originated by Kurt Jooss in the 1930's, which survived until the '60's in various forms—had a sort of signature program. It was the program that usually started all seasons—indeed it was the program that ended the company's first New York season in 1933. By chance, it was the program I first saw the company dance in London a little less than 10 years later. It was the program, the perfect production to the choreography and Mr. Jooss's own choreography.

On Thursday night, in celebration of Mr. Jooss's 75th birthday, the City Center Joffrey Ballet presented this self same program at the City Center 55th Street. The program consists of four works by Mr. Jooss, "The Big City," "Pavane on the Death of an Infanta," "A Ball in Old Vienna" and "The Green Table." The first and the last of these ballets—usually regarded as the choreographer's masterpiece—have been in the Joffrey repertoire for some years; the middle couple, almost more vignettes than ballets, were being given by the Joffrey for the first time here.

The two new works are slight but pungent. They add certain special ingredients to the total program—a little mystery and a little schmatz.

"Pavane" is set to the Ravanel music, that stately yet sensuous unfolding of vibrancy and Mr. Jooss has used it for a miniature of death, enclosure and stifling oppression. The Infanta, with her teased-out wig and panniers, looks like some haunted fugitive from Velazquez, some Hapsburg victim of the War of the Spanish Succession. She is surrounded by a menacing court, dressed by a surgeon leader in crinolines and stiff armor, and she smiles at them wanly. But like a little butterfly, her life is extinguished. The cold lines of the court, contrasted with the flutterings of the Infanta, the chill of protocol and the agony of cold isolation, are all sensitively realized. From the scene, the music was right for the slightly lost, even blurred image of the Infanta, and the ensemble proved chillingly accurate.

"A Ball in Old Vienna" is a chandler-style ballet but not quite so pushy as the Ballets Russes genre that choreographers such as Leonide Massine and David Lichine made their own. For one thing, it is not set to Strauss or Offenbach but to Joseph

Lanner, and for another it has a very unusual delicacy of feeling to it. It is a gem, a lily token of Vienna's post-Biedermeier period when the bourgeoisie was finding its own elegance. The music is charming—it has a faded period suggestion of the past, a scent of old lavender and a feel for old lace. Once again, the thing that is so impressive about Mr. Jooss's choreography is his remarkable sense of construction, the motor action of the dances, those knobby thrusts of force. It is all so original. Interestingly, the Joffrey company quite naturally dances the ballet, as it does all the Jooss repertoire where appropriate, on point, whereas, of course, the ballets were originally conceived for soft shoes. However, the character of the choreography is not changed by one whit, because it was the form of the dances that counted, not the detail.

The company gives "A Ball in Old Vienna" with great and confident style. Gary Christy is surprisingly effective as a somewhat epicurean dancing master (unrecognizable, in fact, from his usual image), and as the two pairs of lovers, Denise Jackson with Kevin McKenzie and Jan Hanniford with Paul Sutherland, dance with suave abandon. One notices in passing that such success in the unknown in the Jooss vocabulary—are now acceptable, but, as I am sure Mr. Jooss understands, to change is to survive.

That marvelous glance at European social life in the mid-1930's, "The Big City," with William Whitener, Chabriel Arthur and Robert Thomas, has already been reviewed this season. The last part of the program was "The Green Table," the ballet that first made Mr. Jooss's reputation and has ever since round his neck like a friendly albatross. Christian Holder played Death with a new authority—he has always been good; here he was rather more than good. This is developing into one of the best performances the role has ever had.

Robert Thomas did well as the Standard Bearer, and Mr. Christy and Diana Cartier were both exceptional as the Profiteur and the Guerrilla Woman. At the end of the performance, Mr. Jooss stepped on stage for a standing ovation. His has been a great record, and this program is a wonderful testament to Mr. Joffrey's taste and the catholicity of his repertory.

NEW YORK CITY OPERA

Table listing opera performances including Madama Butterfly, La Boheme, and The Daughter of the Regiment.

CHARGE! ORDER TICKETS BY PHONE WITH MAJOR CREDIT CARDS

NEW YORK STATE THEATER, LINCOLN CENTER / TR7-4727

"I HOPE IT RUNS FOREVER!"

TUSCALOOSA CALLING ME

THE NEW YORK MUSICAL. Tonight 7:30 & 10:10, Wed. 8 & 10:10, Thurs. 7:30 & 10:10.

2 PREVIEWS TODAY, 2 & 8 SEATS AVAILABLE

The New 20th Anniversary Production The World's Greatest Musical. IAN RICHARDSON CHRISTINE ANDREAS GEORGE ROSE ROBERT COOTE.

ST. JAMES THEATRE, 44th St. West of 5th

Vanessa Redgrave, Pat Hingle, John Heffernan. The Lady from the Sea. TODAY at 2 & 8 • SUN. at 3.

THE MET. Today, 2:30-5:05. ARIADNE AUF NAXOS. Standing Room Only.

LET MY PEOPLE COME. A SEXUAL MUSICAL. Tonight 7:30-10:15 & SUN. 3-7:30.

THE BIGGEST COMEDY HIT EVER! "A SMASH HIT. A COMIC MASTERPIECE."

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR. MOROSCO THEATRE 212 WEST 61ST STREET/246-6230.

The Joffrey is a time for joy. Today at 2:00. Face Dancers, Pas des Deuxes, N.Y. Export, Op Jazz.

THE FRED BENJAMIN DANCE COMPANY. TWO PERFORMANCES ONLY! TONIGHT at 8 P.M. TOM'W at 5 P.M.

LAST WEEKS! GODSPELL. PROMENADE THEATRE. 57th St. at 7th Ave.

EDEN. Best New Play! TODAY 3:30 & 8:30. SUN. 2:30 & 7:30.

George Feyer at the piano. Delightful dinner plus... The Stanhope.

"VACATION SUGGESTIONS". Resort hotels, tourist areas, and travel agents offer many excellent vacation suggestions.

OFF-BROADWAY. "IT IS ONE OF THE MOST DIFFICULT WORKS EVER ATTEMPTED BY THE FESTIVAL AND IS TO BE REPRODUCED."

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

DANCE THEATRE OF... TODAY at 8. Concerto Dances, Op Jazz.

NEW YORK PHILHARMONIC. At Avery Fisher Hall, Li.

GOING OUT Guide. The Yueh Lung Shadow Theater.

Saucer SPIRITS. We've got 21 Shaky's Pizzeria.

Charley O. "Dumbest damn thing ever did in my life was cut my Merciful Sunday Bru."

FLYING SAUCERS ARE FOR REAL. SEE FOR YOURSELF.

I'M A BELIEVER BUT SKEPTICAL. I'm flying saucers don't fly.

THE MAIL BAG, INC. 447 West 111th St., Oceanville, N.Y. 11872.

THE MAIL BAG, INC. 447 West 111th St., Oceanville, N.Y. 11872.

GOING OUT Guide

HAND DOWN The Yueh Lung Shadow Theater, a local unit that gives traditional Chinese shadow-puppet plays for mature audiences.

OPENING UP Oscar Brand, the folk singer, is appearing this afternoon at 2 with the Queens Symphony Orchestra.

SCREENINGS A special showing at 10 A.M. today of "Grey Gardens," currently at the Paris Theater.

INGING BACK Philip Klinge is a young historian saluting the Bicentennial in his own way.

BOROUGHING IN One classroom session and five subsequent bus tours in weeks to come covering high points

BROADWAY

LE BELLYBLITTON. A new musical by Scott Manfield. Tonight 7:30 & 10:10, Wed. 8 & 10:10, Thurs. 7:30 & 10:10.

KATHARINE HEPBURN IS PERFECTLY REMARKABLE. KATHARINE HEPBURN IS PERFECTLY REMARKABLE.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

1975 TONY AWARDS

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

OFF-BROADWAY

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.

THE NORMAN CONQUESTS. HE MAKES LOVE—NOT WAR.











IAN PROGRAM D INADEQUATE

ty Measures Called ful by Bankers but II Short of Needs

MIC ILLS NOTED

of Moves on the Lira ted When Trading umes on Monday

ALVIN SHUSTER

March 19—The new measures announced by the Italian Government described by bankers and experts today as useful though not adequate in dealing with the ills of Italy's wages, low production, government spending and public debt were the problems cited by analysts as remaining at the core of the difficulties here, one expert said.

er the austerity measures are enough to stop the lira remains to be seen. The currency has more than 25 percent of the dollar in the last six months, generating an inflation rate of political and economic crisis.

national holiday was observed in Italy. The lira improved slightly before the markets closed on Monday. The lira closed at 875 per dollar yesterday, just higher than the record of 888 recorded last week.

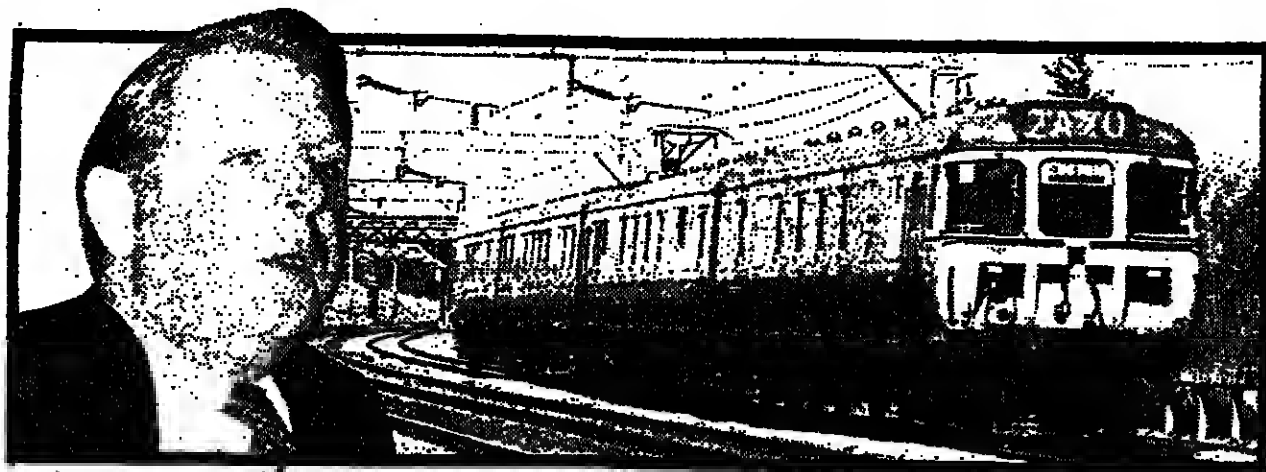
Government officials said the next steps to deal with the economic crisis would be an assessment of the lira's position and a decision on whether to devalue it.

Basic Problems has really hurt the economy. The political situation is unstable and the government is unable to solve the basic problems.

Upheaval Began Monday A Belgian banker said that the mark must be revalued upward or the weaker currencies in the joint European monetary float would have to be devalued.

The present upheaval in money markets was precipitated Monday when France withdrew from the joint monetary agreement, an arrangement whereby several European currencies float jointly against the dollar.

French Meeting Held PARIS, March 19 (UPI)—Finance Minister Jean-Pierre Godeaux said today that the French Government said it could no longer spend its



Sir Richard Marsh, chairman of British Railways, quit his post

Britain's Nationalized Industries in Turmoil

By PETER T. KILBORN

LONDON, March 19—Britain's nationalized industries, most of which the Government took over to protect consumers and workers from industrial abuse, are in turmoil.

Labor problems within the companies, ironically, are among the severest in Britain. Consumers are angry because the prices Government-owned companies charge are rising far faster than those of private industry.

The men who run the companies have been accusing the Government of massive interference. This week, one of them, the chairman of the giant British Steel Corporation, lost his job, and the head of British Railways resigned his.

Meanwhile, the Government has been hard put to find successors. More often than not, they are men approaching retirement age in private industry who take the jobs as an act of public service.

er's annual wages and which contributed heavily to the growth of Britain's national debt, estimated to have been \$23 billion for the fiscal year that ends this month.

As a result, prices of gas, electricity, telephone calls, postage stamps, bus fares and air fares have been rising, sometimes every three or four months and usually at rates exceeding that of British inflation, now running at about 15 percent a year.

Next week, British Railways, which despite its subsidy is still under pressure, will be the next to go.

Continued on Page 39, Column 5



Sir Montague Finniston of the giant British Steel Corporation was relieved as its chairman

Money Markets Quieter; Mark Continues to Rise

BRUSSELS, March 19 (UPI)—Speculation aimed at the revaluation of the German mark kept the dollar at an eight-month low in Frankfurt today, with intervention by the West German central bank preventing a further drop.

Dealers said money markets had quieted down some from hectic sessions earlier in the week but speculative pressures continued to push up the mark.

The dollar rose on other exchanges. In Zurich it advanced from 2.5320 francs to 2.5355, in Paris from 4.7050 francs to 4.7170, and in Amsterdam from 2.6950 guilders to 2.6960.

The price of gold fell 75 cents in London, closing at \$133.75, and in Zurich it was down from \$134.37 to \$133.62.

Labor in Germany To Get Bigger Role In Company Affairs

By PAUL KEMEZIS

BONN, March 19—West German labor leaders, after 25 years of fighting for full voting equality with shareholders on company boards, have settled for less with both anger and satisfaction.

A long-debated bill, which passed through the lower house of Parliament Thursday, raises their participation on the supervisory boards of major companies from the present one-third to nearly one-half.

The Krafftco disclosure was made in an 8-K form filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission, while the Pfizer

KRAFFTCO, PFIZER REPORT PAYMENTS

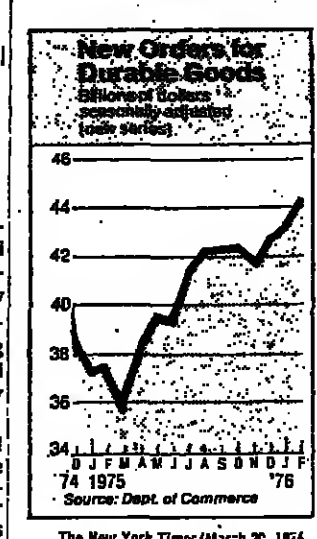
Disciplinary Actions Cited—Companies Deny Top Aides Knew of Outlays

By REGINALD STUART

The use of corporate funds domestically and abroad for unauthorized purposes was reported yesterday by the Krafftco Corporation, the nation's leading producer of processed packaged foods.

Continued on Page 43, Column 6

Orders Up by 2.4% For Durable Goods



The New York Times/March 20, 1976

Corporation Profits Show 2.3% Rise

WASHINGTON, March 19 (UPI)—New orders received by manufacturers of durable goods rose 2.4 percent in February over the level in the preceding month, the Commerce Department reported today.

The department also reported that corporate profits in the last three months of 1975 rose 2.3 percent over the third-quarter level to the highest point in more than a year.

It was the eleventh consecutive month that new orders have increased following the recession, which touched bottom in April, the department said.

In terms of dollars, the 2.4 percent rise translated into a \$1.03 billion increase, which put new orders at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$44.3 billion.

Continued on Page 41, Column 1

Market Mixed as Trading Falls to 2d Slowest of '76

By DOUGLAS W. CRAIG

Stock prices were mixed in lackluster trading yesterday. Investors appeared to shrug off, or had already discounted, several positive economic reports. On the heels of a 6.14-point drop in the Dow Jones average of 30 industrial issues on Thursday, the market opened still lower yesterday. The list recovered somewhat from its weak opening by noon, slipped again in the early afternoon and wound up, as measured by the Dow index, unchanged on the day at 979.85.

Beyond the Dow industrial average, however, the market closed with more losses than gains in the slow pace. Volume, at 18.09 million shares, was the second lowest of the year—the slowest day of 1976 so far was Jan. 2 when turnover was 10.3 million shares. Thursday's volume was 20.33 million shares.

Total Volume Listed The volume of trading in all issues listed on the New York Stock Exchange, including transactions on regional exchanges and in the over-the-counter, or so-called "third" market, was 21.59 million shares, compared with 24.21 million traded on the previous day.

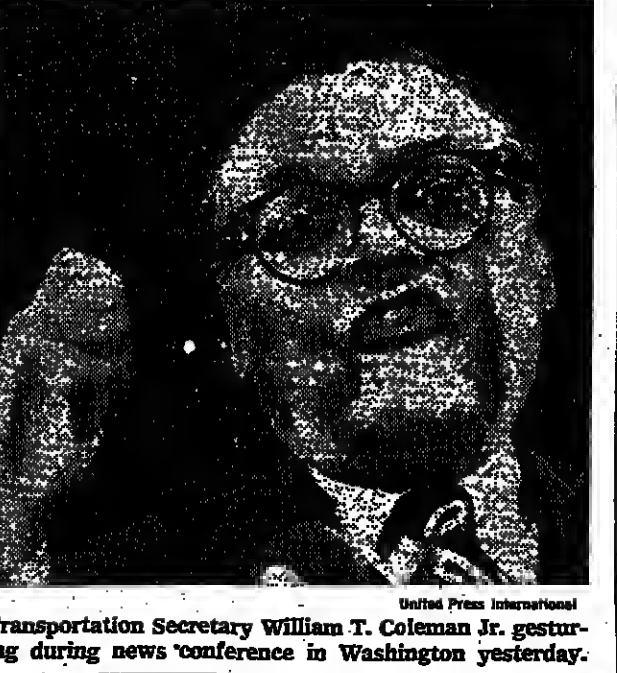
Of the 1,861 issues traded yesterday, 731 were lower at the close, 689 advanced and 441 were unchanged. There were 36 new 1976 highs and 14 new lows for the year.

News from Washington, that the consumer price index in February edged up 0.1 percent, the smallest month-to-month increase since September 1971; that durable goods orders moved up by 2.4 percent last month; and, from the Conference Board, in New York, that

Market Profile table showing volume, issues traded, and index changes.

Coleman Demands Rail Accord

WASHINGTON, March 19 (UPI)—Transportation Secretary William T. Coleman Jr. today said that two profit-sharing and rail unions have reached agreement on the purchase of almost 100 miles of bankrupt Northeastern railroads.



Transportation Secretary William T. Coleman Jr. gesturing during news conference in Washington yesterday.

Mr. Coleman said he would develop a model contract for the Southern and demanded that an agreement be reached by the Consolidated Corporation, the new stem railroad system scheduled to take over bankrupt railroads April 27.

Mr. Coleman said he had developed a model contract for the Southern and demanded that an agreement be reached by the Consolidated Corporation, the new stem railroad system scheduled to take over bankrupt railroads April 27.

Price Increase Set On Copper Cathode

By GENE SMITH

Major copper companies announced price increases yesterday on cathode products. Asarco Inc., the Anaconda Sales Company, the Inspiration Consolidated Copper Company, the Newmont Mining Corporation, the Phelps Dodge Corporation and the Cities Service Company announced the new prices.

Anaconda made its new price for full sheet copper cathode 68 cents a pound, effective today. That represented an increase of 5 cents a pound.

On March 1 Cities Service rescinded a 3-cent-a-pound increase it had instituted on Feb. 25. The company said it was

Laser System Produces Fibers

By STACY V. JONES

WASHINGTON, March 19—A Massachusetts research and consulting company has developed a laser system for producing flawless, small-diameter, fibers with strengths described as "nearly theoretical."

Patents "nearly theoretical." For example, a single-crystal sapphire fiber has tensile strength in excess of 1.4 million pounds per square inch.

One application being considered by the RCA Corporation is use of a single crystal sapphire stylus, made from sapphire filament by the A.D.L. process, in the RCA home video disk player.



John S. Haggerty of Arthur D. Little Inc. holding two single crystal sapphire crystals grown by a new method. The small crystal is a fiber. The large is a tube.

energy are expected to meet needs in optical, electronic and structural engineering. It is believed that in glass, the process offers high quality, nearly weightless wave guides that can in time replace copper wires in telecommunications. In military aircraft, the fibers should greatly reduce the necessary load.

Officers Are Shifted At Universal Gas

By WILLIAM D. SMITH

The Universal Gas and Oil Company, a majority-owned subsidiary of the beleaguered Maritime Carriers Company, announced yesterday changes in the company's management and board as well as cancellation of orders for nine liquefied natural gas tankers and two offshore drilling rigs.

K. Struve Hensel was named president with duties and responsibilities equivalent to those of his present post as chief executive officer of Maritime Fuel. S. G. Guilden, chairman of the parent company, was named a director of Universal Gas. Gideon Ben-Aaron, Marit Siem and David Meridor have resigned as directors of Universal Gas.



Stock Market Indicators

(The tables for the most active trading, percentage changes, and market diary pertain to the consolidated base for all actively traded issues listed on the New York Stock Exchange and the American Stock Exchange. The market averages, however, are based on the 4 P.M. New York closing prices.)

Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues. Includes tables for N.Y.S.E. Index, S&P Averages, Amex Index, NASDAQ Index, Up-Down Volume, Odd Lot Trading, The Dow Jones Stock Averages, Consolidated Trading Amex Issues, O.T.C. Most Active, Volume by Exchanges, O.T.C. Market Diary, and Market Diary.

Market Place

Caution Urged in Buying Municipals

By ROBERT METZ

New York City's financial crisis has taught investors in municipal securities a grim lesson. The lesson, learned at heavy cost in lost principal, is that municipals are widely disparate in terms of yield and quality. Stoeber Glass & Company of 111 Broadway, a firm specializing in municipal bonds, was asked to construct model portfolios for different investors.

The above portfolio will produce an annual coupon yield of roughly \$2,470 and a total coupon return over the life of the bonds of \$24,678. At maturity, when redeemed at par, the bonds will be worth \$18,536.20 more than the purchaser paid for them.

WYLY STOCK PLAN BACKED BY BOARD

Recapitalization Move Will Give Haefner 45% Stake

The Wyly Corporation, a Dallas-based communications and computer company, said yesterday that its board had approved in principle a recapitalization plan that would, if completed, result in ownership of 45 percent of the common stock by Walter Haefner, holding 49 percent of the company's stock.

Haefner transaction is conditional upon 90 percent of these noteholders making the exchange.

The plan could mean delisting of the Wyly stock on the New York Stock Exchange because the Big Board has a ruling against companies with non-voting common shares. Wyly said that Haefner would not see representation on the corporation's board and that the Swiss concern's interest was solely as an investor.

THE DINES LETTER asks ... GOLD AGAIN?

Mr. Dines now believes Golds have hit Bottom.

The recent monetary meetings of Roubini and Jamila were widely hailed as a new monetary system that "replaced the Bretton Woods System" established in 1944. Less than a month had elapsed in 1976 when the Spanish peseta was devalued 16% against the Italian lira was withdrawn, and the French franc was devalued against the German mark.

Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Lists various stocks like Amgen, Amgen, Amgen, etc.

Mr. Dines now believes Golds have hit Bottom.

The recent monetary meetings of Roubini and Jamila were widely hailed as a new monetary system that "replaced the Bretton Woods System" established in 1944. Less than a month had elapsed in 1976 when the Spanish peseta was devalued 16% against the Italian lira was withdrawn, and the French franc was devalued against the German mark.

Table with columns: Stock Name, Price, Change, % Change. Lists various stocks like Amgen, Amgen, Amgen, etc.

Which of YOUR stocks are now working AGAINST you?

Just for example, Value Line currently rates HALF this "portfolio" as likely to give worse-than-average price performance in the year ahead. (Value Line Survey, February 20, 1976.) Which five stocks do you think may be the "enemies within"?

AMER. TEL & TEL KLM ROYAL DUTCH COCA COLA DISNEY POLAROID EASTMAN KODAK SEARS ROEBUCK FIRESTONE WOOLWORTH

These are all excellent companies, but don't confuse a company with its stock. If five of the stocks were liquidated, we'd give this "portfolio" a much bigger chance of achieving better than average performance in the next 12 months.

Ranking 1600 Stocks. Every week of the year, The Value Line Investment Survey, using computer-based programs developed over years of testing, ranks 1600 stocks—each relative to all the others—for Probable Market Performance in the Next 12 Months, as follows:

100 of the 1600 stocks are ranked 1 (Highest) 300 of the 1600 are ranked 2 (Above Average) 800 are ranked 3 (Average) 100 are ranked 4 (Below Average) 100 are ranked 5 (Lowest)

Getting Better Odds. Not every stock will perform in accordance with its rank in every 12-month span, but such a high percentage of stocks have performed in accordance with the Value Line ranks in the past for reasons that could not be explained by chance that...

ARE YOU A SUCCESSFUL INVESTOR?

Did your investment earn 63% in 1975? We'll tell you. We'll tell you how we did it. We'll tell you how you can do it. We'll tell you how you can do it better.

EVERY WEEK a new SUMMARY OF ADVICES section (24 pages)... showing the current ratings of 1600 stocks for future relative Price Performance and Safety—together with their Estimated Yields and the latest earnings, dividends and P/E data.

EVERY WEEK a new RATINGS & REPORTS section (144 pages)... with full-page analyses of about 125 stocks. During the course of every 13 weeks, new full page reports like this are issued on all 1600 stocks, replacing and updating the previous reports. (It takes but a minute a week to file the new reports in your Value Line binder.)

EVERY WEEK a new SELECTION & OPINION section (4 pages)... with a detailed analysis of an Especially Recommended Stock—plus a wealth of investment background including the Value Line Composite Average of more than 1600 stocks.

PLUS THIS \$35 BONUS... Value Line's complete 1800-page Investors Reference Service (sold separately for \$35), with our latest full-page reports on all stocks under review—fully indexed for your immediate reference.

AND THIS BONUS, TOO... the 64-page booklet, "Investing in Common Stocks," which contains a wealth of information on security analysis and portfolio management.

MONEY BACK GUARANTEE. You take no risk accepting this special offer. If you are not completely satisfied with The Value Line Investment Survey, just return the material you have received within 30 days for a full refund of your subscription.

The Value Line Investment Survey. ARNOLD BERNHARD & CO., INC. • 5 EAST 44th STREET • NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

Continued on Page 37



Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues

Table of stock market data including company names, prices, and trading volumes. Columns include 'Stocks and Div. Sales', 'High', 'Low', 'Last', and 'Net'. Includes sub-sections for 'Continued From Page 36' and 'E-F-G-H'.

Listing of Prices of Commodity Futures

Table listing commodity futures prices for various items like Wheat, Soybean Meal, and Corn. Columns include 'Commodity', 'Month', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', and 'Settle'.

Sugar Futures Up, Limit Rise Shown For French Frée

By ELIZABETH M. FOWLER
Sugar futures rose on the New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange yesterday amid confirmed rumors that China was seeking to buy sugar. May delivery closed at 15.3 cents a pound, up from 15.0 cents. There is no shortage of sugar in the world, since Australia, the Philippines, and the Dominican Republic have large supplies, but a sizable purchase by the Chinese could influence the market to move higher. Traders responded to a Department of Agriculture report on cold storage supplies, pushing the May contract to the daily limit with their buying. May closed at 12.68 cents a pound, up from 12.58 cents, with the limit of 5 points from 12.18. Stocks of frozen french fry potatoes as of March 1 totaled 632 million pounds, compared with 666 million last year. Soybean futures rose seven cents a bushel on the Chicago Board of Trade following a report by the American Soybean Association that farmers would reduce soybean acreage by year almost 10 percent. September contract, a new crop month closed at \$4.98 a bushel up 2 1/2 cents. Wheat showed little change in slow trading. Corn prior moved down a cent a bushel or more despite a purchase by Cargill Inc. of two million bushels of corn, probably for export. The May delivery closed at \$2.72 1/2, down one cent a bushel. Strong prices continued for the March cocoa delivery, the New York Cocoa Exchange where holders of short positions have been slightly squeezed.

To The Investor Who Wants Powerful Leverage With Complete Protection Against Margin Calls And Forced Liquidations

Dividends
Now there's an investment that gives you the spectacular profit potential of commodity futures trading, but without its main drawbacks—the risk of margin calls and forced liquidations. The investment is Commodity Options. They are just recently available to Americans, although they've been traded in England for over 100 years. Commodity Options Give You Powerful Leverage. Depending on the type of commodity option you invest in, your leverage can run two, three, or even four to one. You Gain Virtually Unlimited Profit Potential. In 1974, when sugar moved from 13¢ a pound to 66¢, each penny of the move was worth \$120 to sugar option holders. A \$4500 sugar option would have brought you more than \$51,000 in profits. Yet at the same time, your risk is strictly limited. You can lose the premium you pay for the option—but never a cent more. There can be no margin calls or forced liquidations. There are no interest, storage or maintenance charges. Since there is no margin call to worry about, you also need not worry that adverse short-term moves will force you out of the market. They can't. So you don't have to worry about day-to-day price swings. New Free Booklet Describes Commodity Options in Detail. Commodity options are easy to understand, and can be quite useful in almost any investment program, regardless of your present familiarity with commodities or the futures market. Now there is a special booklet which describes commodity options in clear, non-technical terms, and tells how to use them. It's published by the International Trading Group Ltd., specialists in commodity options. It answers such questions as: What precisely are commodity options and how can you use them? (Includes a Glossary of Terms.) What are the risks and benefits of buying options? How long do options usually run? Which commodities can you buy options for? How do you cash them in? Examples of typical option investments. How can options be used as an inflation hedge? How options can be used to gain tax advantages. A highly attractive special situation that the International Trading Group recommends for immediate action. How to open a Commodity Option Investment Account. For a free copy of our booklet on commodity options, return the coupon today.

The Holt Investment Advisory presents... A Gold Special
Responding to late-breaking developments in Africa, the Holt Investment Advisory has featured on the front page of a current issue an incisive special analysis discussing the impact of the Mozambique-Rhodesian "war" on the price of gold and South African ADR's. Open Interest
Friday, March 19, 1976 (in bags, 1000 per bag)
Introductory Offer
This timely study, giving Holt's latest recommendation on what to do, is yours as a bonus with a 2-month Introductory Subscription to The Holt Investment Advisory (a \$24 value). Just send \$10 with the coupon below.
T.J. Holt & Company, Inc.
277 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y. 10017
Please send me Holt's analysis of the Mozambique-Rhodesian situation as a bonus with my 2-month Introductory Subscription to The Holt Investment Advisory. My \$10 payment is enclosed.
Name
Address
City State Zip
Your subscription not assignable without your consent. 1098

Table of Dividends listing company names, dividend amounts, and dates. Columns include 'Company', 'Dividend', and 'Date'.

Table of Money rates listing various financial instruments and their rates. Columns include 'Instrument', 'Rate', and 'Term'.

Continued on Page 38



Consolidated Trading for N.Y.S.E. Issues

New York Stock Exchange Bond Trading

Table with multiple columns listing various stocks and their trading data, including price, volume, and bid/ask spreads.

WORLD BANK table showing current sales and bid/ask prices for various international bank issues.

U.S. Gov. Bonds table listing government securities with their respective yields and prices.

Other Dom. Bonds table listing domestic corporate bonds.

Foreign Bonds table listing international bonds from various countries.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.

Table with columns for 'Current Sales' and 'Bid/Ask' prices for various bond issues.



Textual content next to the portrait, possibly a bio or commentary on the market.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

Textual content, likely a continuation of the commentary or news.

The New York Times No. 1 in New York in job advertising

Additional text for The New York Times advertisement.

Additional text for The New York Times advertisement.

American Exchange Bond Trading

Table listing American Exchange bond trading data, including various bond issues and their prices.

Closed End Funds

Table listing Closed End Funds with their respective assets, liabilities, and net assets.

Specialized Equity and Convertible Funds

Table listing Specialized Equity and Convertible Funds with their respective assets, liabilities, and net assets.



le and Business
The Gulf Benefits Due Dorsey

Dorsey did not do
when he was
erlier this year
of the Gulf Oil
the scandal in
legal position
contributions by
the company's proxy
stated to stockholders
disclosed that Mr.
ho is 63 years old,
lump-sum payment
\$110 million in retirement
he also will receive
pension of \$48,158.
ion, he will receive
tunity to purchase
ares of Gulf stock
cents below current
rice, although this
urt challenge from
ers. Gulf closed yes-
22 1/2 on the New
k Exchange.



Bob R. Dorsey

mer Gulf chairman
received \$54,000 in
ed vacation pay of
1,615 in 1975 and
nder is for this year.
rsey also is in line
a \$16,330 under a
tock bonus plan un-
Gulf matches one-
e contributions of
icists of the Internal
Service, said that
ting a lump-sum of
\$1.6 million, Mr.
ould have "a very
benefit" because
ent qualifies as a
in.

by dissident shareholders,
had been consolidated into
a single suit seeking to recover
\$10 million in allegedly illegal
foreign payments made
by the company.

Donald T. Regan, chairman
and chief executive, received
salary plus bonuses of \$352,500
last year, the company
reported, up from \$265,000
a year earlier. Roger E. Birk,
president earned \$243,333
last year, Merrill Lynch said,
up from \$145,833 the year
before.

John J. Riccardo, who be-
came chairman of the Chrysler
Corporation Oct. 1, did
not benefit financially last

year from his promotion.
He earned the same \$215,625
in 1975 as he did in 1974,
when he was president for
the full year, according to
a proxy statement mailed to
shareholders yesterday by
the financially ailing com-
pany. Chrysler lost a record
\$260 million in 1975.

The proxy statement also
disclosed that Lynn A. Town-
send, who retired as chair-
man Sept. 30, earned \$177,063
in the nine months com-
pared with \$239,583 in all of
1974.

Eugene A. Caffero, who
succeeded Mr. Riccardo as
president, earned \$181,042,
compared with \$158,958 in
1974, when he was executive
vice president.

The proxy statement
showed that Chrysler paid 51
officers and directors \$3,623,186
last year. In 1974 the
company paid \$3,602,528 to
55 directors and officers.

President Ford yesterday
nominated Robert A. Gerard
as Assistant Secretary of the
Treasury with responsibility
for capital markets and debt
management.

Mr. Gerard, who is 31
years old, has been Deputy
Assistant Secretary for finan-
cial resources policy coordina-
tion since September. If
confirmed by the Senate, he
will succeed Charles A. Cooper,
who resigned in November.

Mr. Gerard was the Treas-
ury's "line officer" respon-
sible for making Federal loans
to New York City during the
city's recent financial crisis.
A Harvard and Columbia
Law School graduate, Mr.
Gerard practiced in Wash-
ington for seven years before
entering Government service
last year.

ALEXANDER R. HAMMER

ITALIAN PROGRAM
HELD INADEQUATE

Continued From Page 35
country in Western Europe
these days is experiencing such
high wage costs. They went
up some 25 percent here last
year alone.

All this, of course, has helped
keep Italian workers ahead of
inflation, which over the last
year totaled about 12 percent.
But costs are rising, once again
and could well bring the deval-
uation rate for this year to more
than 20 percent, particularly
since the cost of imports will
go up following the devalua-
tion.

Factory Output Lags
Industrial production, which
fell about 10 percent last year,
is not expected to surge now.
Some businessmen said today
the credit squeeze would be
particularly difficult for busi-
ness and they noted that the
rise of from 8 to 12 percent
in the bank rate announced
yesterday was unparalleled.

This, in turn, is expected to
bring an early rise in the prime
rate.
The Communist Party, the
second largest in Italy, after
the Christian Democrats, called
the rise in the bank rate "fero-
cious" and said it would result
in an "intolerable burden on
small and medium enterprises."
The Communist Party criticized
the Government for the higher
sales taxes, saying the cost
would be borne by the poorer
classes, and it charged that
the Christian Democrats "lack
an overall vision of the prob-
lems" facing the country.

Through their organization,
Confindustria, industrialists
also criticized the Government
for "serious errors" and the
unions for refusing to moderate
their wage demands. It urged
prompt measures to reduce
public spending and spur ex-
ports.

Loss of Confidence
Several diplomats and econ-
omic experts noted that be-
hind the immediate crisis was
a sudden loss of confidence
in Italy. The pressure against
the lira, for example, began
soon after the two-party coal-
ition Government of Christian
Democrats and Republicans
collapsed in January and the
prospect of elections and the
strengthened Communist Party
stirred a flight of capital from
the country.

The formation of the new
Administration last month, a
weaker Government than its
predecessor, did little to pro-
duce calm. But the European
Economic Community and the
International Monetary Fund have
agreed to lend Italy a total
of \$1.5 billion and the official
foreign-exchange market,
which had been closed for nearly
six weeks, reopened March 1.

Use of Reserves
Some economists think that
the Bank of Italy has been
using too much of its reserves
in recent days to try to prevent
a further drop in the lira. Now
officials are waiting to see
whether the deflationary moves
will stem the tide of money
payments, which had improved
considerably last year, is once
again beginning to worsen.

Given the de facto devalua-
tion of the lira, the deficit is
expected to deteriorate fur-
ther because of the higher cost
of so many imports, including
food, gasoline, copper, wood
and paper and other raw materials.

Apart from all that, the
unions are beginning to show
their restiveness again. They
are now negotiating this year's
contracts and, in an effort to
press their demands for pro-
grammed wage increases, are
measuring to reduce unemploy-
ment, now at about 11 million,
they have called a nationwide
general strike for four hours
next Thursday.

RISE CONTINUES
ON GERMAN MARK

Continued From Page 35
Fourcade held an emergency
meeting with President Valéry
Giscard d'Estaing on the chaotic
European money market to-
day and later said "new trou-
bles" could come in the near
future.
Mr. Fourcade conferred with
the President, Prime Minister
Jacques Chirac and other minis-
ters on monetary and economic
matters, but no details were
disclosed.

Mr. Fourcade later told a
luncheon meeting of the
Foreign Press Association that
finance ministers of the Com-
mon Market nations should
meet in the near future to
show solidarity to Italy, includ-
ing short-term aid for its lire,
which has been battered on
the money markets this week.
"One must try on the Euro-
pean level to put in place
mechanisms more supple and
better coordinated and in the
framework of the international
Monetary Fund to pay more
quickly to stable and adjustable
parities," said Mr. Fourcade,
reaffirming a long-standing de-
mand of France.

WCI-Westinghouse Decision
OTTAWA, March 19 (Reu-
ters)—Donald Jamieson, Can-
ada's Minister of Industry,
Trade and Commerce, said to-
day the Cabinet would decide
next week whether to allow
American-owned WCI Ltd. to
take over the appliance divi-
sion of Westinghouse Canada
Ltd. He will have a final meet-
ing with the parties concerned
before the issue is decided.



Bankers trading lira at the Foreign Exchange in Milan this week

COPPER CATHODE
RAISED IN PRICE

Continued From Page 35
Inced to take that action when
other major producers did not
follow suit.

Asarco noted that copper
quotations on both the London
Metal Exchange and the New
York Commodity Exchange
have increased sharply in the
last few weeks and there has
been a marked increase in con-
sumer demand.

Du Pont Plans Increases
E. I. du Pont de Nemours
and Company said yesterday
that it planned to raise prices
of most grades of its Zytel
nylon resins and Minlon en-
gineering thermoplastic resins
on April 1. Du Pont said that
the price of Zytel 101 resin,
the basic nylon 66 grade, would
rise by 8 cents a pound to \$1.08
a pound for quantities of 40,000
pounds or more. Glass rein-
forced Zytel compositions will
also be raised by 8 cents a
pound and Minlon resins by 4
cents a pound. The increases
average about 6 1/2 percent
across the full product lines.

Zytel and Minlon are used
in the appliance, automotive,
business-equipment, consumer
product, electrical, hardware
and machinery industries.
Reynold C. Macdonald, chair-
man of Interlake Inc., pre-
dicted yesterday that prices of
flat-rolled steel would be in-
creased by \$10 a ton within 90
days. He said after a meeting
of security analysts here that
the higher prices would be set
to cover increased costs.

The Scovill Manufacturing
Company's metals division said
it planned on Monday to
change prices of its copper
alloy brass mill products with
in rising by 48 cents a pound
to \$3.48 and lead by 2 cents
to 21 cents a pound. The com-
pany will also increase the
price it pays customers for
brass turnings.

Big Board Short Interest Drops
As Amex's Shows an Increase

The short interest positions
for the month ended March 15
moved in opposite directions
on the New York Stock Ex-
change and the American Stock
Exchange.

On the New York Stock Ex-
change the short interest
dropped by 110,515 shares from
the previous month to 25,536,763
on March 15. At the same
time the American Stock Ex-
change short interest rose by
464,554 shares in the month to
3,693,582 shares.

A short position arises when
a trader, believing the market
price of a stock will drop,
asks his broker to sell short
for him. The broker borrows
the stock for the trader and
sells it.

The following list shows
some major changes in short
positions on the New York
Stock Exchange.

Table with columns for company name and short interest. Includes companies like Control Data Corp., Control Data Corp., Control Data Corp., etc.

BUILDING BUBBLE
OF BANK BURSTS

National, Southfield, Mich.,
Sees Its Plans Go Awry.

Special to The New York Times
SOUTHFIELD, Mich., March
19—As a hometown financial
institution, The National Bank
of Southfield thought it was
good business and good citizen-
ship to help finance the con-
struction boom that has made
Southfield one of Detroit's fast-
est growing suburbs.

The \$100 million bank, one
of the largest in suburban De-
troit, thought office buildings
were such a good investment
that it invested heavily in one
itself. The space in the \$8 mil-
lion, white six-story building
was 30 per cent occupied by
the bank, with the rest to be
leased to outside tenants.

However, the building busi-
ness has not been successful
for the bank, either as an own-
er or a lender.

In the last two years, things
have become so bad that the
bank recently signed an un-
usual agreement with the Com-
ptroller of the Currency.

Agreement Disclosed
The agreement, disclosed ear-
lier this week in a filing with
the Securities and Exchange
Commission, calls for the bank
to attempt to sell the building,
to raise \$2.5 million in new
capital, and to try to straighten
out its loan portfolio.

And, in a highly unusual
clause, the bank also pledged
that by May it would submit
to Comptroller James E. Smith
the name of a new executive
officer to take charge of the
loan portfolio, now in the
hands of its president, William
Henry.

The S.E.C. filing does not
say what rank the new execu-
tive will have or what will
become of Mr. Henry, the
bank's top executive since its
founding in 1964.

In a prepared statement, the
bank said the agreement with
the comptroller was entered
into voluntarily "and largely
reflected projects that the bank
had instituted prior to entering
into the agreement."

"Of course we have prob-
lems," Mr. Henry, who has been
unavailable for comment, was
quoted as having said, "but
we are working to resolve
them, and there is certainly
no cause for alarm. I hope
this matter is kept in its proper
perspective."

Difficulties for Years
Both the bank and its parent
company, the NBS Financial
Corporation, have been having
difficulties for years, especially
since the Southfield office
market turned sour about three
years ago.

The company has also been
hobbled by its office building,
which until recently was not
producing enough cash to meet
out-of-pocket expenses. Be-
cause of depreciation, the
building, completed in 1973,
is still being carried at a loss.

The structure cost about \$2
million more than expected.
Until recently, when the Com-
ptroller allowed the bank to ab-
sorb the building from a hold-
ing company affiliate, the hold-
ing company was having trou-
ble getting money to pay the
bills. The difficulty arose be-
cause the bank is not allowed
to pay dividends to the holding
company because of the bank's
losses.

The company, which also
owns the National Bank of Royal
Oak, Mich., has about \$150
million in assets and is one
of suburban Detroit's major
bank companies.

Losses on real estate loans
and mobile-home paper and the
continuing drain of the head-
quarters building resulted in
a \$1.3 million loss for the
company in 1974. It had another
loss last year, but the exact
amount will not be known until
the 1975 earnings statement
is released in a few days.

Pointed Questions Asked
For the last two years stock-
holders attending the com-
pany's annual meeting have asked
pointed questions about the
large loans to insiders disclosed
in proxy materials.

Two of the nation's "big
eight" accounting firms—Peat,
Marwick, Mitchell & Company
and Arthur Andersen & Company,
have resigned the N.B.S.
financial account in the last
two years. The account is now
handled by a local accounting
firm.

Last year, the proxy state-
ment disclosed that the bank
apparently lost money on a
loan to a real estate company
owned by Mr. Henry, the presi-
dent. Mr. Henry said it had
been a "paper" transaction.
Because of N.B.S. Financial's
problems and Mr. Kerr's finan-
cial difficulties, the bank's di-
rectors have been looking for
potential purchasers.

SARE MIXED
LOW TRADING

Continued From Page 35
turnover of 334,900

da was followed on
list by General Mo-
% at 66%, on a vol-
209,400 shares. The
ce Board's consumer
to showed a rise in the
of families in the
ates who are planning
automobiles. American
added a fraction but
Chrysler closed frac-
tional.

de the fractional price-
ing, Arthur G. McKee
any closed with a gain
it 30. On Thursday the
r, which provides engi-
and construction serv-
basic industries, de-
two-for-one stock split
ed its quarterly divi-
45 cents a share from
a share.

solidation Front
ere on the consolida-
ion, White Motor was
traded and added al-
l point at 8%. The
department on Thurs-
it would not attempt
all a proposed merger
e Motor and White
ted Industries. The
sed fractionally lower

the Chicago-based
company that controls
ery Ward & Company
Container Corporation
ca, closed with a gain
t 31%. The company's
on Thursday turned
proposal from Mohil
rainin to obtain full
f Marcor, Mohil, which
ed 84 percent of Mar-
fractionally ahead at

ort of improved earn-
ier this week appeared
National Presto a lift-
k closed with one of
kter gains, up 3 1/2.

BERS SHIFTED
UNIVERSAL GAS

Continued From Page 35

an agreement, with
tions Navales et Indus-
de la Méditerranée de
e of France under which
each company would
possession of a liqui-
dual gas carrier under
tion that that company's
1. Universel said it ex-
a loss of about \$1 mil-
er all payments were
out that it had already
visions to cover this

rsal said it had also
ted two contracts with
lehem Steel Corpora-
ch for the construction
9-foot jack-up offshore
rig at Bethlehem's
ut, Tex. shipyard.

hem has claimed can-
n damages of about \$10
a rig, but Universal com-
s maximum liability on
omissions is only \$250,
each rig.

tockholder suit was filed
them District Federal
for the state of New
t charges that the com-
1972 public offering was
r the purposes stated
respectively.

Patents: Laser System
Creates Sapphire Fibers

Continued From Page 35

laser beam at a precise spot
on the surface of a video
disk, was patented this week
for M.C.A. Disco-Vision Inc.,
Universal City, Calif. Sound
and pictures are recorded on
video disks for reproduction
in the home or elsewhere.

James E. Elliott, senior
staff scientist for the com-
pany, was granted Patent
3,944,727. He says the inven-
tion makes the optical video
disk a practical reality. Use
on an optical player elimi-
nates the need for a stylus
to make physical contact
with a grooved disk, and
there will never be any pic-
ture degradation due to
wear.

Error detecting systems
for optical video playback
devices, it is said, required
illumination available only
through a heavy, dangerous,
expensive laser, impractical
for home use. The beam-
steering element covered by
the patent permits use of a
lightweight, safe laser, using
only one-thousandth of a
watt.

The invention is to be an
integral part of a player
with which M.C.A. and the
North American Philips Com-
pany plan to make user tests
next December.

Color Image Generator
A computer-controlled
image generator can be used
to create color pictures for
teaching children, training
drivers, pilots, or medical stud-
ents, or to help architects
design new buildings.

Patent 3,944,547 was
granted this week to Ronald
J. Swallow of the Human Re-
sources Research Organization,
Alexandria, Va. In Dr.
Swallow's invention only the
three-dimensional coordinates
of an object are stored.
These can be used to create
an unlimited number of two-
dimensional representations
of the object, which can be
viewed from different per-
spectives and with variations
in color, brightness and
shading.

Pact Between Chessie, Southern
And Unions Sought by Coleman

Continued From Page 35

ern said his company would
consider Mr. Coleman's propo-
sal and make a decision by
Monday.

The Chessie purchase would
involve most of the Erie Lack-
awanna Railway and the Reading
Railroad plus Penn Central
lines in West Virginia. This
purchase was assigned to give
Conrail competition in the
Pennsylvania and New York
areas.

Mr. Coleman announced that
the Chessie and the unions had
agreed to resume negotiations
at 10 A.M. today in Baltimore
and continue around the
clock. He said some agreement
must be reached by March 27
in the Chessie case.

The major snag in the nego-
tiations has been whether the
unions will give up some of
the rights and pay they re-
ceived from the bankrupt lines.
The Chessie and the Southern
said they could not agree to
old contract provisions that
their own employees did not
receive.

Completion of Plan Urged
in Albany, the New York

British Nationalized Industries
Displace Labor and Consumer

Continued From Page 35

have been complaining about
increases in the prices of
Government services, and in-
deed, those increases are
now a major cause of their
shrinking real income.

Workers, meanwhile, have
been striking unofficially, not
for higher pay this time, but
to preserve the jobs that the
Government industry man-
agers are trying to re-
duce to make their compa-
nies more efficient. British
Steel, for example, wants to
cut more than 40,000 men
from its work force of 220,000.

For Sir Montague Finnis-
ton, chairman of British
Steel, it has been a difficult
year. The reason, he has
charged widely and often an-
grily, is that the Government
ministers who on one hand
are withdrawing the sub-
sidies are, on the other, press-
ing him to go slow with
laying off the workers.

Sir Montague's major
interference in his charges of
management decisions pro-
voked Industry Minister Eric
Varley to refuse to renew
his contract, which expires
in September. Mr. Varley
bired a 62-year-old banker,
Sir Charles Villiers, to re-
place him.

At British Rail, Sir Richard
Marsh, who at 48 is the
youngest of nationalized in-
dustry chiefs, announced that
he was quitting. He, too,
had been at odds with the
Government over interfe-
rence.

Meanwhile, few other qual-
ified men in Britain are will-
ing to take such jobs. The
pay repels many. The salaries
of most of the Government
company heads are less than
\$50,000 a year, half what
they could get in private
industry. Government inter-
ference frightens off many
others.

"This," an official in Mr.
Varley's department said, "is
a very great problem, and the
Government has found no so-
lution to it."

Shearson Fined \$10,000

Shearson Hayden Stone Inc.,
the brokerage firm, reported to
the Securities and Exchange
Commission yesterday that it
had been fined \$10,000 by the
Chicago Board Options Ex-
change. The company said the
fine was paid with its consent,
although it did not admit or
deny the exchange's charge
that it violated rules dealing
with the opening of new ac-
counts to trade in options.

Highs and Lows
Friday, March 19, 1976

Table with columns for company names and stock prices. Includes companies like Am Stand, Chicago, Eddie Mfg, Kennecott, etc.



American Stock Exchange Transactions: Consolidated Summary of Yesterday's Trading

Main table containing stock transactions with columns for stock name, price, volume, and exchange. Includes sub-sections for American Exchange Options and Chicago Board Options Exchange.

Uniquely identified, rates of dividends in the form of quarterly or semi-annual payments... (Detailed text regarding dividend information and stock exchange rules)

Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom of the page.



ORDERS RISE FOR MONTH

ued From Page 35 \$1 million, to \$113.2... department estimated profits after taxes for a quarter of last year...

Business Briefs

T.W.A. to Seek Another 2% Fare Rise Trans World Airlines announced yesterday that it planned to file a petition with the Civil Aeronautics Board...

Chrysler Adding to Vehicle Output Special to The New York Times DETROIT, March 19—The Chrysler Corporation said today that it was adding 32,700 units to its second-quarter current truck production schedules...

Big Dow Investment in Yugoslavia BELGRADE, Yugoslavia, March 19 (UPI)—United States officials said today that the Dow Chemical Company's investment of about \$750 million for construction of a petrochemical complex was the biggest American investment to date in Yugoslavia...

Purpose Funds

ended March 19, 1976 a weekly listing of the asset value available to the trustee of each fund...

ADVANCE NARROW FOR AMEX INDEX

Trading Volume Off—OTC Issues Register Decline

Despite some favorable economic news, prices on the American Stock Exchange and in the over-the-counter market yesterday showed only slight changes.

At the opening, the Labor Department reported that the consumer price index edged up 0.1 percent in February, the smallest advance since September 1971.

Volume of trading in issues listed on the Amex, including transactions on regional exchanges and in the over-the-counter market, dropped to 3.4 million shares from 3.4 million shares on Thursday.

In the counter market, the NASDAQ industrial index slipped 0.17 to 97.19 while the composite index fell 0.1 to 89.54.

Options Trading Declines Option trading on the Amex dropped to 24,860 contracts from 26,565 on Thursday.

Companies Issue Reports on Earnings and Sales

Table with columns for Company Name, 1976, 1975, and various financial metrics like Sales, Net Income, and Earnings Per Share.

Cash Prices

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including Wheat, Corn, Soybeans, and other agricultural products.

Foreign Exchange

Table showing exchange rates for various countries including Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Hong Kong, India, Japan, Korea, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Singapore, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, United Kingdom, and West Germany.

Ex-Lobbyist of Gulf Pleads Not Guilty on Political Gifts

WASHINGTON, March 19 (AP)—Claude C. Wild Jr., former Washington lobbyist for the Gulf Oil Corporation, pleaded not guilty today to charges of agreeing to make illegal corporate political contributions.

er U.S. and Foreign Stock Exchanges

Friday, March 19, 1976

Large table showing stock market data for various regions including Midwest, Pacific, and PEW, with columns for High, Low, Close, and Change.

MONTREAL

Table showing stock market data for Montreal, including various local and international stocks.

FREE AIR-CONDITIONING WITH EVERY NEW SAAB BOUGHT DURING MARCH.



SAAB IT'S WHAT A CAR SHOULD BE. WE BELIEVE A COOL DRIVER IS A SAFE DRIVER.

- List of dealerships for Saab cars across various regions: New York, Huntington, Yonkers, West Orange, New Jersey, Westfield, Connecticut, Ansonia, Fairfield, Stamford, and others.

BOSTON

Table showing stock market data for Boston, including various local and international stocks.

TORONTO

Table showing stock market data for Toronto, including various local and international stocks.

LONDON

Table showing stock market data for London, including various local and international stocks.

BUENOS AIRES

Table showing stock market data for Buenos Aires, including various local and international stocks.

TOKYO

Table showing stock market data for Tokyo, including various local and international stocks.

ZURICH

Table showing stock market data for Zurich, including various local and international stocks.

WHOLESALE ONLY BUYERS WANTS

WHOLESALE ONLY BUYERS WANTS. Dravo Corporation filed with the S.E.C. registration for 600,000 common shares for a public offering next month through underwriters headed by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.



Over-the-Counter Quotations

Quotations supplied through NASDAQ as of 4:00 P.M. Quotes do not include retail markup, markdowns or commissions. Volume represents shares that changed ownership during the day. Figures include only transactions effected by NASDAQ market-makers but may include some duplication where market-makers traded with each other.

Table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, including columns for stock name, bid price, and asked price. Includes sub-sections for 'FRIDAY, MARCH 19, 1976' and 'MUTUAL FUNDS'.

Main table of over-the-counter quotations for various stocks, organized in columns with stock names and prices.

Table titled 'FOREIGN SECURITY' listing various international securities and their prices.

Table titled 'BANKS AND S&L's' listing various banks and savings and loan associations with their respective stock prices.

Table titled 'INSUR' listing various insurance companies and their stock prices.

Table titled 'AUTHORITY BONDS' listing various government-authorized bonds.

Table titled 'United States Government and Agency Bonds' listing various U.S. government and agency bonds.

Table titled 'MUTUAL FUNDS' listing various mutual fund investments and their prices.

Table titled 'Supplementary O-T-C' listing additional over-the-counter securities and their prices.

Table titled 'WORLD BANK BOND' listing World Bank bonds.

Table titled 'OTHER B' listing other miscellaneous bonds and securities.

Handwritten note: '150 من الاصل' (150 of the original)







Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, likely a page number or column identifier.

Real estate listings for the first column, including 'GARDEN CITY', 'HUNTINGTON', and 'MOLLOY'.

Real estate listings for the second column, including 'HUNTINGTON', 'COACH', and 'Sammis'.

Real estate listings for the third column, including 'MASSAPEQUA & VIC', 'BLAICH', and 'WALKER'.

Real estate listings for the fourth column, including 'PORT WASHINGTON SANDS POINT', 'SOUNDS POINT Estates', and 'SANDSPORT'.

Real estate listings for the fifth column, including 'O'ROURKE', 'HEHN', and 'HYDE'.

Handwritten text at the bottom center of the page, possibly a signature or date.



Suffolk 113

receding page... 113

Houses-Nassau-Suffolk 113

VALLEY STREAM EXEC SPILT... 113

Houses-Nassau-Suffolk 114

ATLANTIC BEACH EXEC SPILT... 114

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

THE TIFFANY TOUCH... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

YATES... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

CONTEMP. COL. \$80'S... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

GOINS WEIR SWEENEY... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

MULDOON... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

JENKINS & DUBBS... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

DEED REAL ESTATE... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

STREIB & SON... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

WOLF... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

DOERN... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

ANGELL... 117

Houses-Westchester Co. 117

MATJHENY... 117

Houses-Rockland Co. 129

AMERICAN HERITAGE... 129

AL DESIGN

Builders throughout... 185

9,000 sq ft

of Homes... 285

TOWN

JOUCO... 385

TON-VILLAGE

100 from... 485

Y HOME!

OK and... 585

H TREE

433-8884... 685

VE TRANSFER

To... 785

IT SHOWING

100... 885

WOODEN MINISTERS

Sack... 185

ARMONK

Windmill... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 885

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 185

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 285

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 385

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 485

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 585

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 685

DEED REAL ESTATE

114-499-1800... 785

DEED REAL ESTATE



Real estate listings for various areas including Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

Real estate listings for Hudson County, Essex County, and Bergen County. Includes details on properties, prices, and agents.

BERGEN COUNTY HOMES

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Alpine Vic, Bogert Real Estate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Englewood Cliffs, Spring Buys, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Real estate listings for Bergen County, including properties like Urban Farms, West Gate, and others.

Advertisement for Bergen County Homes, featuring the slogan 'will be featured again tomorrow in these Classified Pages.' Includes a logo and contact information.

Advertisement for Sterling Thompson, a real estate agent. Includes contact information and a list of services.

Advertisement for David Strenz, a real estate agent. Includes contact information and a list of services.

Advertisement for Allsopp, a real estate agent. Includes contact information and a list of services.

Small text at the bottom of the page, possibly a continuation of the real estate listings or a footer.



Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

2 EXCLUSIVE LISTINGS BOTH UNUSUAL CONTEMPORARIES... 203-775-2545

WOOD ASSOCIATES... 122E Madison Ave...

WINDERMERE... A wonderful waterfront estate...

STUCCO HOUSES... We have several beautiful stucco homes...

Cleveland Duple & Arnold... REALTORS... 100 Putnam Ave...

Town & Country... 35 Field Point Rd...

JACK McLAUGHLIN... 1100 104th Ridge Road...

SPRING FAVOR... 1022 Leno Road...

Home M. Deming... 1100 104th Ridge Road...

Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

FREE LISTING... 1740 W/BARNS... 203-775-2545

FINCH ASSOCIATES... 122E Madison Ave...

Gordon Walsh Gallery of Homes... 288 Main St...

PAUL P. DAUK... 137 Westchester Ave...

JACK McLAUGHLIN... 1100 104th Ridge Road...

SPRING FAVOR... 1022 Leno Road...

Home M. Deming... 1100 104th Ridge Road...

SPRING FAVOR... 1022 Leno Road...

Looking to buy a new car?... The New York Times

Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

WATERFRONT... Ideal weekend retreat or year round living...

REALECH... Landmark Bldg, Stamford, Ct...

PROMISED A ROSE GARDEN... A sprawling farm, just shy of 2 acres...

TRUDELL ASSOCIATES... 3018 Washington Blvd...

JO SHERMAN... 290 Riverside Ave...

VILLAGE REALTY... 91 Main Street...

WATER WATER WATER... BOATING! Dramatic Contemporary...

CLAYCRACK 2 BR HOME... Home

Home M. Deming... 1100 104th Ridge Road...

Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

FORMERLY GAME RANCH & SPORTSMAN'S PRESERVE... 2000 ACRE ESTATE...

WINDSOR... 150+ acre country home...

DAMARISCOTTA... 500+ acre estate...

E. HEMPSTEAD COUNTRY HOME... 7 acre country estate...

LYNDHURST... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

ONE OF A KIND! 4 ENCHANTING ACRES... 2000 ACRE ESTATE...

BUCKS COUNTY (UPPER)... Gentleman's Farm...

CORNWALL VICINITY... High wide & handsome...

WINDSOR... 150+ acre country home...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

BEHOLD! 1000+ acre estate... 2000 ACRE ESTATE...

WINDSOR... 150+ acre country home...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

Real Estate Listings - Connecticut

WILLARD... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

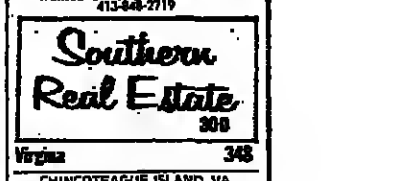
WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...

WARRINGTON... 100+ acre estate...



Apartment, Cottages, Homes, Hunting Cabins, Homes, Ski Lodges

VACATION - LEISURE HOMES

Large advertisement for vacation and leisure homes across various states including Connecticut, Massachusetts, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. Includes listings for waterfront properties, country estates, and vacation homes.























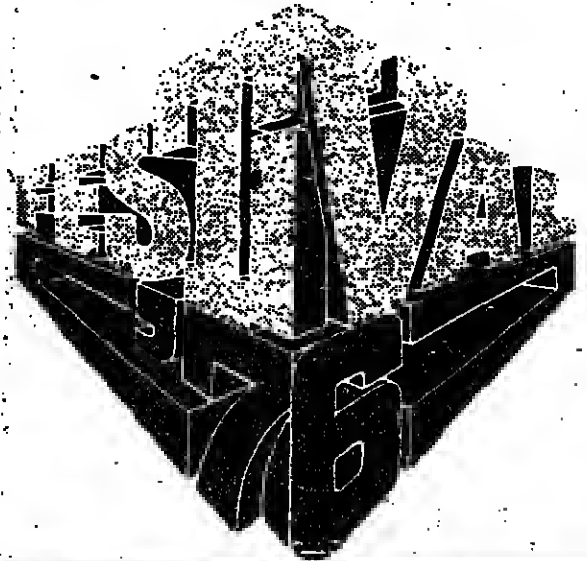




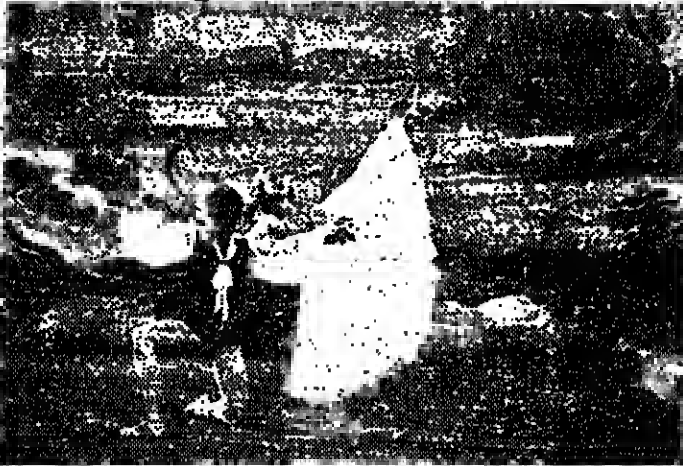




50 من الأصل



# CHANNEL 13 THE RED SHOES



CHANNEL 13 PRESENTS ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL, BELOVED FILMS ALL TIME. A MAGIC MIXTURE OF DANCE, DRAMA AND MUSIC. STARRING MOIRA SHEARER AND ANTON WOLDBROOK.

TONIGHT AT 9:10  
ALSO TODAY  
8:00 AM TO 6:00 PM KIDS' WEEKEND FESTIVAL  
9:00 AM THE ADAMS CHRONICLES  
11:35 PM REGRET NOTHING: EDITH Piaf

REGISTRATION FORM FOR CHANNEL 13 PBS PUBLIC BROADCASTING SERVICE. Includes fields for NAME, STREET & NO., CITY/TOWN, STATE & ZIP.

CAA Regional Finals  
NBC has today's top sports lineup!  
Beginning at 12 noon it's a basketball triple header...  
NBC Sports 4 logo

## TV Review

### 2 BBC Programs on Children on WNET

By JOHN J. O'CONNOR  
Two of the more prominent productions being used to end public television's Festival '76 fund-raising campaign are acquisitions from the British Broadcasting Corporation. Each is the recipient of an International Emmy Award. "The Evacuees," shown on Channel 13 last night, is a drama about two young Jewish brothers in Manchester, England, at the beginning of World War II. "Marek," which will be presented tomorrow at 10:05 P.M., is a documentary about a 7-year-old boy who undergoes heart surgery.

"The Evacuees" was written by Jack Rosenthal and is said to be semi-autobiographical. With England preparing for possible German invasions in 1939, children from the industrial cities were moved to safer locations.

Neville and Danny Miller are taken from the Jewish quarter of Manchester and placed with a middle-aged non-Jewish couple, the Gramms, in the seaside town of St. Anne. Mrs. Graham is a mean-spirited, self-righteous bit of baggage, and the boys are miserable, anxiously looking forward to the occasional visits of their mother.

Given the undeniably grim context, "The Evacuees" turns out to be a surprising combination of wonderful humor and great charm. The youngsters and their friends, especially a determined trouble-maker named Zuckerman, are both brash and vulnerable in delightful measures. One of the brothers, offering a fervent bedtime prayer to the Lord of the Universe, begs for all sorts of terrible things to be visited on the person of Hitler. He pauses, then adds, "The same goes for Mrs. Graham—only double."

The stereotypes are done to perfection. The grandmother of the boys is a passionate mess of traditional chicken-soup concerns. But Mr. Rosenthal goes further, taking the boys and their parents far beyond the standard clichés of the "Jewish quarter." They are expanded to become distinctly British, portraits, terribly complex and moving.

The cast includes Gary Carp, Steven Sernster, Maurice Lipman and Paul Besterman. The names may not be familiar here, but their performances are splendid.

"Marek" represents something of a problem at least for this reviewer. The documentary begins 10 days before Marek, a heartbreakingly fragile and sensitive youngster, is to be operated on for a heart defect.

Evidently, the film was being prepared as an example of how this type of heart surgery has become routine and how the vast majority of child patients make a quick recovery. Unfortunately, Marek did not recover. He died nearly 24 hours after surgery.

This fact is disclosed by Marek's parents—an Englishwoman and her Polish refugee husband, a tennis player—at the outset of the program. But the documentary is left as a curious project in search of justification.

The child is extremely appealing and his death is a wrenching experience. But the death of any child is similarly affecting. We are told that the parents wanted the film to be shown, but their reasons, apart from understandable grief, are singularly flimsy, running to comments that parents of normal children might better appreciate what they have.

## Television

Table of TV programs including Morning, Afternoon, and Evening slots. Lists channel numbers and program titles.

Table of Cable TV channels and programs. Lists channel numbers and program titles.

## Radio

Table of radio programs including Morning, Afternoon, and Evening slots. Lists station call letters and program titles.

Table of News Broadcasts listing various news programs and their respective stations.



